

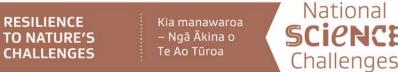
Building response capability and readiness for a future magnitude 8 Alpine Fault earthquake

Tuesday 8th October, Wellington

Caroline Orchiston// Science Lead AF8, Deputy Director Centre for Sustainability, University of Otago

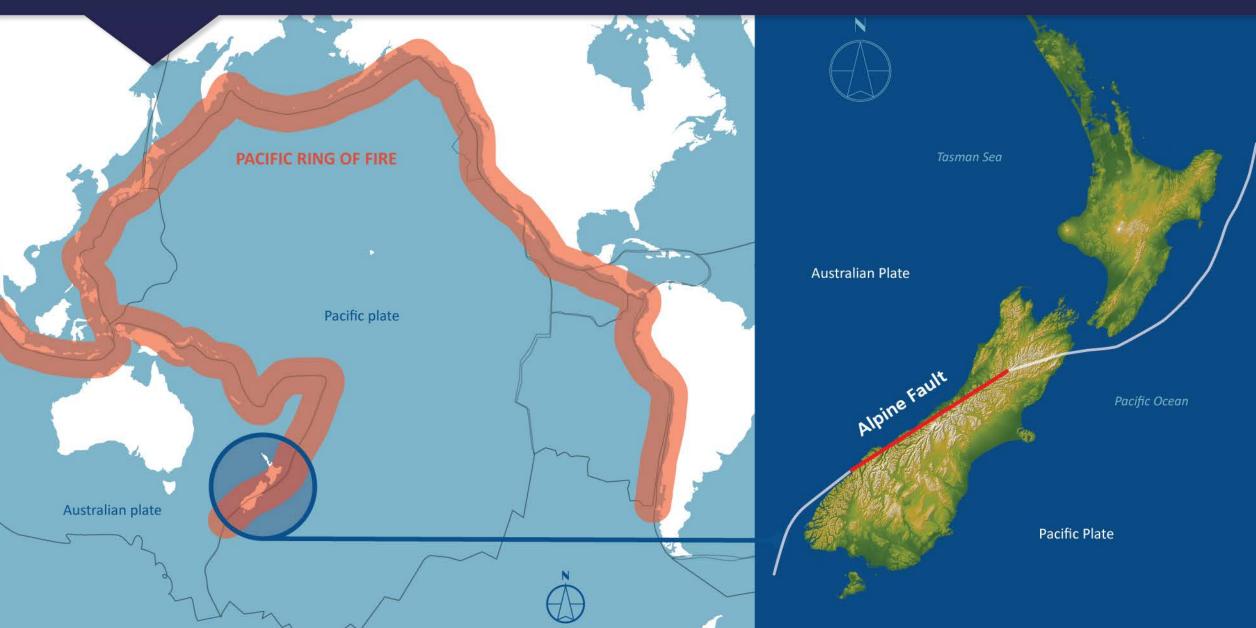






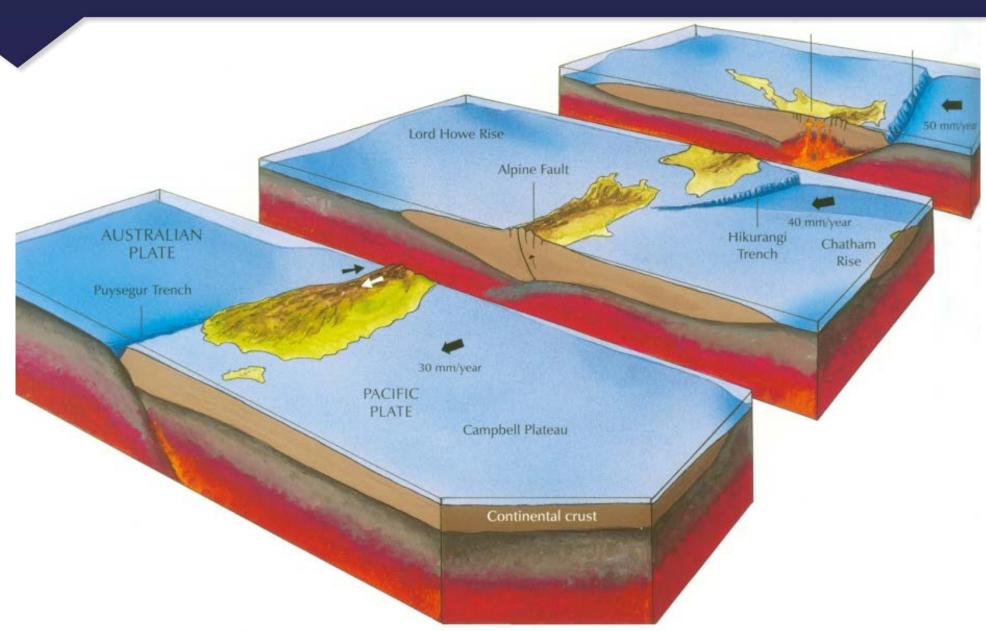
Tectonic setting of NZ





Tectonic setting of NZ







Harold Wellman



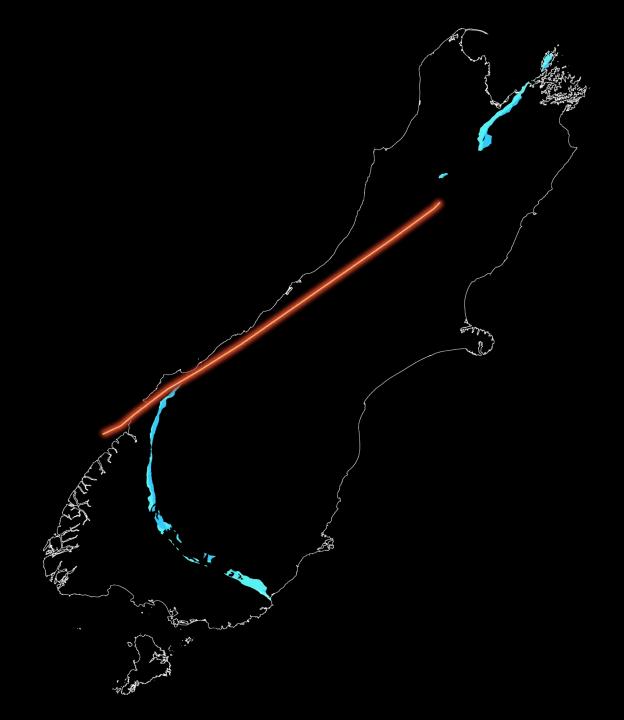


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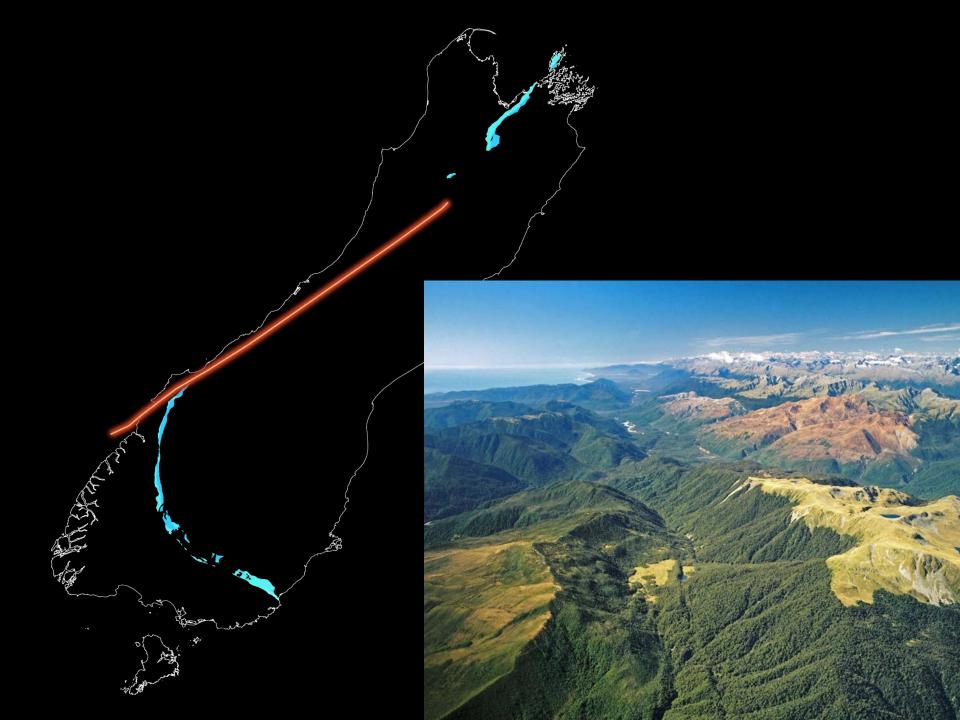


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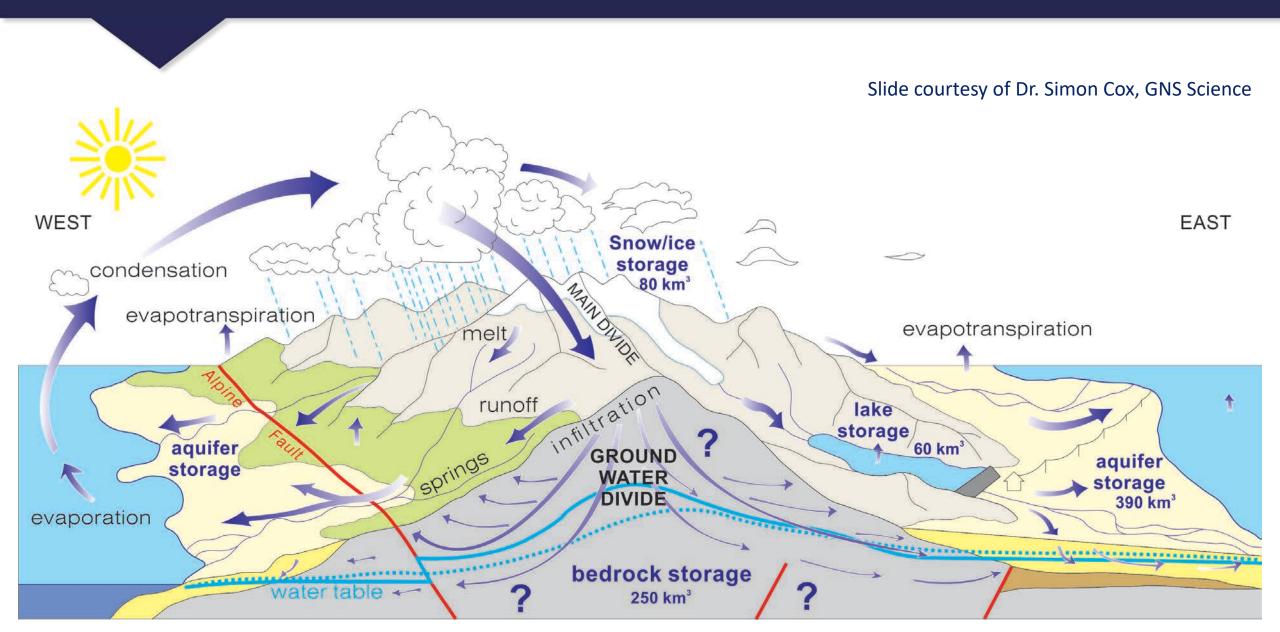
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Geological and climatic coupling







BUILDING OUR COLLECTIVE RESILIENCE



What is AF8?



- ► A programme of scientific modelling, response planning and community engagement.
- Particular focus on impacts on South Island communities.
- Building our collective resilience to future events



What is AF8?



- Year 1-2 focus: to cocreate a collaborative response framework (SAFER Framework)
- Year 3 focus: to outreach and engage widely (Roadshow)
- Year 4 focus: Response, Engagement, Risk Communication and Recovery



What is AF8?











Response Framework



RISK TEAM

- **▶** 30+ Researchers
- **▶** 6 Universities
- ▶ 2 Consulting firms

RESPONSE TEAM

- ► 6 CDEM groups
- Project AF8 Project Manager
- Ministry of Civil DefenceEmergency Management





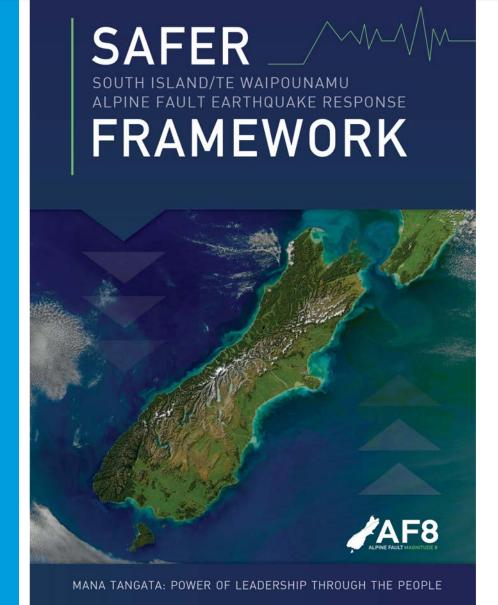
Response Framework



South Island Alpine Fault Earthquake Response Framework

Available for download from the AF8 website:

www.af8.org.nz





This document has been published by: Emergency Management Southland August 2018

www.projectaf8.co.nz

SHARED
SITUATIONAL
AWARENESS AND
OPERATIONAL
COORDINATION
IN THE EVENT
OF A MAJOR
ALPINE FAULT
EARTHQUAKE.

Cover image: NASA Earth Observatory via Wikimedia Commons, the free media

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GNS Science Visual Media Library; Dr. Caroline Orchiston; Unsplash: Tyler Lastovich, Jeff Finley and Adam Edgerton; and, Wikimedia Commons the free media repository.

NATIONAL COORDINATION: NCMC, All agency NCCs, Sector Coordinating entities

SOUTH ISLAND COLLABORATIVE COORDINATION

Canterbury West Coast Southland CDEM Otago CDEM Nelson-Tasman Marlborough CDEM **CDEM CDEM Group** Group Group CDEM Group Group Group SOUTH ISLAND TE WAIPOUNAMU IWI MINISTRY OF HEALTH SOUTH ISLAND REGION CANTERBURY, SOUTH CANTERBURY SOUTHERN DHB **NESLON MALRBOROUGH DHB** AND WEST COAST DHBs ST JOHN AMBULANCE SOUTH ISLAND REGION **SOUTHERN POLICE DISTRICT** CANTERBURY POLICE DISTRICT **TASMAN POLICE DISTRICT** FIRE AND EMERGENCY REGION 5 FIRE AND EMERGENCY REGION 4 **WORK AND INCOME WORK AND INCOME** WORK AND INCOME NELSON REGION SOUTHERN REGION **CANTERBURY** WELFARE SERVICE AGENCIES AND ORGANISATIONS DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, MINISTRY FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES, MINISTRY OF JUSTICE, ETC



What will an Alpine Fault earthquake be like?



Alpine Fault hazard-risk-impact



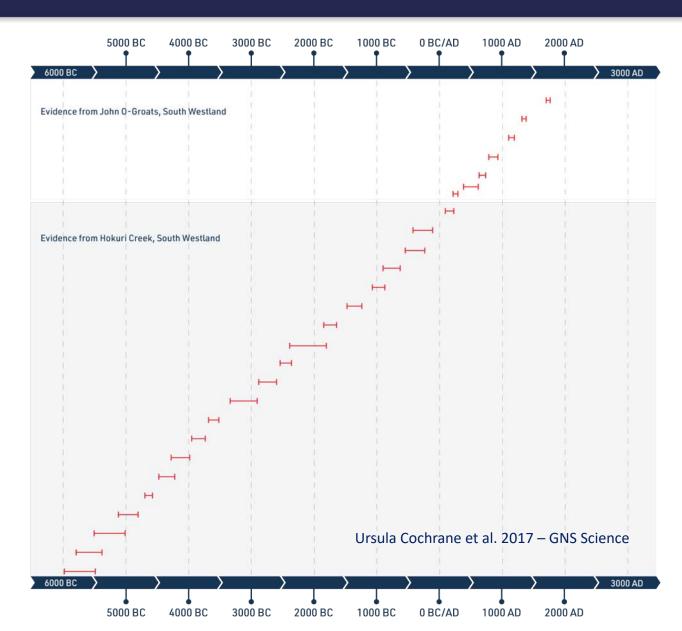
- Frequency when is the next event likely to occur? (probability)
- Magnitude how big?

- Intensity how strong/long will the effects be?
- Hazard footprint what area will be affected?
- Impacts/Consequences?
- Risk reduction infrastructure/community/societal resilience?

Frequency



- Evidence of 27 earthquakes over the past 8,000 years
- Long history of large earthquakes
- Remarkably regular
- ► Mean recurrence interval of ~300 years
- ► Last significant earthquake was 1717AD
- ► The next one is inevitable

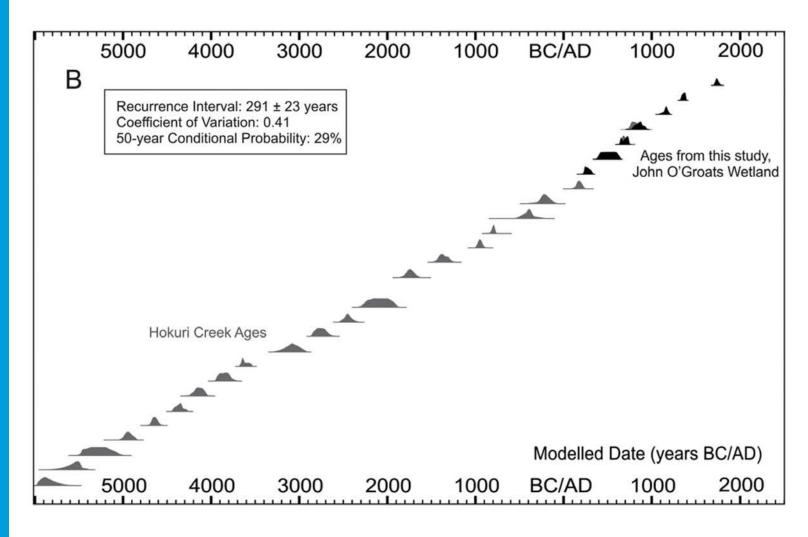


Frequency



Frequency – when is the next event(s) going to occur?

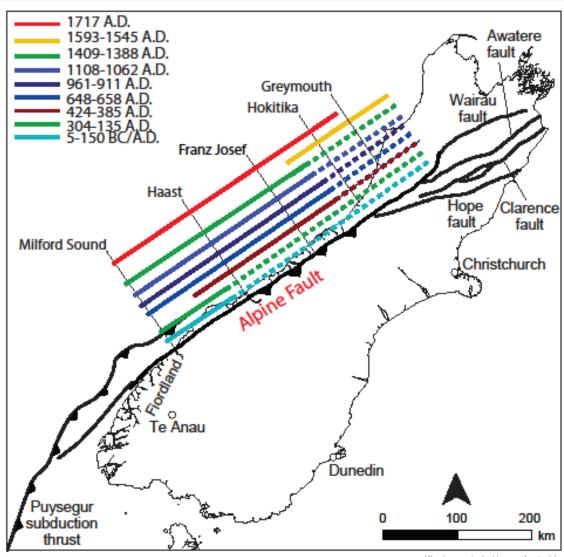
- Longest interval ~510 yrs
- Shortest interval ~140 yrs



Magnitude



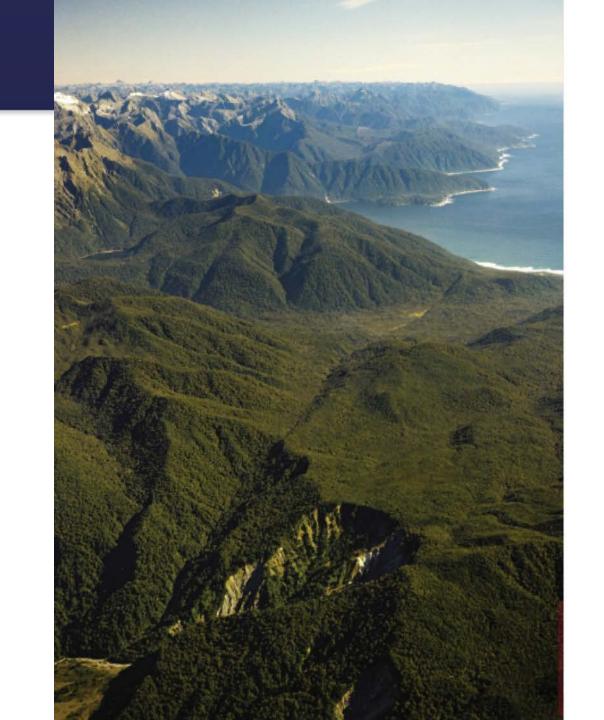
- Of the last 9
 earthquakes, 8 appear
 to have been >400 km
 Mw8 events
- Fault has stored enough energy to move
 8 m horizontally and
 2 m vertically



Magnitude

Next earthquake likely to be "Mw8.0"

- ➤ 32x more energy released than 4 Sept 2010 Darfield EQ (Mw 7.1)
- ► 1000x more energy released than 22 Feb 2011 Christchurch EQ (Mw 6.2)



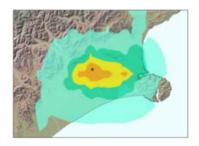
Intensity - Hazard Footprint



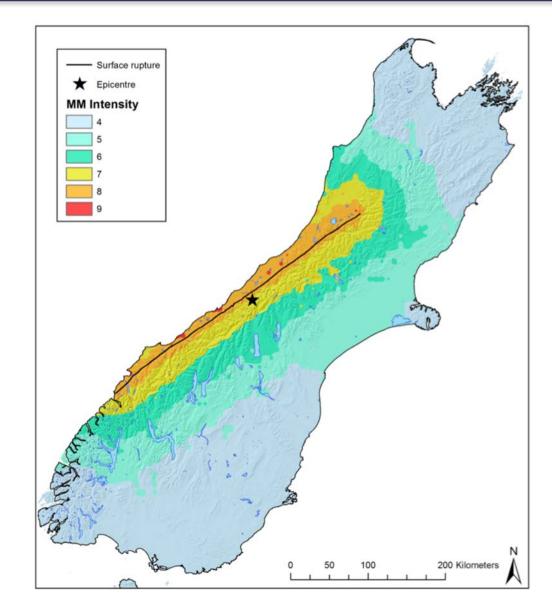
SHAKING INTENSITY

4 September 2010 Darfield Earthquake (to scale)

22 February 2011 Christchurch Earthquake (to scale)





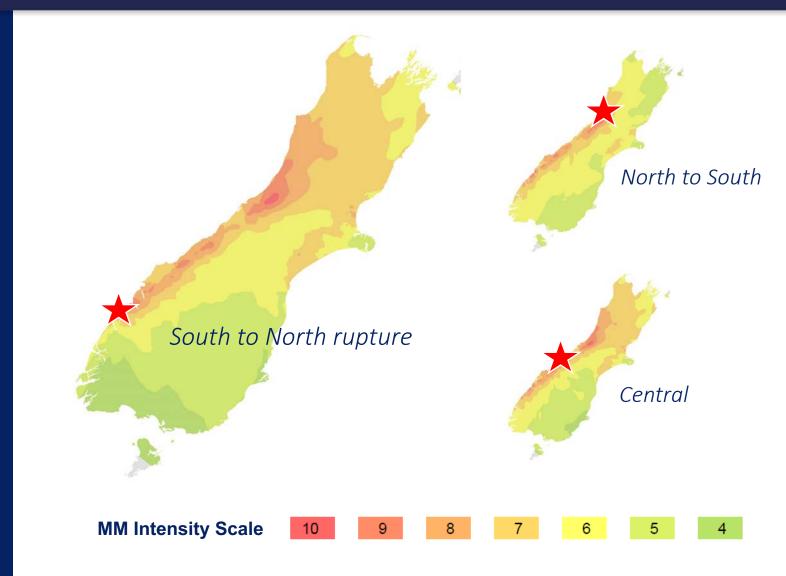


Science-based Scenarios

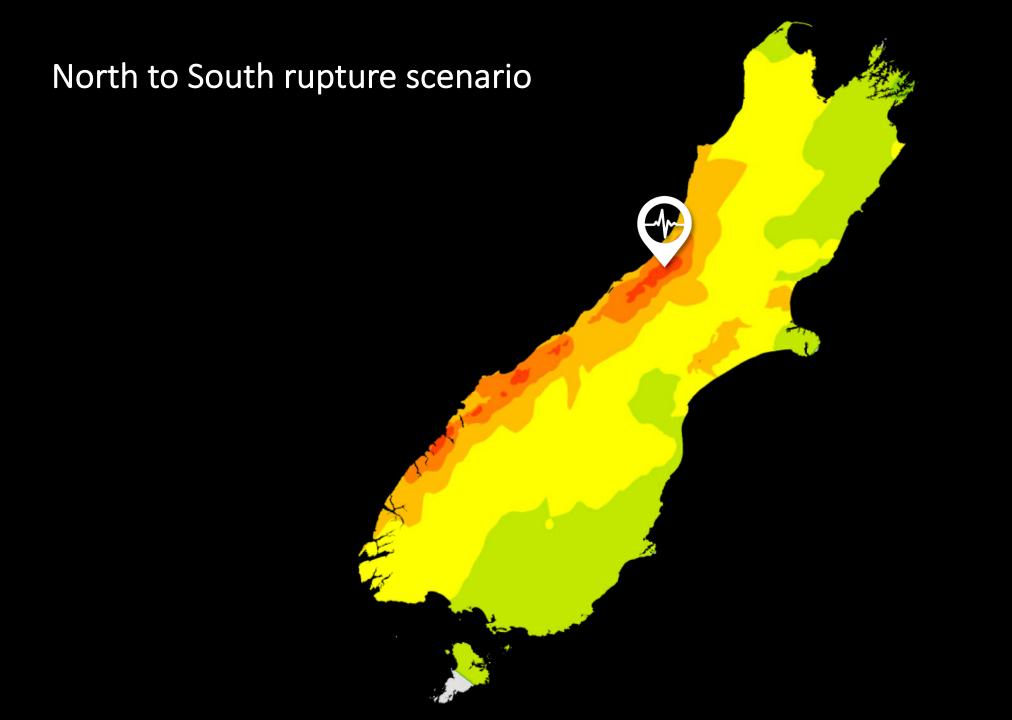


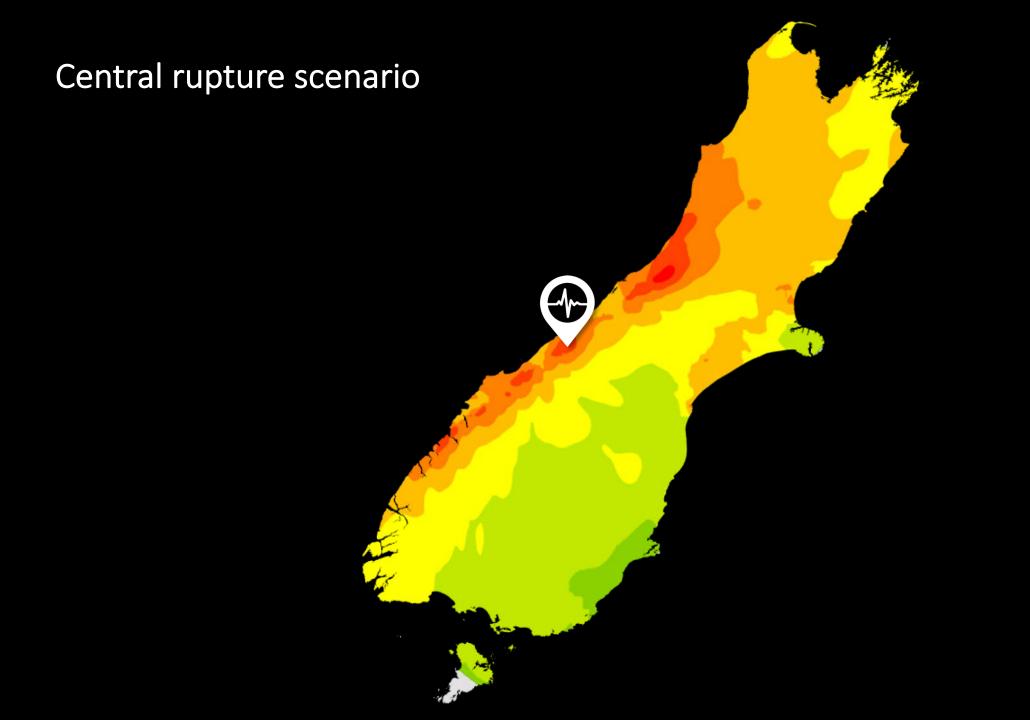
AF8 science scenario:

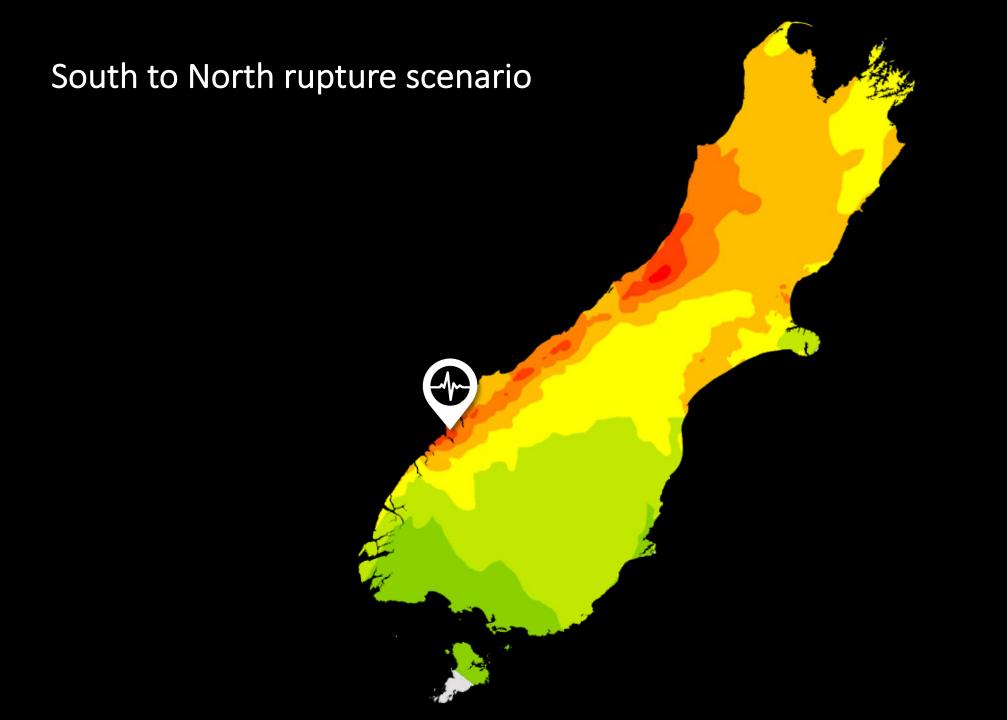
- Magnitude 8
- ► MM Intensity 4-10
- Major cascading consequences and secondary hazards
- Significant human, environmental, infrastructure and economic impact



Images: Conrad Zorn. Based on Brendon Bradley et al. (2016)











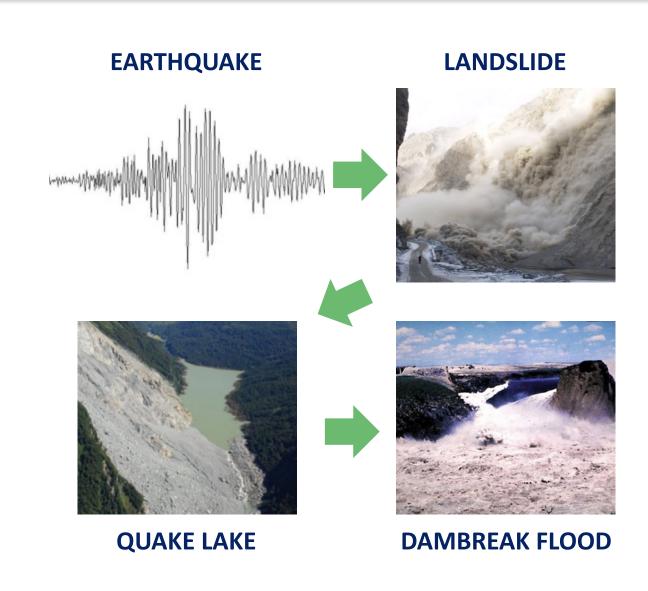
Secondary Hazards



Earthquakes are not just the initial strong ground shaking

They cause a series of secondary hazards which cascade on from each other

- + Aftershocks
- **+** Weather Events
- + Fire



Secondary Hazards



Often these secondary hazards can be worse than the initial shaking:

- ► 2004 Indonesia Tsunami
- ► 2011 Japan Tsunami
- 2010-11 Christchurch Liquefaction & Landslides
- ► 2016 Kaikōura Landslides

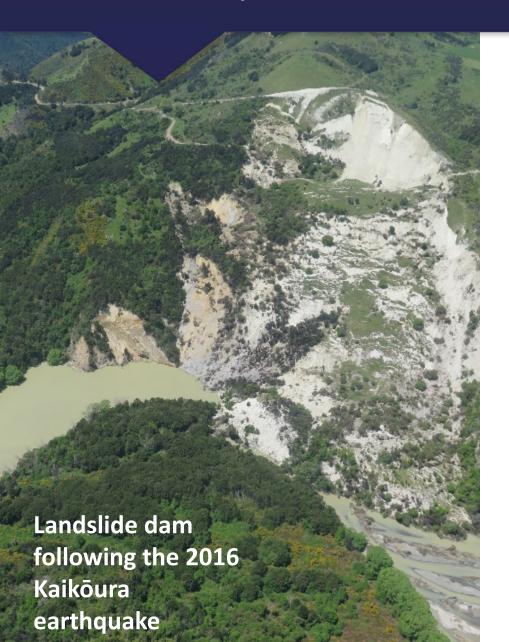


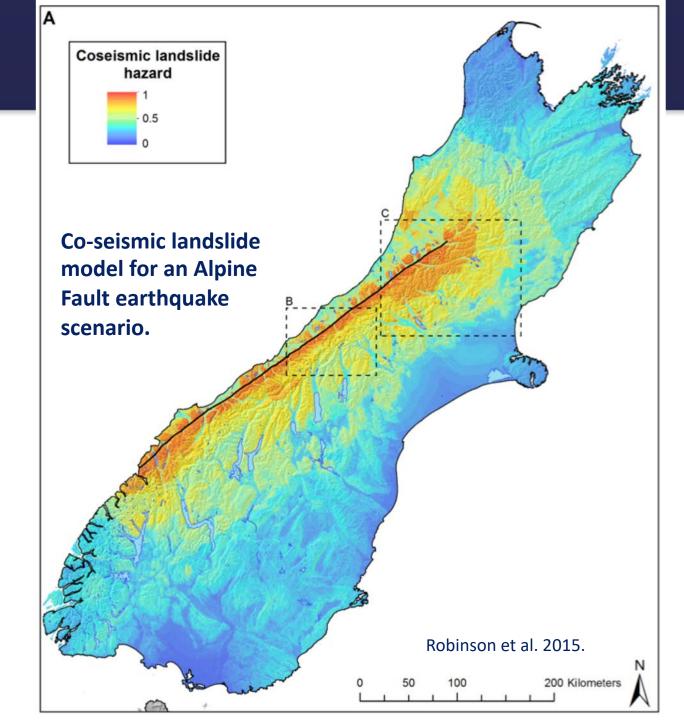
Liquefaction in Christchurch: CEISMIC Digital Archive (Mark Lincoln)



Landslides on SH1 following the Kaikoura earthquake (GeoNet)

Secondary Hazards





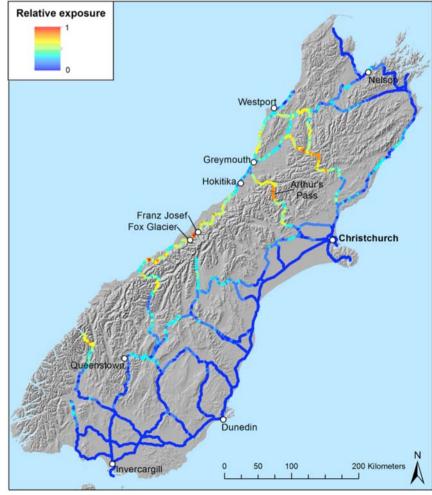
State Highway Network



South Island road network exposure

- Traverses steep, landslide prone terrain
- Little redundancy in networks
- Loss of roads will hinder response and recovery
- Road closures will have long term impacts on economy



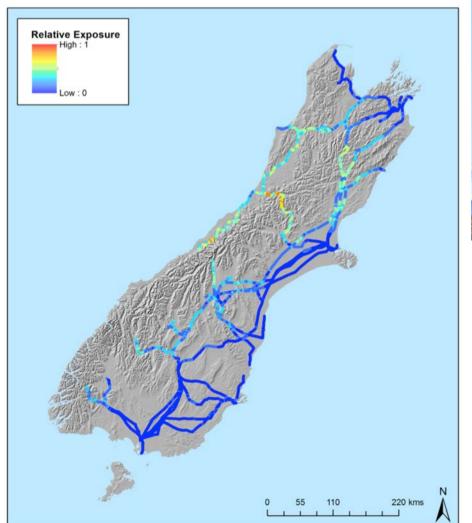


Electricity Network



- Pylon/poles damaged
- Transformers damaged
- Dam shutdowns restart requires power
- Inter-island connection vulnerable

Implications for North Island supply







Benmore Dar

Telecommunications Network



- ► Telecommunications increasingly important for post-disaster response coordination and community well-being
- Disruption due to loss of electricity and loss of access to site (generator + fuel) estimated to be largest impact

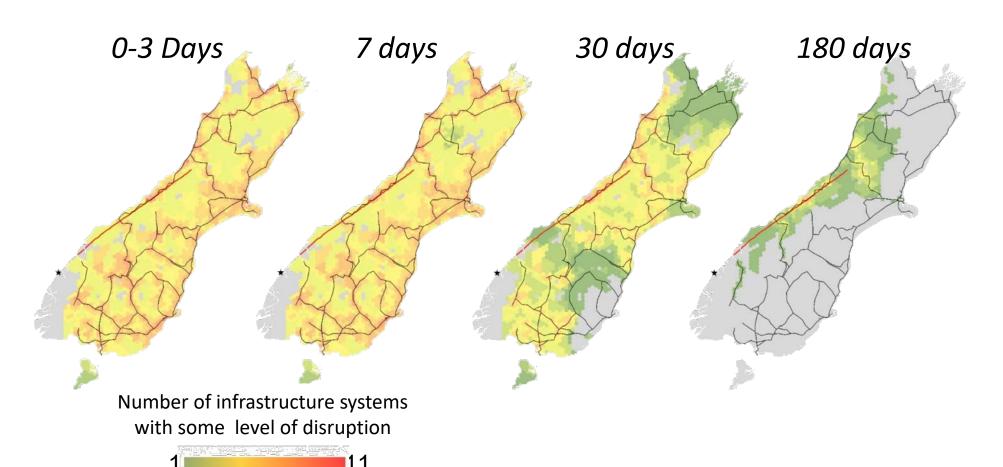


Infrastructure recovery



AF8 Scenario:

Recovery of cumulative disruption of infrastructure networks







Year 4 2019-20



Response

- National Exercise Planning
- SAFER Planning
- Multi-agency planning

Engagement

- Science outreach
- Public Education
- Science Beneath Our Feet roadshow and forums

Risk Communication

- Digital media
- Coordinated communication across national projects

Recovery

- Tourism
- Economic

- Hazard Science
- Cultural / Community

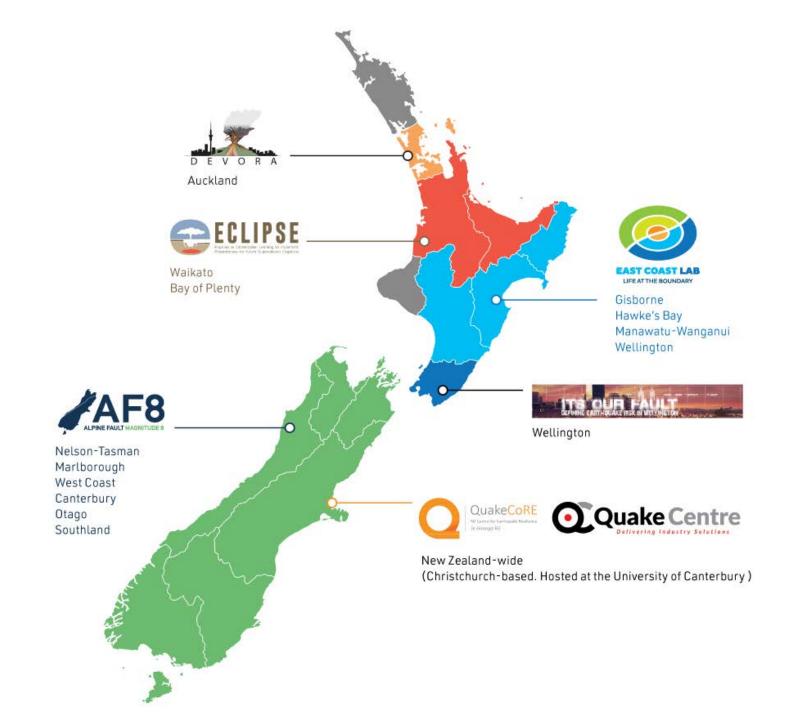
Regional Natural Hazard Programme Alliances









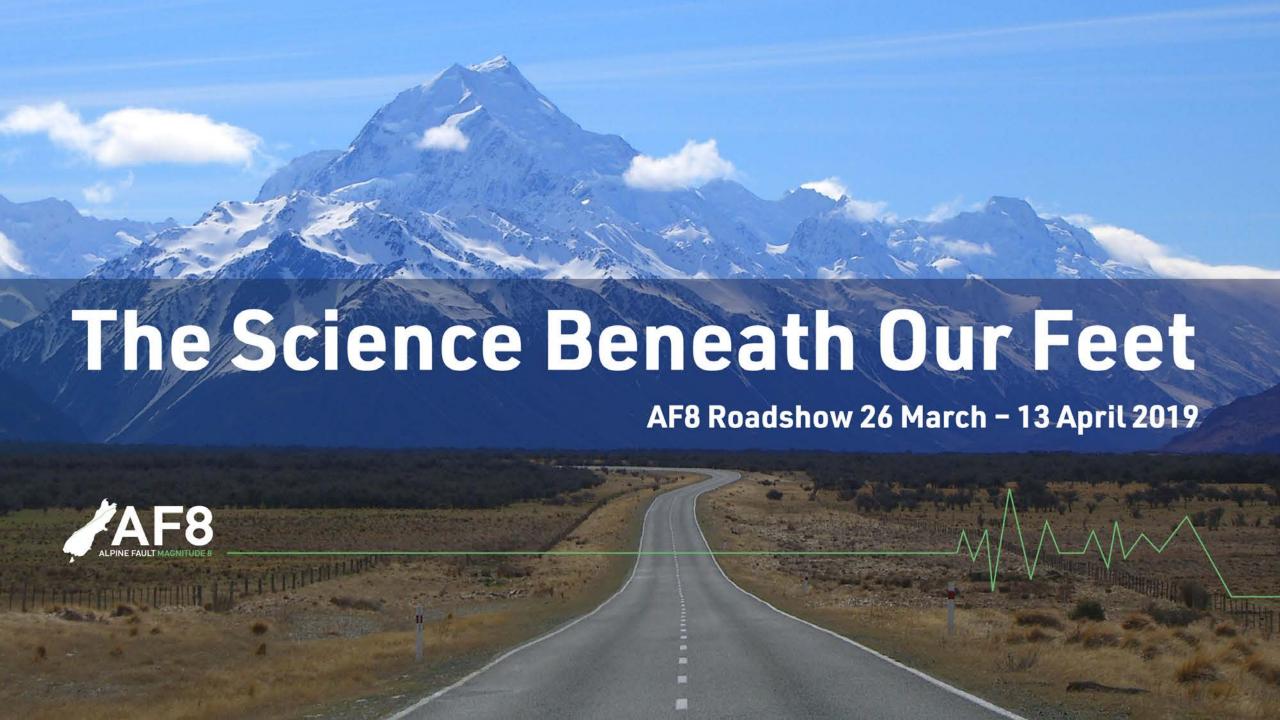


Outreach and Engagement



- Tier 3 South Island AF8 Exercise, November 2019
- Tier 4 National Exercise on the Alpine Fault, October 2020





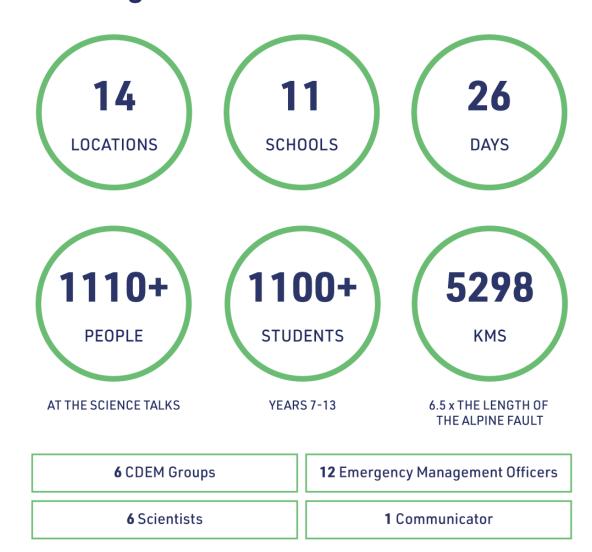
AF8 Roadshow



AF8 Roadshow The Science Beneath Our Feet

Bringing Alpine Fault science and hazard impact information to South Island communities, in areas most likely to be affected by an AF8 earthquake.

Sharing the Science Beneath Our Feet



AF8 Roadshow



The Science Beneath Our Feet

- ► Interactive school sessions with Y7-13 students
- Community Science Talks







TOURISM FORUM

26 September 2019 Distinction Hotel | Te Anau





@alpinefault8

Followers you know

Followers



Hon. Peeni Henare MP 🔗

@PeeniHenare Follows you

Member of Parliament for Tāmaki Makaurau MP, Parliament Buildings, Wellington).



SAFER

SOUTH ISLAND / TE WAIPONAMU ALPINE FAULT EARTHQUAKE RESPONSE

FORUM

23 October 2019 | Nelson





AF8 – KEY MESSAGES





- ► High chance next AF earthquake will be a Mw8
- Effects across South Island and lower North Island
- Widespread secondary hazards (e.g. landsliding) will present immediate and long-term issues
- Likely isolation of areas for long periods of time, and extended utility service outages
- 'Scenario earthquakes' never quite what is expected
- Strong pre-existing networks essential

An Alpine Fault earthquake will happen again Preparation is key



Thank you!

www.af8.org.nz



RESILIENCE TO NATURE'S CHALLENGES









