

# The 54th Research Institute of China Electronics Technology Group Corporation



Lu Yu /Geng Hujun  
Email:luyucti@hotmail.com  
[www.cti.ac.cn/en](http://www.cti.ac.cn/en)  
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# CETC54 Profile

- One of the Institute of CETC
- Founded in 1952, over 8000 employees
- Leading organization in Electronics SE /SI & Turn key
- Project in China



# CETC54- Business Scope

System provider in following area

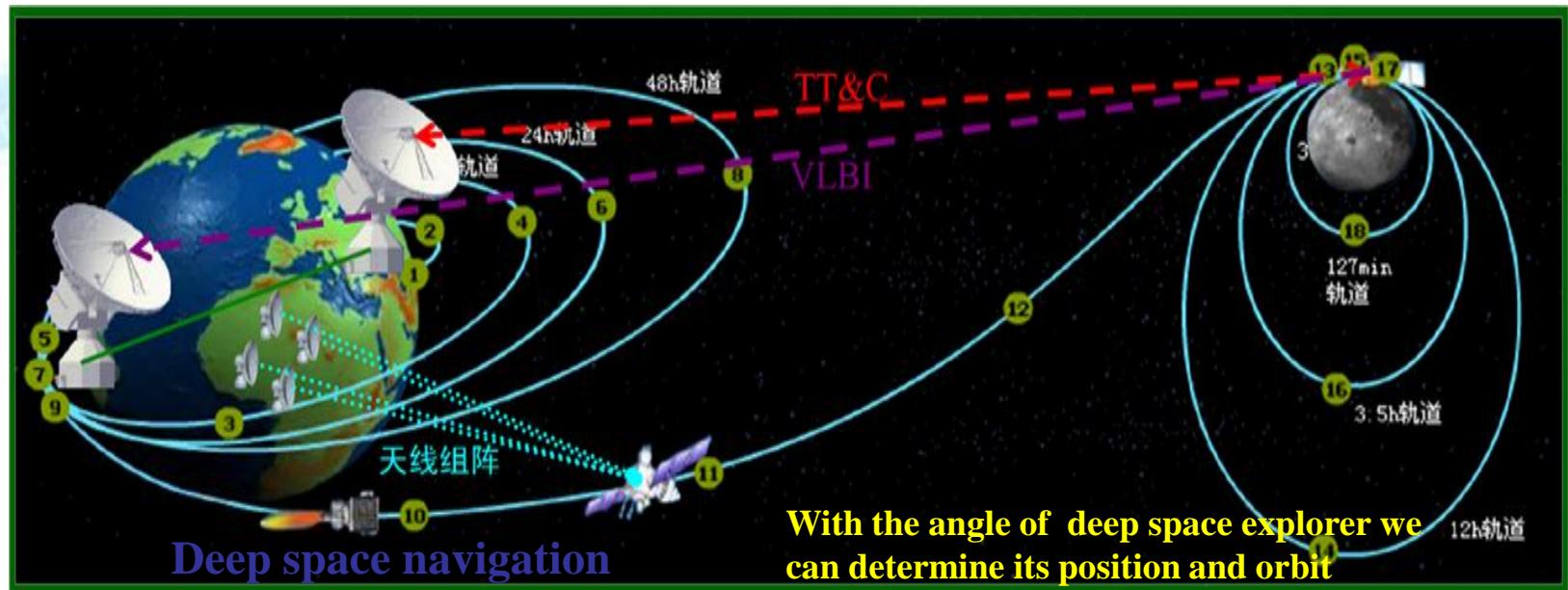
- SATCom Communication
- Aerospace Telecontrol
- Public Security
- Radio Spectrum Monitoring
- Navigation and Positioning
- Antenna and servo system

# VLBI'S Application in Chang'E Project

- VLBI's precision of Chang'E Project
- VLBI system of Chang'E Project
- Introduction of other products

“Lunar Exploring Plan of China”

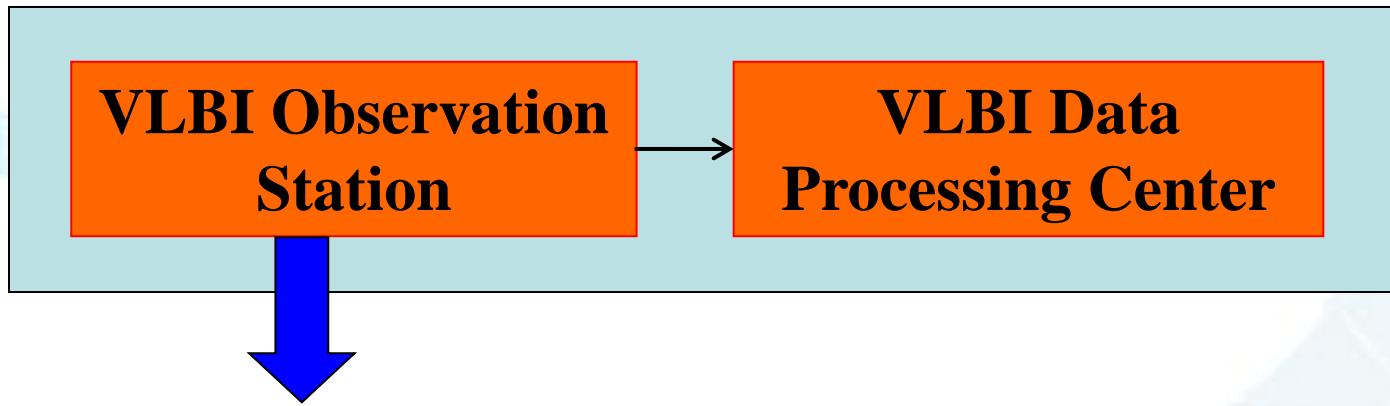
# 1. VLBI precision of Chang'E Project



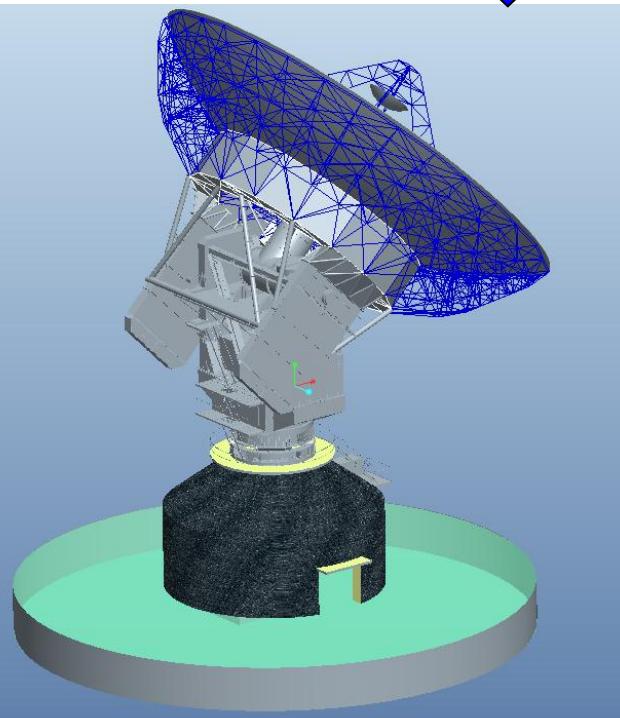
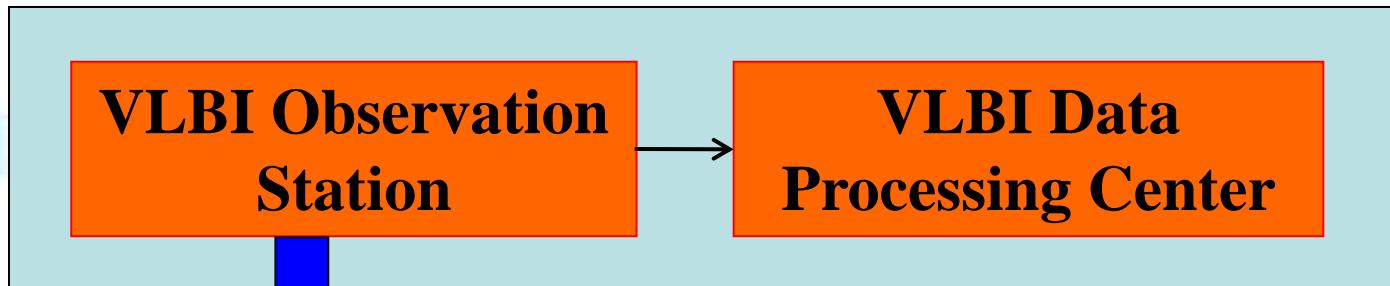
The result of data analysis shows that during the period of earth-moon transfer, circumlunar and lunar-landed, the interferometric accuracy of Chang'E-3 Explorer is 0.75ns, 1.26ns, 0.46ns, respectively. It also indicates the relative position accuracy of Chang'E-3 Lander and Lunar Rover using SBI is at the level of mm.

\*signal bandwidth : 40MHz, 5s integral time

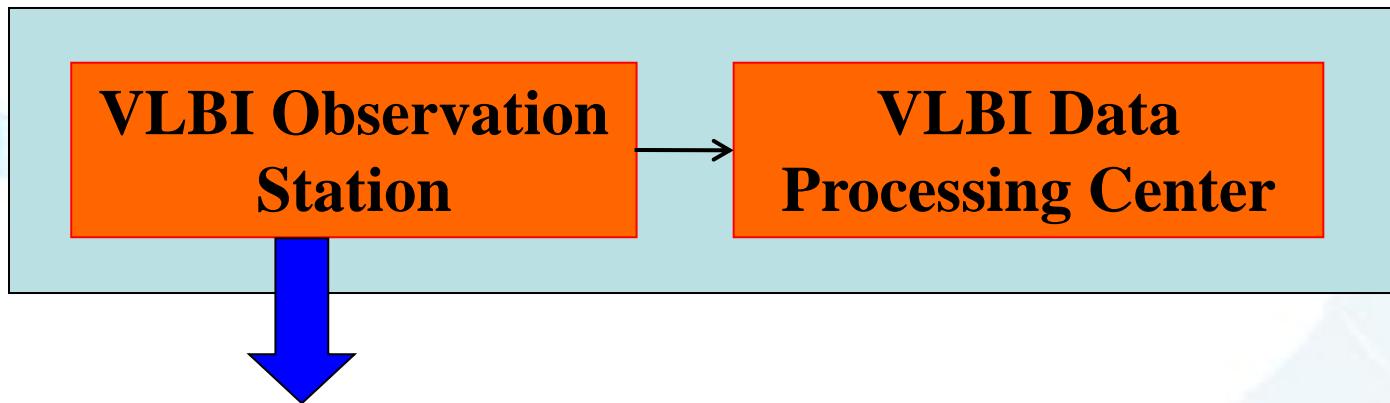
## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



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## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



**Experiences:**

**System Design/EMC Design**

**Equipment: Antenna, Receiver, DBBC and Recorder, Calibration Instruments, etc.**

## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project

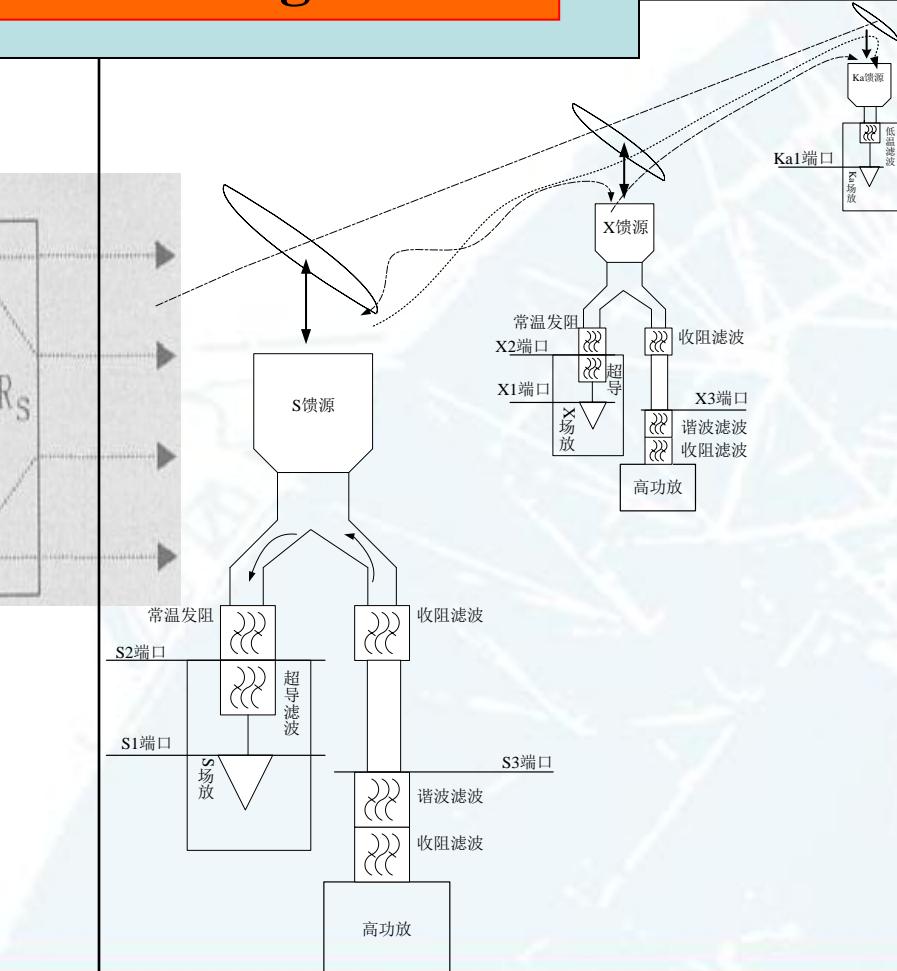
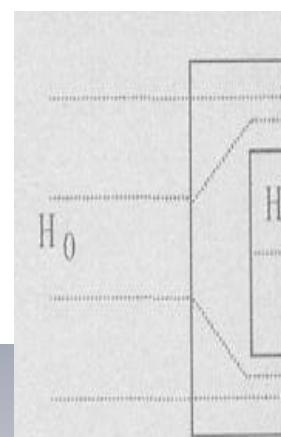
**VLBI Observation Station**

**VLBI Data Processing Center**

### Station EMC design

- Microwave signal
- Magnetism field
- power supply
- ...

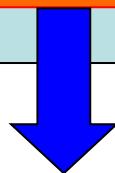
**EMC**



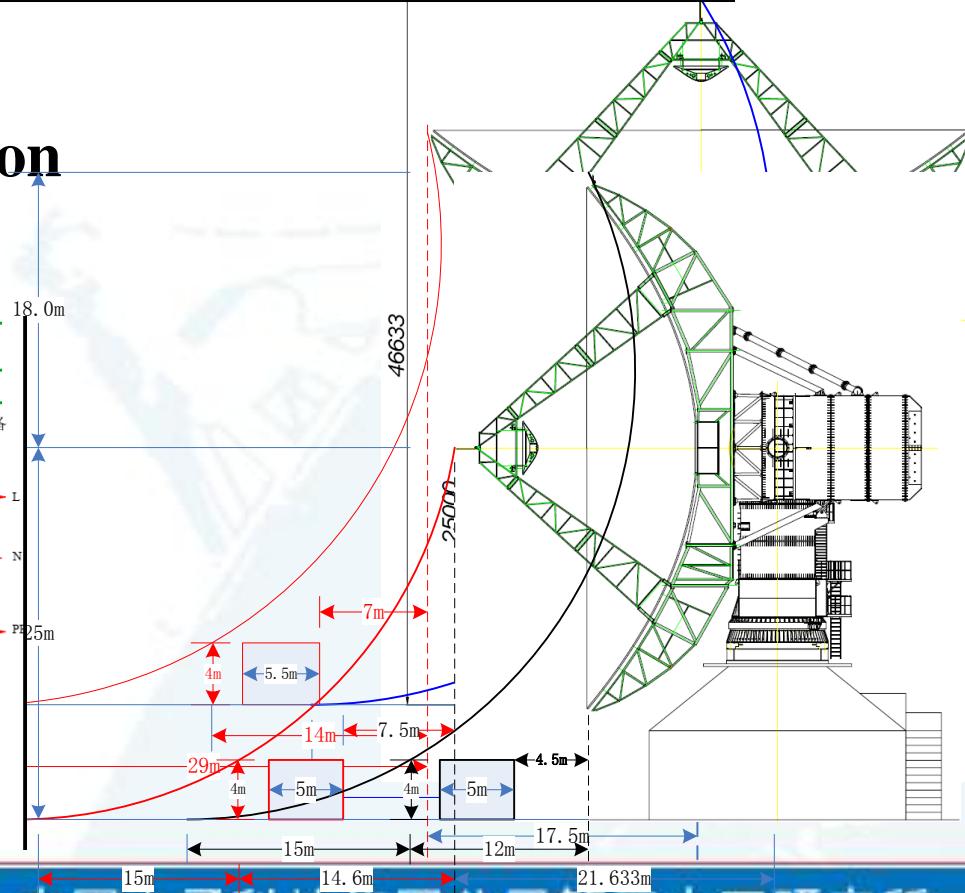
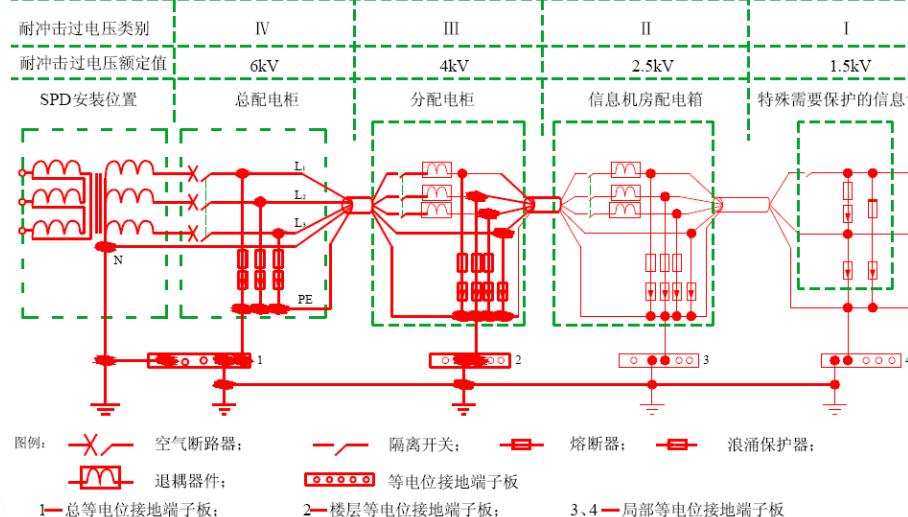
## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project

**VLBI Observation Station**

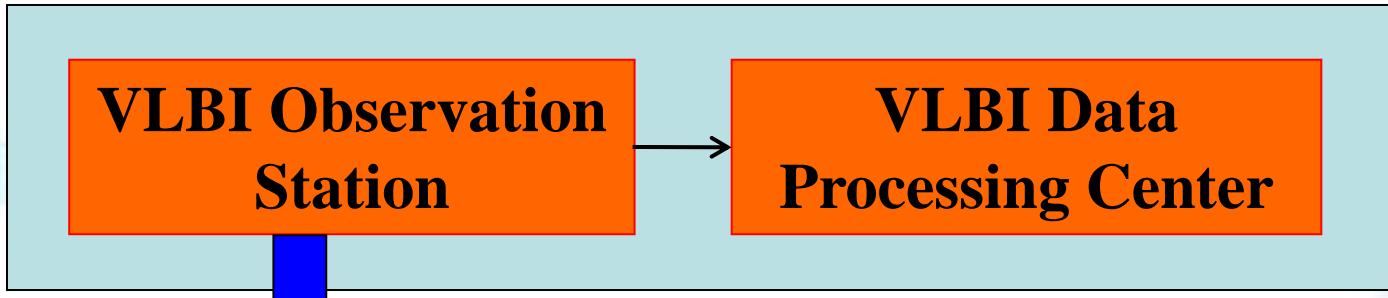
**VLBI Data Processing Center**



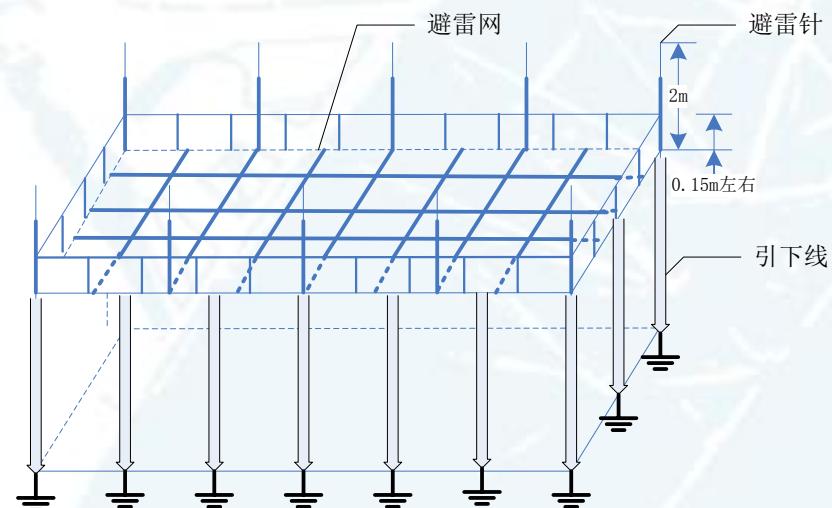
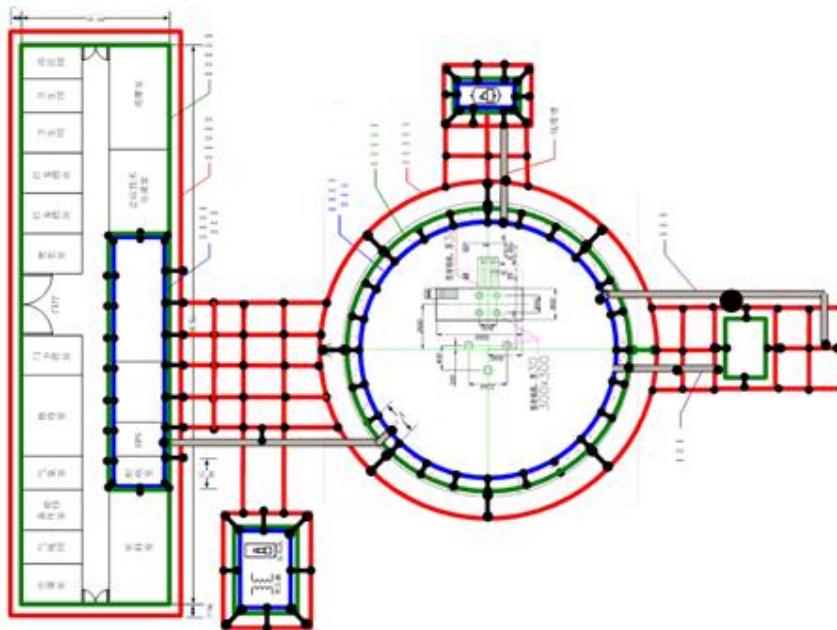
**Lighting protect design of station**



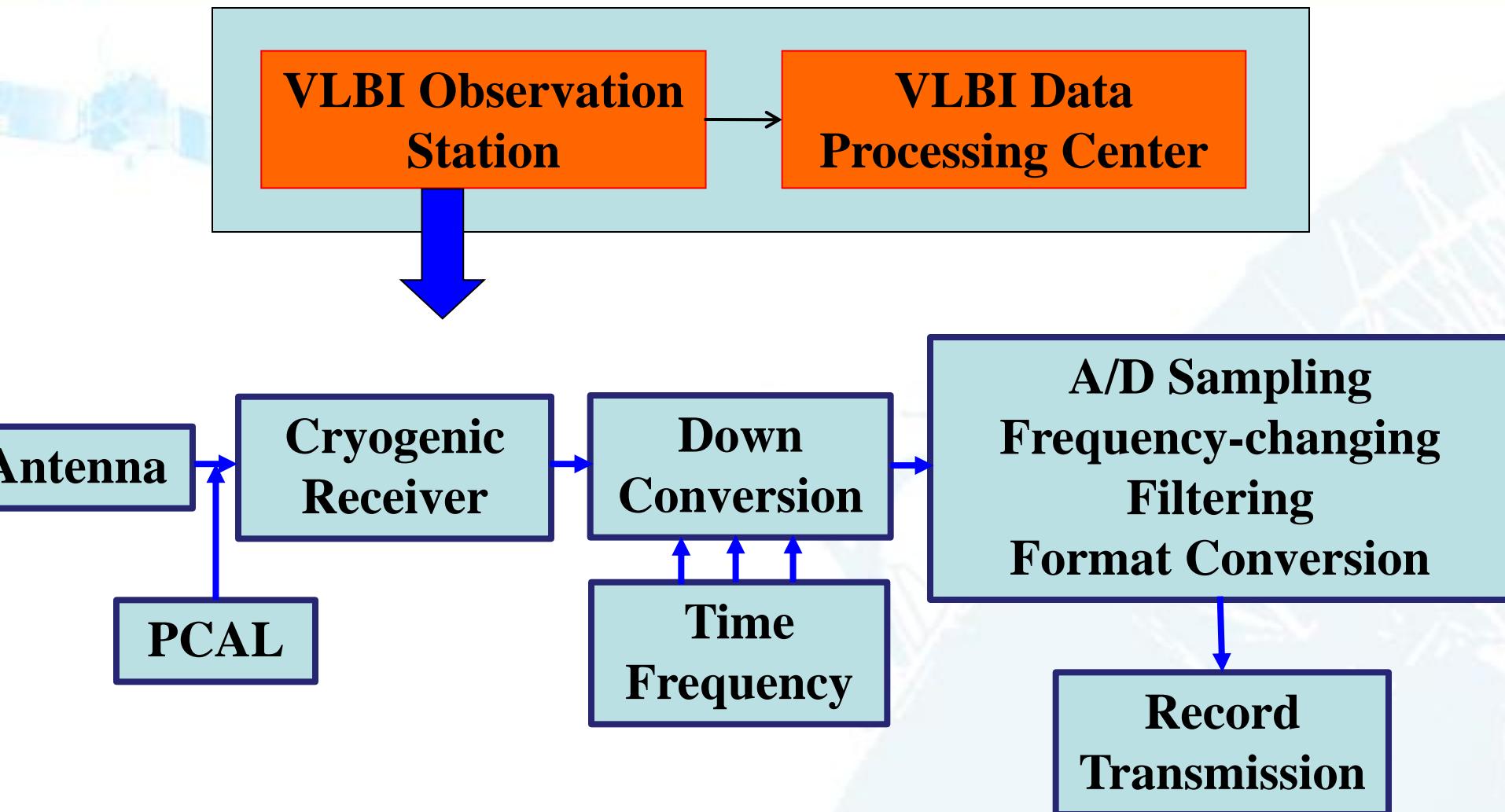
## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



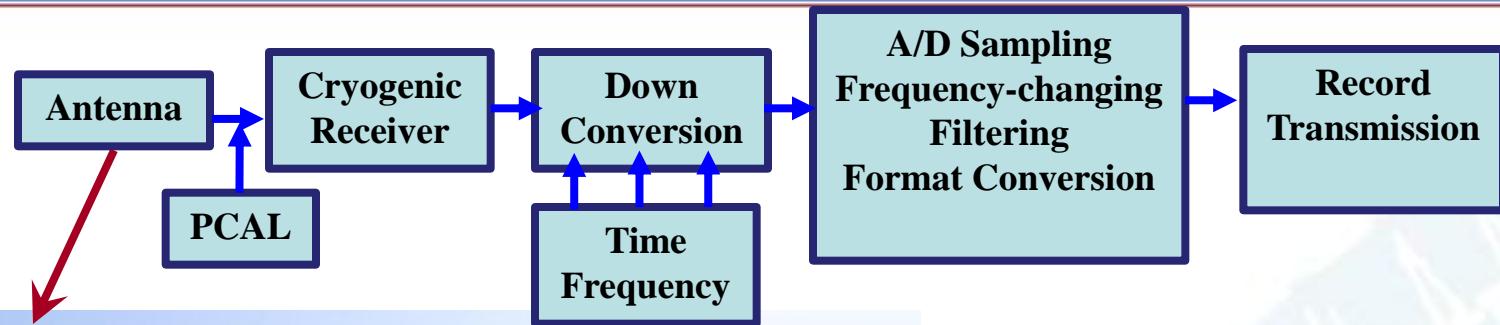
Grounding design of station



## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project

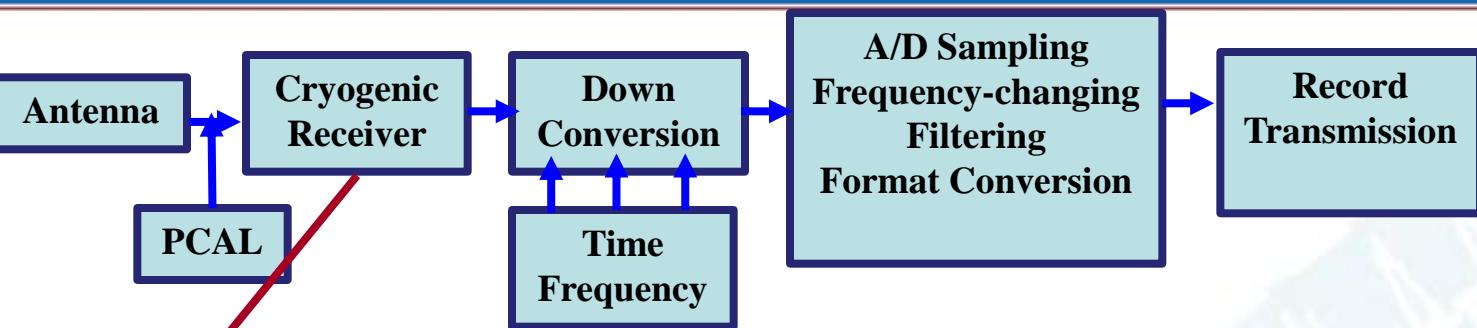


## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



35-meter antenna  
S band to Ka band  
Operated in 2013

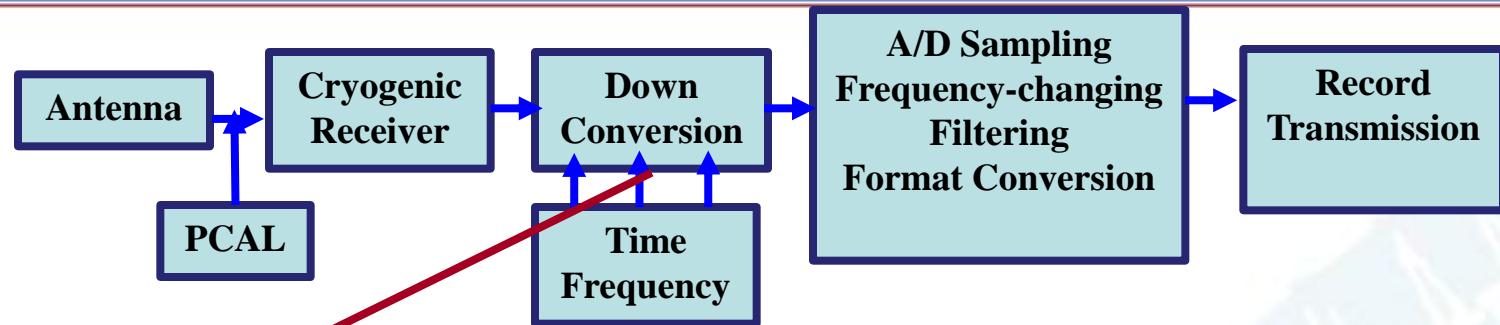
## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



S band : 14K  
X band : 14K  
Ka band : 40K

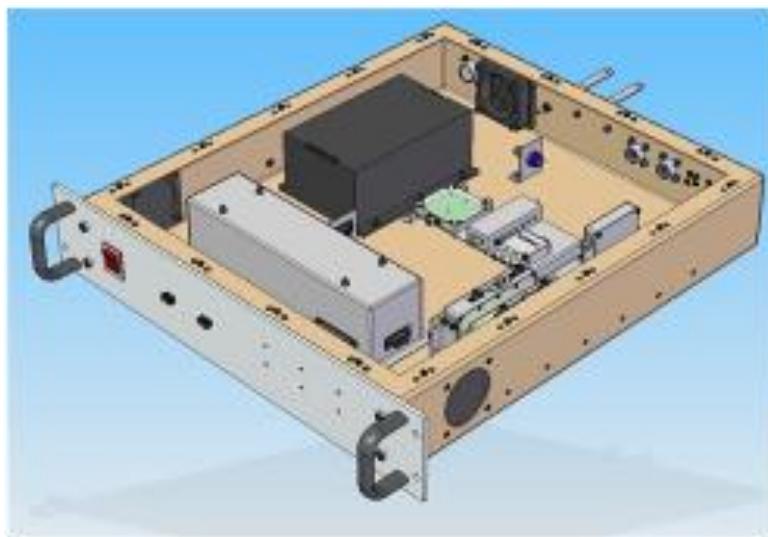


## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



S/X/Ka band LO

Very low phase noise at 1Hz



### ■ S-band receiving:

- 64dB  $1\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{Hz}$
- 70dB  $10\text{Hz} < f \leq 1.5\text{MHz}$
- 120dB  $1.5\text{MHz} < f \leq 8\text{MHz}$

### ■ X-band receiving:

- 54dB  $1\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{Hz}$
- 70dB  $10\text{Hz} < f \leq 1.5\text{MHz}$
- 120dB  $1.5\text{MHz} < f \leq 8\text{MHz}$

### ■ Ka-band receiving:

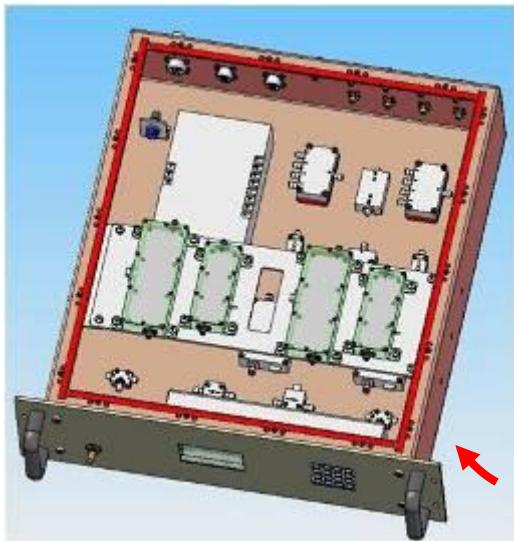
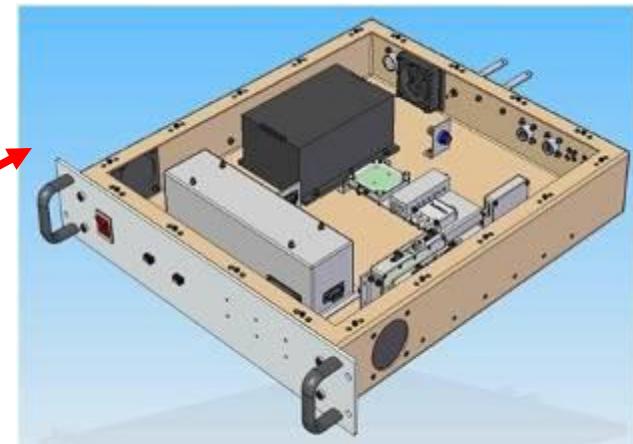
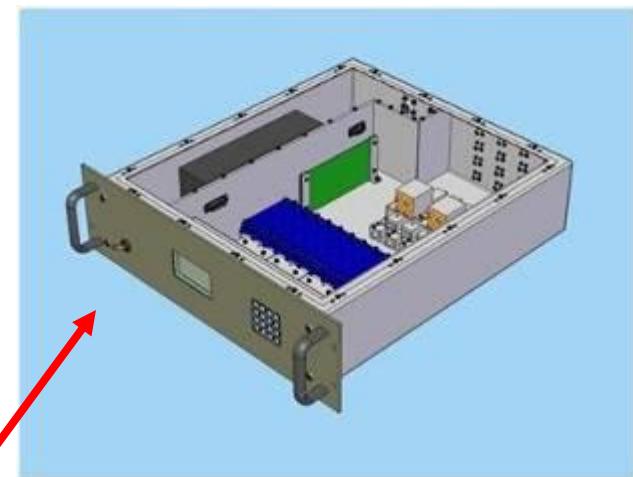
- 50dB  $1\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{Hz}$
- 70dB  $10\text{Hz} < f \leq 1.5\text{MHz}$
- 120dB  $1.5\text{MHz} < f \leq 8\text{MHz}$

## NPORT-5630

- Temperature Acquisition Monitor
- Temperature Acquisition Monitor
- X-band LO Divider
- X-band DC A
- X-band DC B
- X-band DC C
- X-band DC D
- X-band DC E
- X-band DC F
- X-band RF Switch Unit
- X-VLBI LO
- X-VLBI DC
- Machine Cabinet Interposer

## X band LO&DC

- Low phase noise LO
- High stability DC.

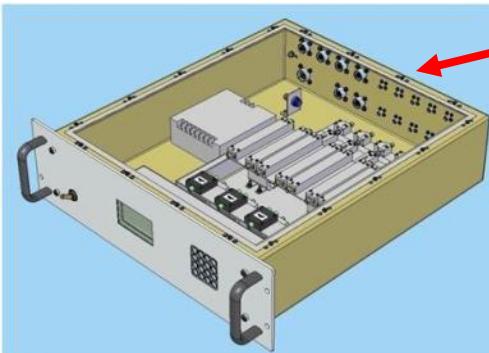
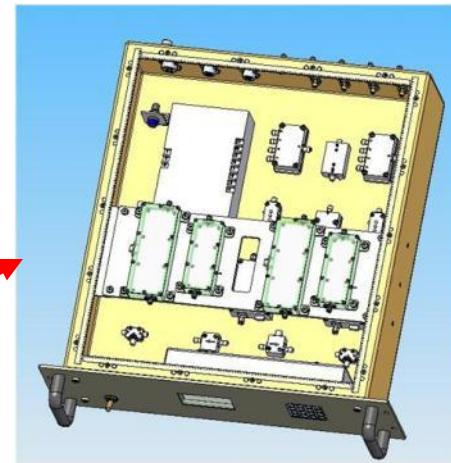
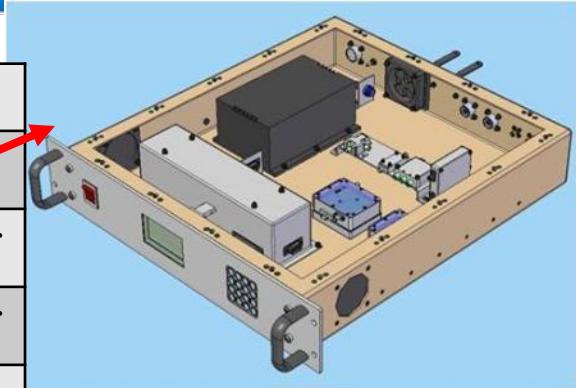


# Ka band LO & D/C

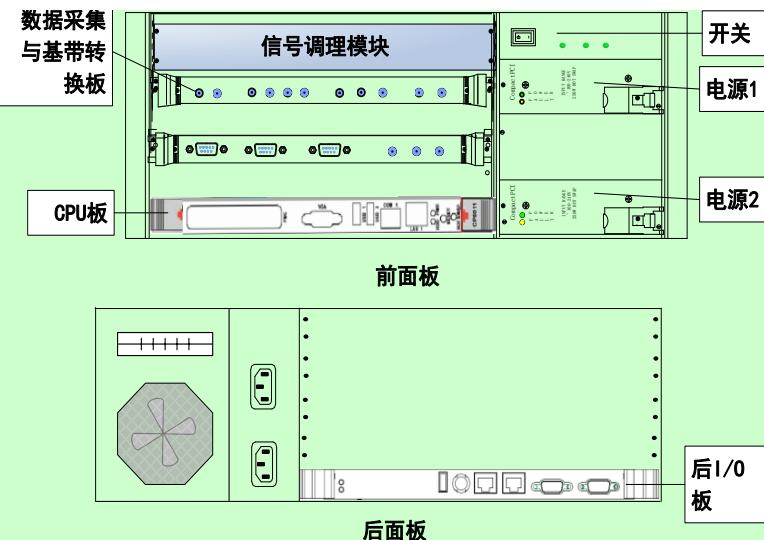
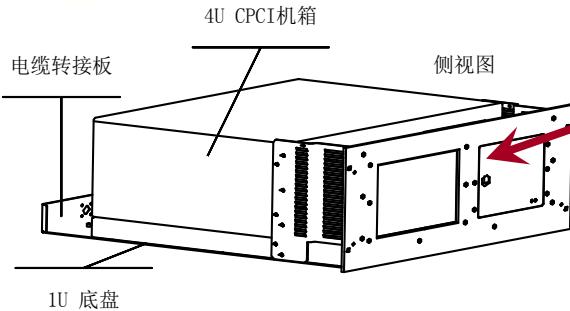
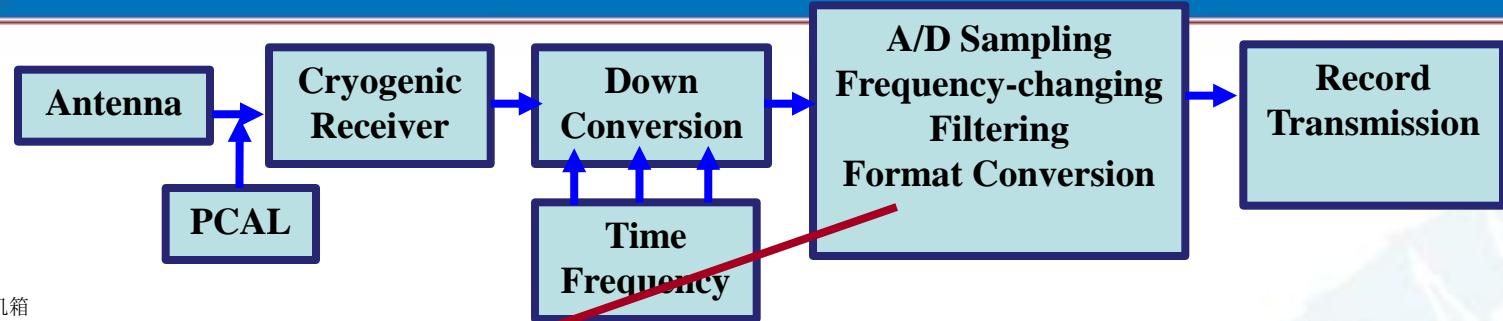
## Ka band LO&DC

- Low phase noise LO
- High stability DC

NPORT-5630
Ka-VLBI Receiver LO
Temperature Acquisition Monitor
Temperature Acquisition Monitor
Ka-band LO Divider
Ka-band LO A
Ka-band LO B
Ka-band DC A
Ka-band DC B
Ka-band DC C
Ka-band DC D
Ka-band Switch Unit
Ka-band RF Simulator
Ka-VLBI DC
Machine Cabinet Interposer

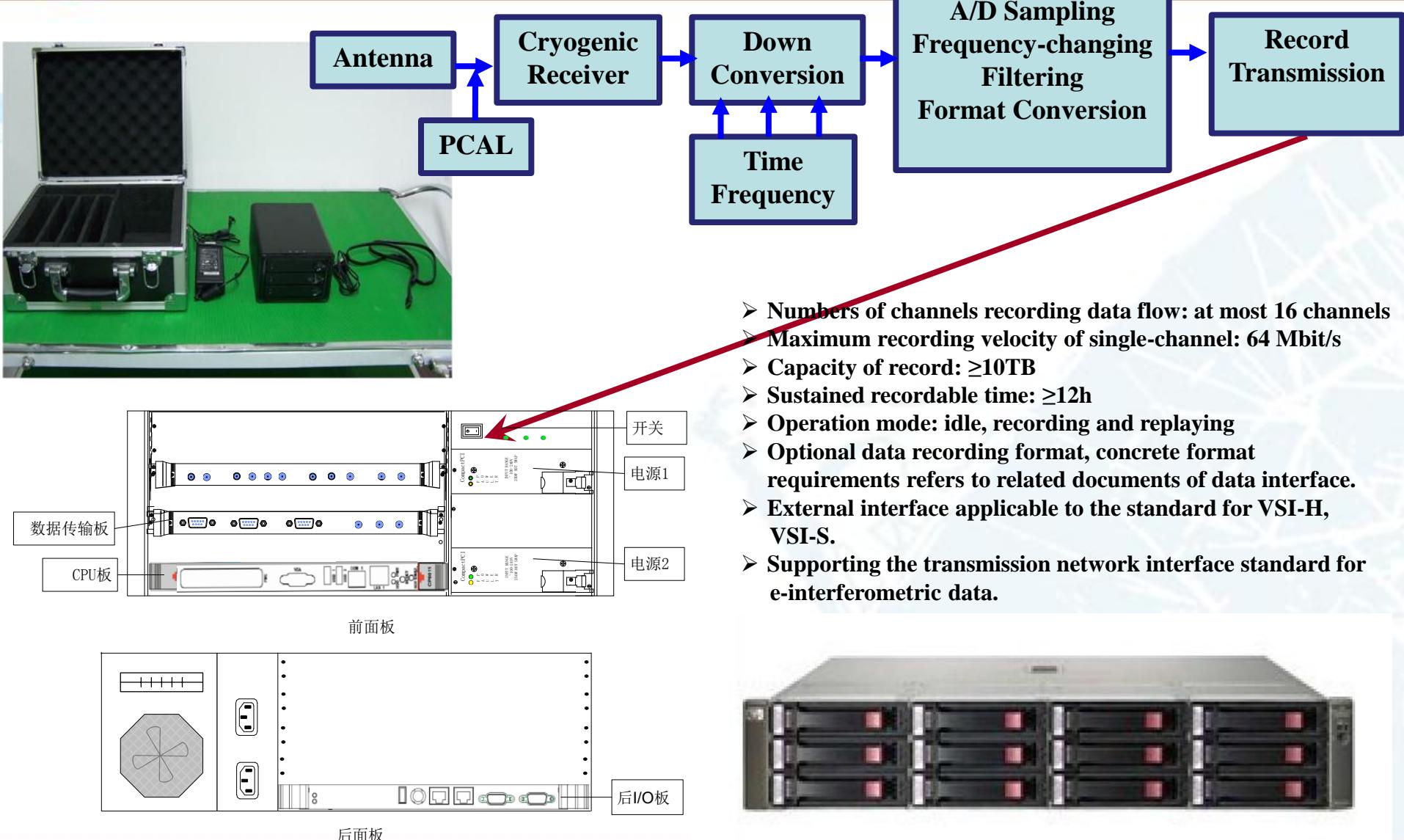


## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project

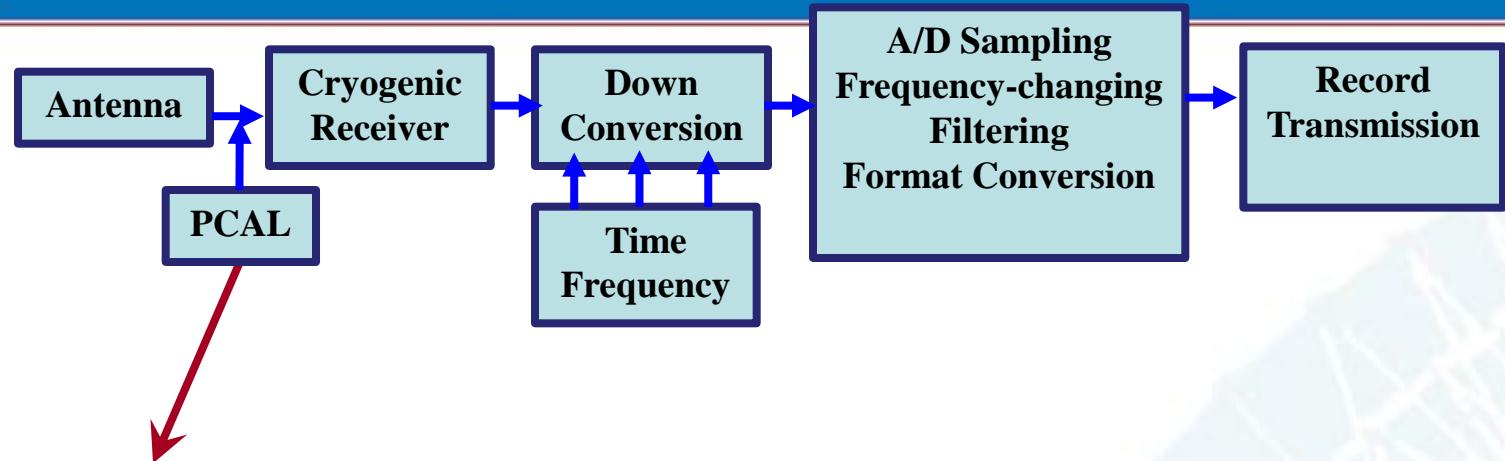


- Numbers of medium frequency input channels : 2 channels
- Medium frequency input : 320MHz
- Medium frequency sampling bandwidth :
- S band:  $\geq 100\text{MHz}$
- X band:  $\geq 100\text{MHz}$
- Channel bandwidth of video signal: 1KHz, 2KHz, 4KHz, 8KHz, 16KHz, 25KHz, 50KHz, 100KHz, 200KHz, 500KHz, 1MHz, 2MHz, 4MHz, 8MHz, 16MHz available
- Dynamic range of input signal level: 120dB (at most 40dB of signal level variation in the same arc)
- Numbers of video signal output channels : at most 16 500KHz channels (dual-band) and at least 4 16MHz channels, changing manually from 4 to 16.
- Residual error of phase-frequency curve fitting for sub-channel :  $\leq 0.4\text{ns}$
- Time delay variations of sub-channel:  $\leq 0.2\text{ns}$  (including time drift, level variation, temperature drift, etc)
- Time delay variations between sub-channels:  $\leq 0.2\text{ns}$  (the same channel bandwidth)
- The center frequency of output video signal can be set with the frequency resolution of 10 Hz
- Quantization bits of output video signal: 16bit, 8bit, 4bit, 2bit, 1bit available
- Output data interface: applicable to the interface standard for VSI-H, VSI-S, VSR and e-interferometric measurement

## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project

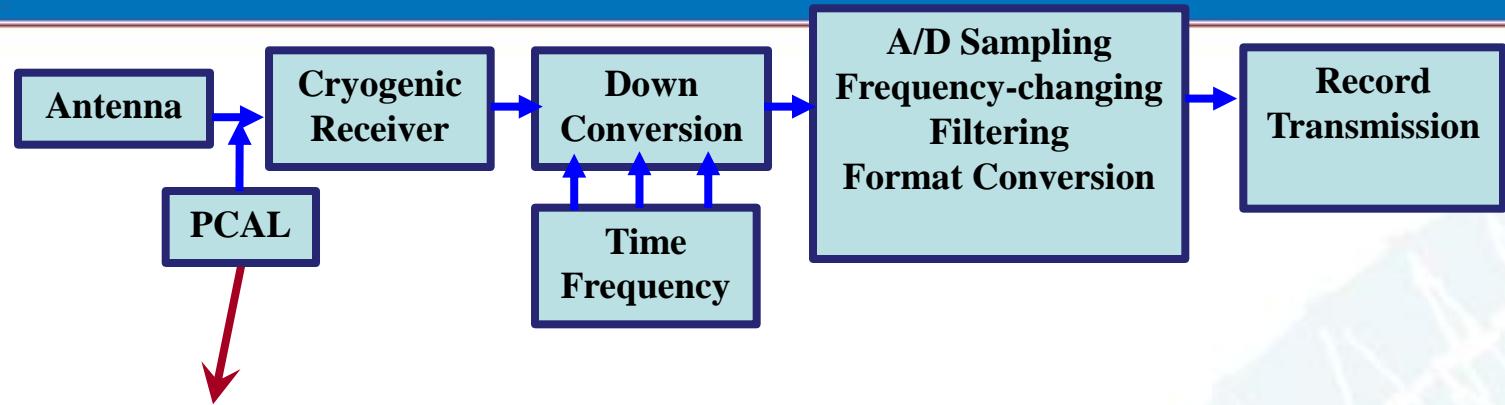


## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project

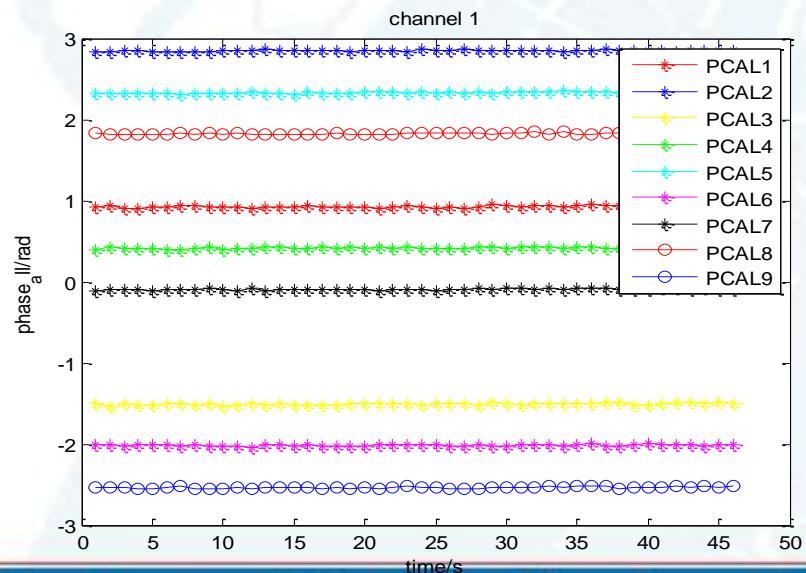
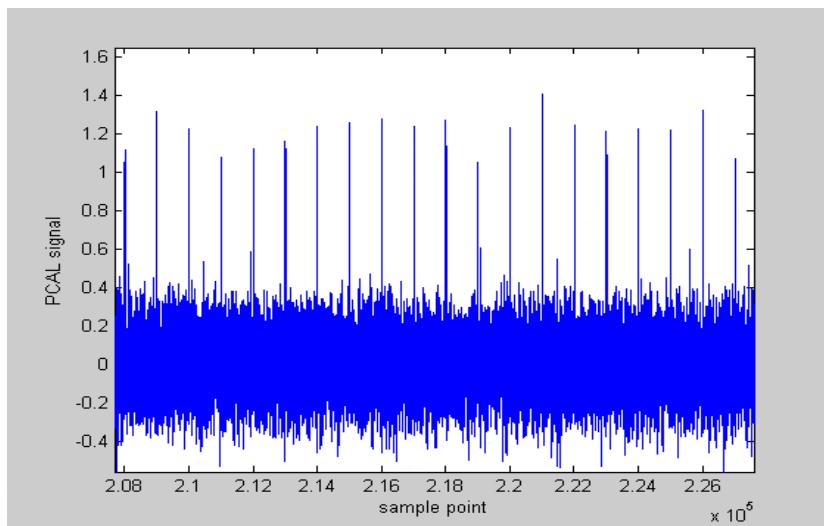


- Frequency band: S/X/Ka available
- Delay calibration signal frequency:  $5/n$  MHz,  $n=5\sim 99$
- Pulse width: 20ps~50ps
- Amplitude of output signal: single spectrum amplitude ranges from -190dBm to -130dBm
- Amplitude dithering of output signal:  $\pm 1$  dB/24h
- Phase dithering of output signal:  $\leq 1^\circ$
- On-line calibrating time delay of 100MHz/10MHz transmitting feeder line
- Temperature control requirements for pulse generating unit: temperature fluctuation of  $\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$

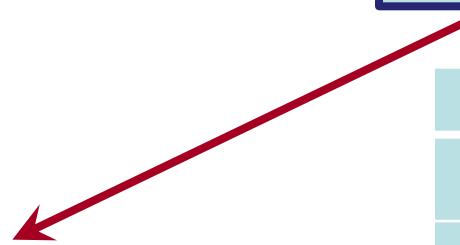
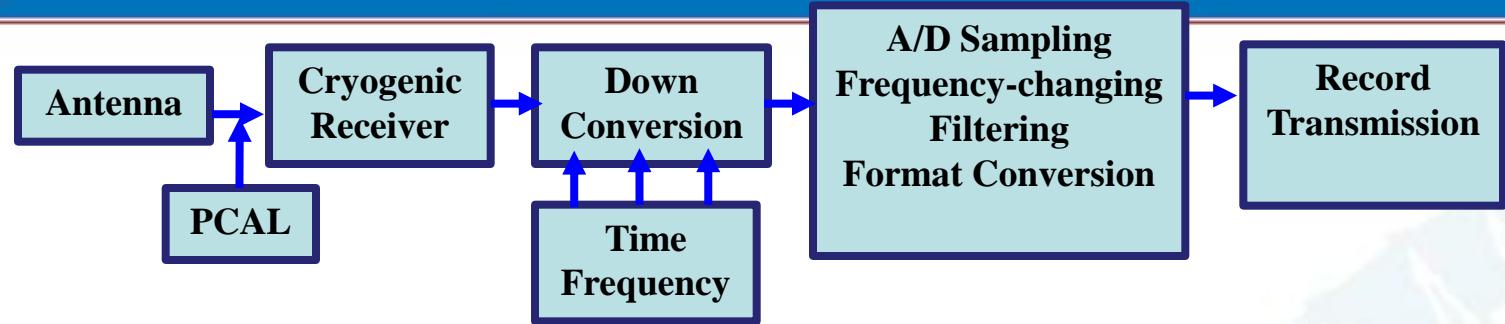
## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



Device time delay correction : PCAL data processing with high precision  
correction accuracy: superior to 5ps

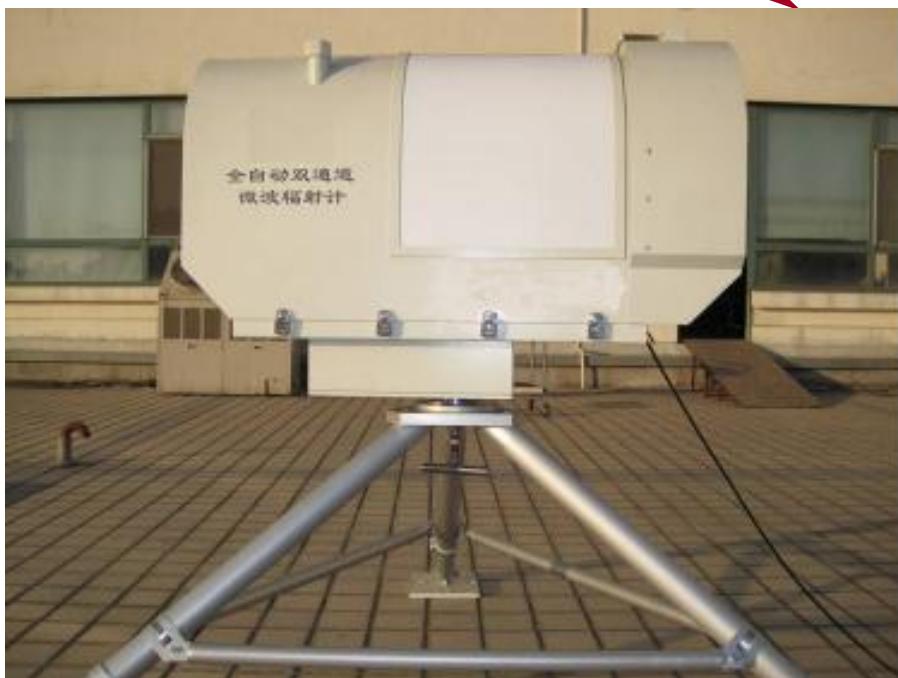
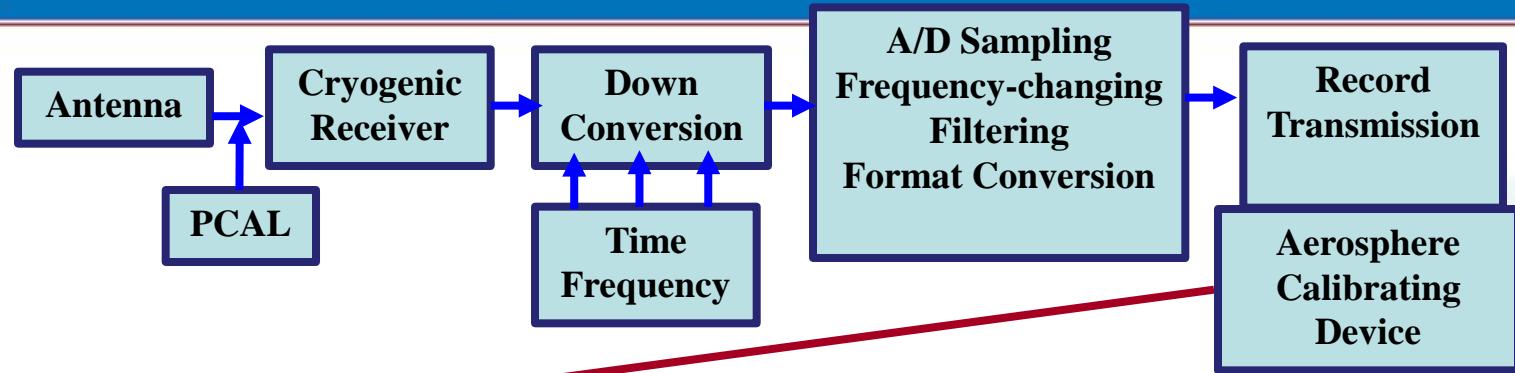


## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



System indexes		Hydrogen clock
Standard output		5MHz 10MHz
Frequency accuracy		$\pm 5 \times 10^{-13}$
Frequency Stability	1s	$3 \sim 6 \times 10^{-13}$
	10s	$6 \sim 9 \times 10^{-14}$
	100s	$1 \sim 4 \times 10^{-14}$
	1000s	$8 \sim 9 \times 10^{-15}$
	100000s	$3 \sim 5 \times 10^{-15}$
Phase noise (10MHz frequency standard)	1Hz	-100dBc/Hz
	10Hz	-130dB/Hz
	100Hz	-135dB/Hz
	$\geq 1000Hz$	-145dB/Hz

## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



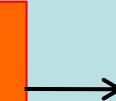
Microwave radiometer for troposphere calibration



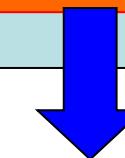
dual-frequency GPS for ionosphere calibration

## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project

**VLBI Observation Station**



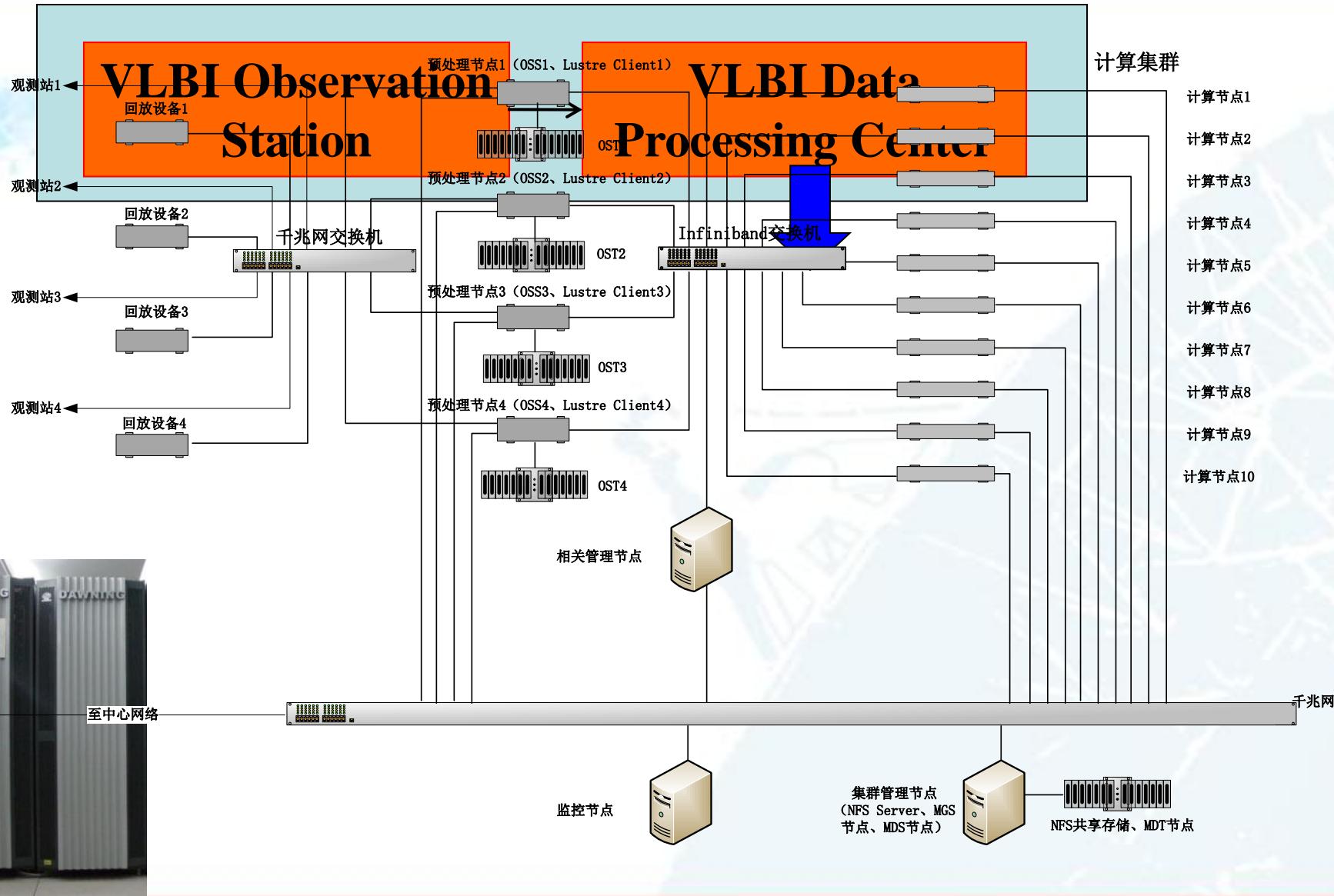
**VLBI Data Processing Center**



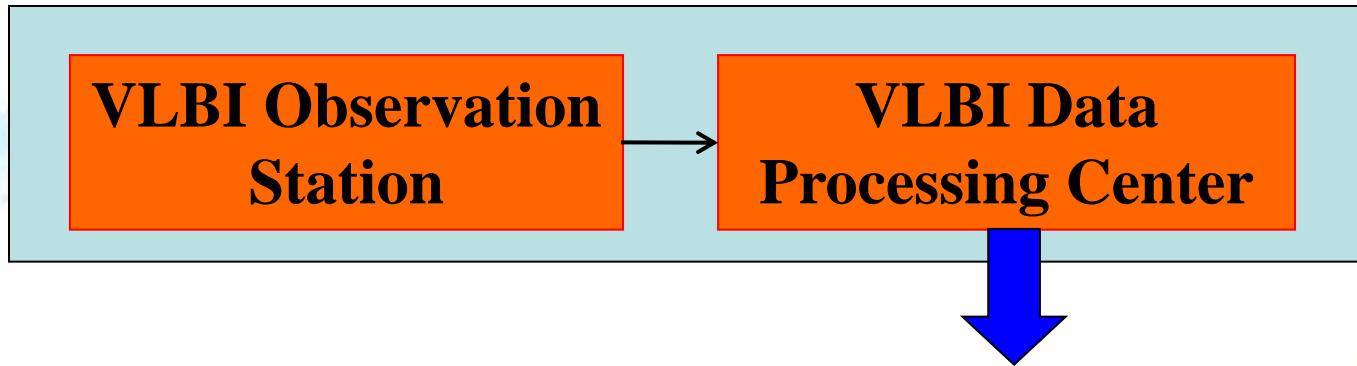
- High performance cluster computing platform (320 cores)
- **Infiniband** high speed data exchange (40Gbps)
- Adaptable to VSI and VSR data format
- Supporting international VLBI joint measurement and deep space guidance
- Super high spectral resolution (1Hz)
- Achieving 6-baseline (4-station random combined) real-time data correlation processing with 256Mps of data rate per station



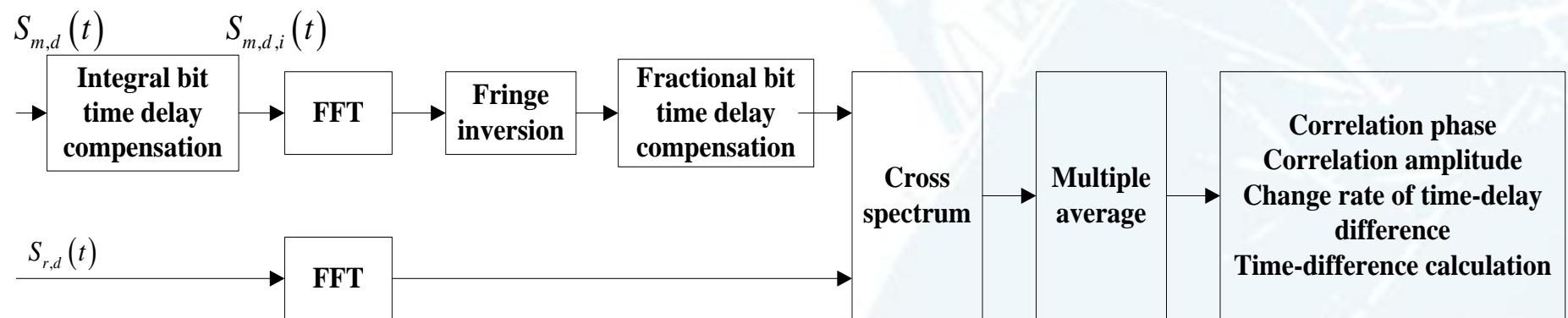
## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project



With the help of large scale cluster computers and pure-software, we adopt the advanced FX scheme to accomplish high precision VLBI data processing performance.



## Summary of our VLBI system:

- Satisfying the standard interface of international VSI, VSR(CCSDS-REEF) and e-VLBI
- The system adopts all digital base-band conversion (DBBC) and recording equipment with good channel consistency.
- Adopting high precision time-delay calibration system with the an accuracy superior to 5ps.

## 2. VLBI system of Chang'E Project

- FX structure software processor based on high performance cluster computing. / 6-baseline(4-station random combined) data real-time processing with 256 Mbps of data rate per station/.
- The system output : time-delay difference, change rate of time-delay difference, Doppler frequency difference, correlation amplitude, correlation phase, etc.
- Further output: earth orientation parameter, stations' position errors etc.

### 3. Introduction of other products

## Receiver

### S band:



1. Operation bandwidth: 300 MHz
2. Equivalent noise temperature:  $\leq 18\text{K}$
3. System overall gain:  $\geq 65\text{dB}$
4. Cryogenic temperature :  $\leq 20\text{K}$
5. Input interface: BJ22-type waveguide

### X band:

1. Operation bandwidth: 800 MHz
2. Equivalent noise temperature:  $\leq 20\text{K}$
3. System overall gain:  $\geq 65\text{dB}$
4. Cryogenic temperature :  $\leq 20\text{K}$
5. Input interface: BJ84-type waveguide

### 3. Introduction of other products

#### The products of receiver



**Main (switch included) :**

1. Operation bandwidth: 1000 MHz
2. Noise temperature:
  - right-hand polarized channel:
    - 20K (Cryo)
    - 60K (room temperature)
  - left-hand polarized channel : 60K
3. Gain :  $\geq 50\text{dB}$

### 3. Introduction of other products

## Receiver

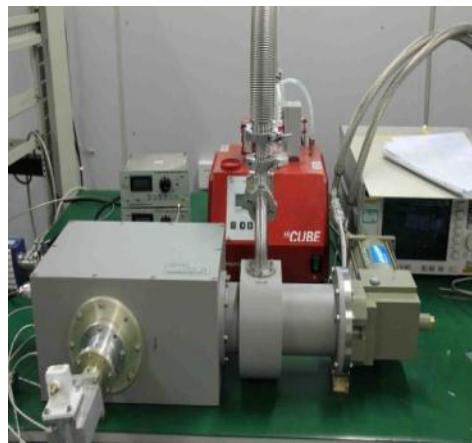
### S-band:

1. Operation bandwidth: 300 MHz
2. Equivalent noise temperature: 10K
3. System overall gain: 75dB
4. Cryogenic Temperature : 12K
5. Input interface: BJ22-type waveguide



### X-band:

1. Operation bandwidth: 800 MHz
2. Equivalent noise temperature: 15K
3. System overall gain: 73dB
4. Cryogenic Temperature : 15K
5. Input interface: waveguide



## Receiver

**wide-band cryogenic receiver  
of 13-meter antenna**



### Main:

1. Frequency range: L band to X band  
Operation bandwidth: 7800MHz
2. System noise temperature: 50K
3. System overall gain :  $\geq 50\text{dB}$
4. Format of input port: feed source

## VLBI Antenna

We and MTM Germany co-designed the 13m antenna for VLBI 2010 standard. It is employed with ring-focus reflector, four-ridge horn ultra-wideband feed, AZ-EL pedestal, all-digital antenna controller and program tracking system.

# Specifications

- Operation frequency and polarization mode:

Wideband (dual linear polarization): 2 GHz~20 GHz;

X/Ka (dual circular polarization): X: 7.0 GHz~9.5 GHz; Ka: 28 GHz~34 GHz.

- Accuracy of main reflector:  $\leq 0.3\text{mm}$  (rms)

- Accuracy of subreflector:  $\leq 0.1\text{mm}$

- First sidelobe level:  $\leq -14\text{dB}$

- Operation frequency: 2.0 GHz~ 34 GHz

- Antenna tracking pointing accuracy:

Guaranteed accuracy: 18" (wind speed: 10.7m/s)

- Antenna moving range:

Azimuth:  $-270^\circ \sim +270^\circ$  ; Elevation:  $0^\circ \sim 100^\circ$

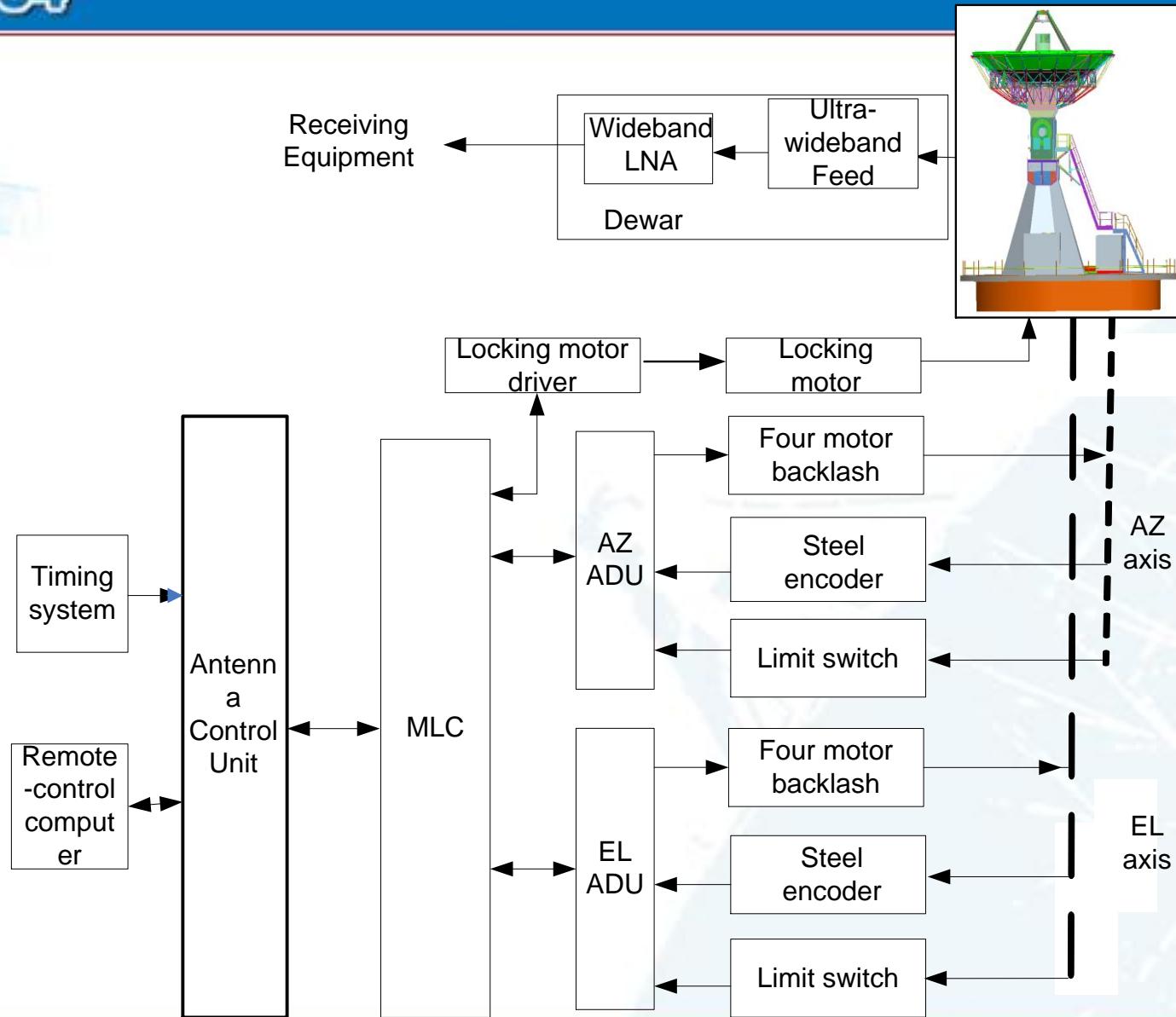
- Max moving speed and velocity:

Azimuth:  $12^\circ / \text{s}$ ,  $3^\circ / \text{s}^2$  ; Elevation:  $6^\circ / \text{s}$ ,  $3^\circ / \text{s}^2$

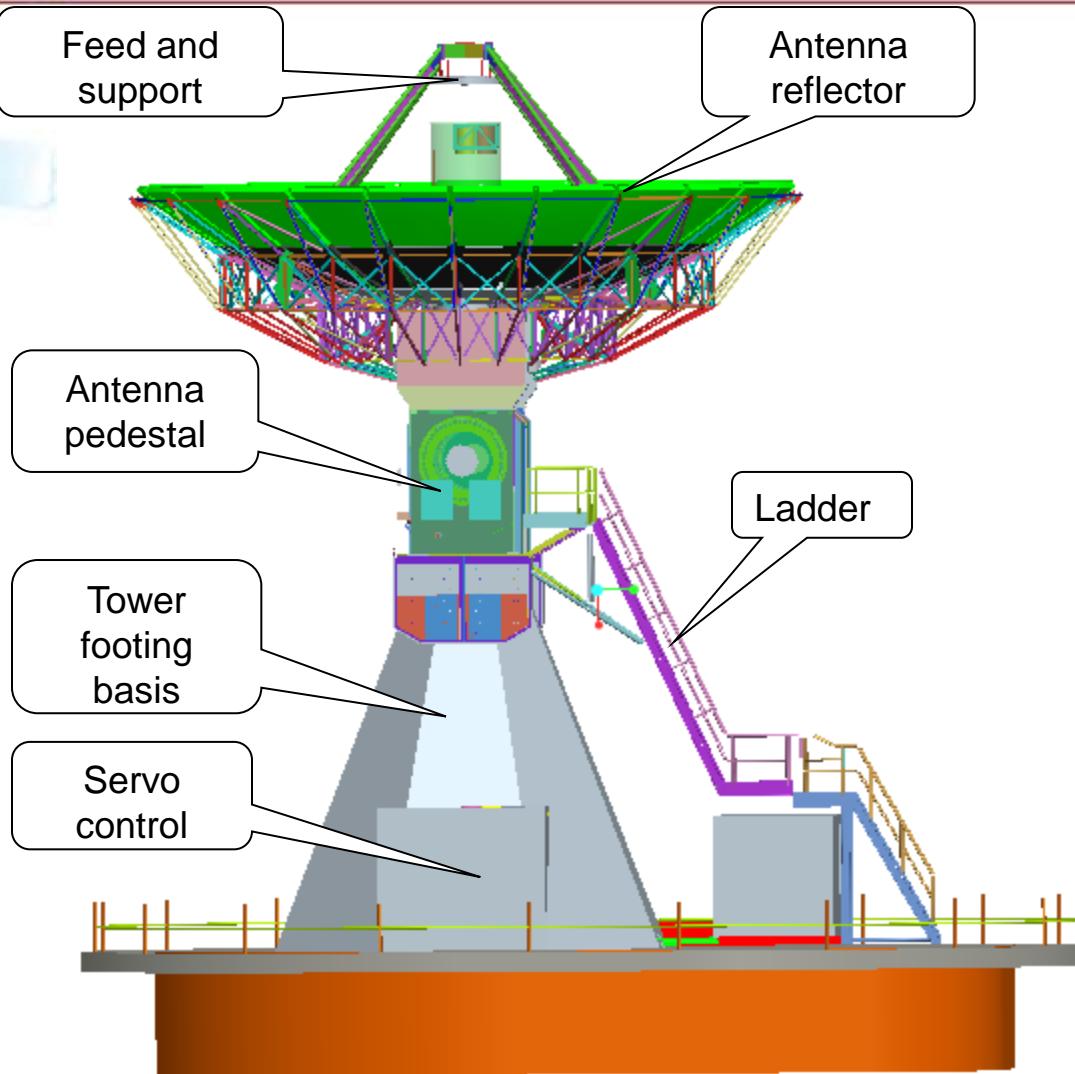
- Antenna resonant frequency:  $\geq 3.5\text{ Hz}$

- Equipped with wideband 2~14 GHz and X/Ka dual-band feed receiver.

# Antenna Composition

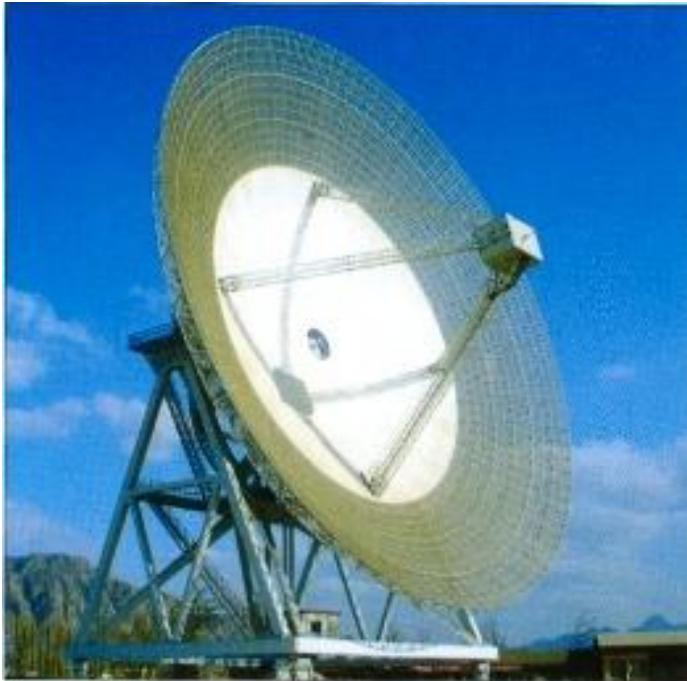


# Antenna Composition



- Antenna feed subsystem includes: antenna curve surface, wideband feeder, filter, directional coupler, low-noise amplifier, Dewar, etc.
- Mechanical structure subsystem includes: 13m antenna reflector, AZ-EL antenna pedestal, AZ driving equipment and EL driving equipment.
- Servo control subsystem includes: ACU, ADU, axis-angle encoding unit, safety protection equipment, power supplier and external interface.
- Total weight of antenna: 75t; power consumption: 60kW.

## Radio Telescope Antenna



50m Antenna for  
National Astronomical Observatory



65m Antenna  
( L, S/X, C, X/Ka, Ku, K, Q bands)  
for Shanghai Astronomy Observatory



**MRO Opening Ceremony on 5 Oct, 2012  
the 24th Antenna is named as Wajarri Janimarrun (Chinamen)**





# Thank You !

The 54th Research Institute of CETC  
No. 589 West Zhongshan Road,  
Shijiazhuang, Hebei, 050081  
China

[www.cti.ac.cn/en](http://www.cti.ac.cn/en)

