

Crown Pastoral Land Tenure Review

Lease name : CAITHNESS

Lease number : PO 355

Preliminary Proposal

A Preliminary Proposal is advertised for public submissions as per Section 43 of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998.

The report attached is released under the Official Information Act 1982.

PROPOSAL FOR REVIEW OF CROWN LAND
Under Part 2 of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998

Date:

Parties

Holder: Andrew James Bruce Neilson, Sarah Elizabeth Neilson and
Dennis John Mullally
2575 Dunback-Morrisons Road, Palmerston

Commissioner of Crown Lands: C/- The Manager Tenure Review
Darroch Limited
Level 1, 62 Riccarton Road,
P O Box 142
Christchurch

The Land

Lease: Caithness

Legal Description: Run 819 and Section 90 Block V Waihemo Survey District

Area: 2,211.1760 hectares

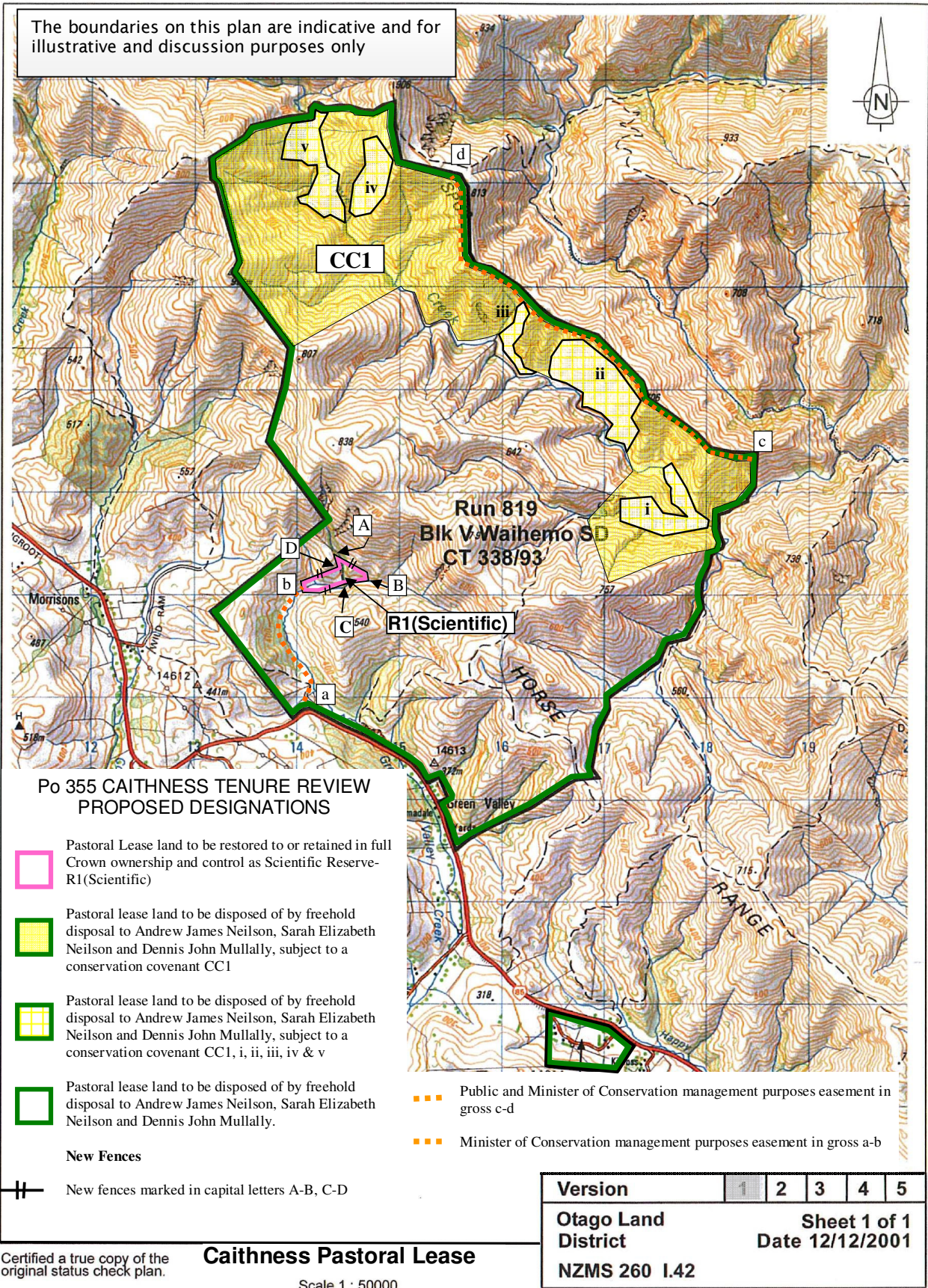
Certificate of Title/Unique Identifier: OT338/93 Otago Land Registry

Summary of Designations

Under this Proposal, the Land is designated as follows:

- (a) The Crown Land (shown edged in pink on the Plan) is to be restored to, or retained by, the Crown as set out in Schedules One and Two; and
- (b) The Freehold Land (shown edged in green on the Plan) is to be disposed by freehold disposal to the Holder as set out in Schedule Three.

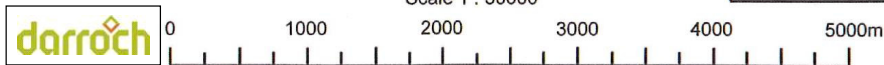
1 The Plan



Certified a true copy of the original status check plan.

Caithness Pastoral Lease

Scale 1 : 50000



Graphics by :
TL Survey Services Ltd
DUNEDIN

2 Conditions

- 2.1 This Proposal, and any agreement arising therefrom, is subject to the conditions contained in Schedule Four (if any).

3 Settlement

- 3.1 Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the Settlement Date for the disposal of the Freehold Land to the Holder by freehold disposal will be the day that is TEN (10) working days following the day on which Land Information New Zealand notifies the Commissioner that the Final Plan and a copy of this Proposal are registered in accordance with the Act.

- 3.2 The Freehold Land will be disposed of to the Holder under the Land Act 1948.

- 3.3 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if, as at the Settlement Date (as determined pursuant to clause 3.1), the rent payable under the Lease is subject to a Rent Review, then the Commissioner may elect to:

(a) settle on the Settlement Date on the basis that the Commissioner may retain from the Commissioner's Payment an amount which the Commissioner, acting reasonably, estimates will be payable by the Holder to the Commissioner following agreement or determination of the Rent Review ("the Retention"). The Retention shall be held by the Crown Law Office in an on-call, interest-bearing trust account in the joint names of the parties for their respective rights and interests. Upon agreement or determination of the Rent Review, the Commissioner shall calculate the rent shortfall payable by the Holder to the Commissioner in respect of the period from the effective date of the Rent Review to the Settlement Date, both dates inclusive ("the Shortfall"). If:

(i) the Shortfall is less than the Retention and the net interest earned thereon, the balance shall be paid by the Commissioner to the Holder within TEN (10) working days; or

(ii) the Shortfall is more than the Retention and the net interest earned thereon, the balance shall be paid by the Holder to the Commissioner within TEN (10) working days;

or

(b) defer the Settlement Date until TEN (10) working days after the rent payable as a consequence of the Rent Review:

(i) has been agreed or determined; and

(ii) is not and will not be subject to any appeal, rehearing or other proceedings.

4 Holder's Payment

- 4.1 By 3.00 p.m. on the Settlement Date, the Holder must pay the Holder's Payment and all other money payable to the Commissioner or the duly appointed agent of the Commissioner by bank cheque without set-off or deduction of any kind in accordance with the settlement requirements of the Commissioner.

- 4.2 If the Holder fails to pay the Holder's Payment or any part of it or any other money to the Commissioner or to the duly appointed agent of the Commissioner on the Settlement Date clause 19 will apply.

5 Commissioner's Payment

- 5.1 The Commissioner shall pay the Commissioner's Payment to the Holder on the Settlement Date.
- 5.2 No interest shall be payable to the Holder by the Commissioner in respect of the Commissioner's Payment, including (without limitation) for the period from the Vesting Date to the Settlement Date.

6 Vesting of Crown Land

- 6.1 The Crown Land will vest in the Crown on the Vesting Date.

7 Issue of Certificate of Title

- 7.1 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Proposal, the Commissioner will not request that the Surveyor-General issue a certificate to the Registrar pursuant to section 116 of the Land Act 1948 (to enable a certificate of title to issue for the Freehold Land) unless and until:
- (a) the Commissioner has received the Holder's Payment from the Holder under clause 4, and all other money payable by the Holder under this Proposal and the Notice;
 - (b) the Holder has provided to the Commissioner duplicate copies of the certificate of title relating to the Lease (if any) and/or the Lease if requested by the Commissioner;
 - (c) the Holder has signed and returned to the Commissioner all documents required by the Commissioner to be signed by the Holder to give effect to this Proposal (including, without limitation, any permit, covenant, easement and/or any other document); and
 - (d) the Holder has procured a registrable discharge of any Mortgage and provided this to the Commissioner together with any new mortgage documents to be registered against the Freehold Land.

8 Registration of Documents

- 8.1 Subject to clause 7, the Commissioner will lodge all documents necessary to give effect to this Proposal (including, without limitation any easement, covenant, discharge of mortgage, and/or duplicate copy of the Lease) and any new mortgage documents to be registered against the certificate of title to be issued for the Freehold Land so that the certificate of title for the Freehold Land will issue subject to the encumbrances provided in this Proposal. Any new mortgage will be registered after any other encumbrances such as any easements and/or covenants are registered.

9 Consents

- 9.1 The Holder must obtain the written consent to the Holder's acceptance of this Proposal from all persons having an interest in the Land (other than the Holder), including, but not limited to:
- (a) any Mortgagee(s);
 - (b) any party entitled to the benefit of a land improvement agreement registered against the Lease and/or the Land; and
 - (c) any other person that the Commissioner reasonably believes has an interest in the Land or who the Holder reasonably believes has an interest in the Land, whether registered or not.
- 9.2 The consents required under clause 9.1 must be in a form acceptable to the Commissioner in all respects and be returned to the Commissioner with this Proposal on its acceptance by the Holder. Examples of the form of consents required under clause 9.1 are set out in Appendix 1.
- 9.3 The Holder must also obtain, and provide to the Commissioner if requested, all consents necessary for the Holder to accept this Proposal including (without limitation) any:
- (a) corporate and/or trustee consents; and
 - (b) consent required under the Overseas Investment Act 2005 and the Overseas Investment Regulations 2005.

- 9.4 The Holder will procure the Mortgagee to execute a registrable discharge of the Mortgage and, if required by the Mortgagee, the Holder will execute registrable new mortgage documents and forward these to the Commissioner to be registered as set out in clause 8.
- 9.5 If required by the Mortgagee, the Commissioner will provide an undertaking that, subject to the provisions of clause 7 being satisfied, the Commissioner will register the discharge of the Mortgage and register any new mortgage against the certificate of title for Freehold Land at the same time as the certificate of title for the Freehold Land issues.

10 Continuation of Lease

- 10.1 The Lease will remain in full force and effect until a certificate of title issues for the Freehold Land. Notwithstanding when Settlement Date occurs, until a certificate of title issues for the Freehold Land the Holder will duly and punctually comply with all obligations on its part under the Lease (other than as set out at clause 12.1 (b)) and the Lease will remain in full force and effect.
- 10.2 From the date that a certificate of title is issued for the Freehold Land the Lease is deemed to be surrendered and, subject to clause 10.3, the Commissioner releases and discharges the Holder from the performance and observance of all covenants, conditions and obligations under the Lease.
- 10.3 The release and discharge in clause 10.2:
- (a) is without prejudice to the rights, remedies and powers of the Commissioner contained in the Lease (except as varied in accordance with clause 12.1(b)); and
 - (b) will not release or discharge the Holder from any liability under the Lease, arising prior to the date that the certificate of title for the Freehold Land is issued, under any statute or by any reason where such liability is due to the fault of the Holder.
- 10.4 As from the Vesting Date, the Holder will not have any estate, right or claim against any of the land, improvements, fencing, buildings, structures, fixtures, fittings or chattels on the Crown Land (subject to the provisions of any permit, easement, concession, other encumbrance or document provided under this Proposal). The Holder will not be entitled to any compensation for any of its improvements, fencing, buildings, structures, fixtures, fittings or chattels which are on the Crown Land as at the Vesting Date.

11 Fencing and Construction Works

- 11.1 If the Holder has accepted this Proposal and that acceptance has taken effect pursuant to the Act, the Commissioner will, subject to clauses 11.2 and 14.4, erect at the Commissioner's cost new fencing:
- (a) approximately along the line marked "New Fencing Line" on the Plan; and
 - (b) to the specifications in Appendix 3;
- ("the Fencing").
- 11.2 If the Fencing requires a resource consent or any other consent from any local or territorial authority ("the Fencing Consent"), the following provisions shall apply:
- (a) The Commissioner shall use reasonable endeavours to obtain the Fencing Consent within 6 months of this Proposal taking effect pursuant to the Act.
 - (b) If the Fencing Consent:
 - (i) is not obtained within 6 months of this Proposal taking effect pursuant to the Act; and/or
 - (ii) is obtained on terms which are not satisfactory to the Commissioner in all respects;

the Commissioner may, acting reasonably, elect to do any one or more of the following:

- (iii) erect the Fencing in a position different from that shown on the Plan;
- (iv) erect the Fencing over a shorter distance than that shown on the Plan; or
- (v) erect the Fencing to specifications different from those in Appendix 3.

- 11.3 If the Commissioner has not completed the Fencing by the Settlement Date, the Holder agrees that the Commissioner may register a covenant, on terms entirely satisfactory to the Commissioner (in the Commissioner's sole discretion), over the Freehold Land to enable the Commissioner to complete the Fencing. The Holder will do all things necessary (including signing any document) to enable the Commissioner to register such a covenant.
- 11.4 The ongoing maintenance of the Fencing referred to in clauses 11.1 and 11.2 will be subject to the terms of the Fencing Act 1978.
- 11.5 If the Holder has accepted this Proposal and that acceptance has taken effect pursuant to the Act, [the Commissioner] [the Holder] [both parties] will, subject to clause 11.6, undertake the construction works set out in Appendix 3 on the terms and conditions set out in Appendix 3 ("the Construction Works").
- 11.6 If any Construction Works for which the Commissioner is liable, or jointly liable with the Holder, require a resource consent or any other consent from any local or territorial authority ("the Works Consent"), the following provisions shall apply:
- (a) The Commissioner shall use reasonable endeavours to obtain the Works Consent within 6 months of this Proposal taking effect pursuant to the Act.
 - (b) If the Works Consent:
 - (i) is not obtained within 6 months of this Proposal taking effect pursuant to the Act; and/or
 - (ii) is obtained on terms which are not satisfactory to the Commissioner in all respects;
- the Commissioner may, acting reasonably, elect to vary the extent of the Construction Works in question and/or the terms and conditions upon which they are carried out.

12 Apportionments

- 12.1 Rent payable under the Lease in respect of the Freehold Land shall be apportioned as follows:
- (a) Rent paid or payable will be apportioned on the Settlement Date as at the Settlement Date and either deducted from or added to (as the case may be) the amount required to settle.
 - (b) Notwithstanding that the Lease continues in effect until a certificate of title issues for the Freehold Land, the Holder shall not be required to pay any rent under the Lease for the Freehold Land from the Settlement Date.
- 12.2 Rent paid or payable under the Lease for the Crown Land will be apportioned on the Settlement Date as at the Vesting Date and either deducted from or added to (as the case may be) the amount required to settle.
- 12.3 All rates, levies, and all other incomings and outgoings and other charges receivable from or charged upon the Freehold Land will, unless otherwise agreed by the parties, be apportioned on the Settlement Date as at the Settlement Date.

12.4 All rates, levies and all other incomings and outgoings and other charges receivable from or charged upon the Crown Land will be apportioned on the Settlement Date as at the Vesting Date and either deducted from or added to (as the case may be) the amount required to settle.

12.5 Following the date that a certificate of title issues for the Freehold Land, the Commissioner will undertake a final apportionment and either the Commissioner will pay to the Holder, or the Holder will pay to the Commissioner, any additional amounts due because of any payments made or received by one party on behalf of the other for the period from the Settlement Date to the date on which a new certificate of title issues for the Freehold Land.

13 Risk

13.1 On and with effect from the Unconditional Date all risk of any nature in respect of the Freehold Land will pass from the Commissioner to the Holder. For the avoidance of doubt, the Holder's current risk in respect of matters arising under the Lease, including, without limitation, the Holder's risk in respect of all improvements, buildings, fencing, fixtures, fittings and chattels, will continue to remain with the Holder until the Lease is deemed to be surrendered under clause 10.2.

13.2 The Holder will be required to comply with its settlement obligations under this Proposal irrespective of any damage to, or destruction of, the Freehold Land prior to the Settlement Date.

14 Survey

14.1 All areas of the Land forming part of this Proposal and delineated on the Plan are approximate and subject to preparation of the Final Plan. The measurements of the areas may therefore alter on the Final Plan.

14.2 No error, misdescription or amendment of any part of the Land will annul, vary, or derogate from this Proposal, or the Holder's acceptance of this Proposal.

14.3 For the avoidance of doubt, the Holder will not be entitled to cancel or withdraw its acceptance of this Proposal, nor will the Holder, or any successor in title of the Holder or any party with an interest in the Land, be entitled to payment of any compensation, should any area of the Land on the Final Plan have a different measurement to the area specified in this Proposal.

14.4 The Commissioner does not warrant that any existing fence is erected on, or that any new fence to be erected will be on, any boundaries of the Land or any part of the Land as outlined on the Plan or the Final Plan.

15 Holder's Acknowledgements

15.1 If the Holder accepts this Proposal and that acceptance takes effect under the Act, the Holder acknowledges that:

- (a) it is obtaining the freehold interest in the Freehold Land:
 - (i) "as is", solely in reliance on its own investigations and judgement; and
 - (ii) not in reliance on any representation or warranty made by the Commissioner, its employees, agents or any other person or persons directly or indirectly associated with the Commissioner;
- (b) the Holder has carried out all inspections of the Freehold Land which the Holder considers necessary to satisfy itself as to all matters relating to the Freehold Land;
- (c) the Holder, at its cost, is entirely responsible for all work to ensure that the Freehold Land complies with all applicable laws including (without limitation):
 - (i) the Resource Management Act 1991 and the Resource Management Amendment Act 2005; and
 - (ii) any rule in any plan, resource consent or other requirement issued under the Resource Management Act 1991, and
 - (iii) the Building Act 2004 and the Building Amendment Act 2009; and

the Holder hereby indemnifies and will indemnify the Commissioner against all losses, damages and expenses incurred by the Commissioner and against all claims made against the Commissioner in respect of any work or costs for which the Holder is liable under this clause 15;

- (d) nothing in this Proposal is affected by, and the Commissioner has no liability of any nature in respect of, the existence or terms of any leases, licences or other occupation rights of any nature (if any) granted by the Holder in respect of the Land; and
- (e) the Holder has no claim (and will not have any claim) whatsoever against the Crown and/or Commissioner in relation to the Tenure Review and/or this Proposal, including (without limitation) any claim for any misrepresentation or for any loss or damage suffered whether in contract, tort (including negligence) or otherwise.

16 No Representations or Warranties by the Commissioner

- 16.1 The Commissioner gives no representations or warranties of any nature in respect of the Freehold Land. Without limitation, the Commissioner does not warrant:
- (a) the accuracy of any matter in the Notice or this Proposal or in any notice, or any correspondence or other information provided to the Holder by the Commissioner or by any agent, contractor or employee of the Commissioner; or
 - (b) that the Freehold Land is or will remain suitable for the Holder's use; or
 - (c) that the Freehold Land complies with all or any statutory, territorial authority or any other legal requirements affecting or relevant to the Freehold Land.

17 Acceptance

- 17.1 The Holder's acceptance of this Proposal is irrevocable and constitutes a binding agreement between the Commissioner and the Holder.
- 17.2 If the Commissioner does not receive an acceptance to this Proposal from the Holder within three (3) months of putting it (in its substantive form) to the Holder, the Holder is deemed to have rejected this Proposal.

18 Solicitors Certificate

- 18.1 The Holder must procure the Holder's solicitors to provide the Commissioner with a solicitor's certificate (in a form satisfactory to the Commissioner, in its reasonable opinion) relating to such matters as the Holder's execution of this Proposal and the Holder's execution of any documents required to give effect to this Proposal (including, without limitation any easement, protective mechanism and/or concession). An example of the form of solicitors certificate required is set out at Appendix 2.
- 18.2 The Holder must return the completed solicitor's certificate to the Commissioner with this Proposal on its acceptance by the Holder.

19 Default

- 19.1 If from any cause whatever (except the default of the Commissioner) all or any part of the Holder's Payment or any other money payable by the Holder to the Commissioner is not paid on the due date the Holder will pay to the Commissioner interest at the Default Rate on the part of the Holder's Payment or any other money payable by the Holder to the Commissioner so unpaid from the due date until the date of actual payment in full.
- 19.2 The Commissioner's rights under this clause 19 are without prejudice to any other rights or remedies available to the Commissioner at law or in equity.

20 Goods and Services Tax

- 20.1 The Commissioner and the Holder warrant to each other that they are registered for GST purposes.

- 20.2 On the 10th working day following the Unconditional Date, the Commissioner will provide to the Holder a GST invoice in respect of the supply evidenced by the Holder's Consideration. The invoice will specify the Commissioner's GST Date.
- 20.3 The Holder will pay GST on the Holder's Consideration to the Commissioner by bank cheque on the Commissioner's GST Date, time being of the essence.
- 20.4 On the 10th working day following the Unconditional Date, the Holder will provide to the Commissioner a GST invoice in respect of the supply evidenced by the Commissioner's Consideration.
- 20.5 The Commissioner will pay GST on the Commissioner's Consideration to the Holder on the Commissioner's GST Date, time being of the essence.
- 20.6 Where any GST is not paid to the Commissioner or to the Holder (as the case may be) in accordance with this clause 20, the Holder will pay to the Commissioner, or the Commissioner will pay to the Holder (as the case may be), upon demand and together with the unpaid GST:
- (a) interest, at the Default Rate, on the amount of the unpaid GST and which will accrue from the Commissioner's GST Date until the date of payment of the unpaid GST; and
 - (b) any Default GST.

21 Lowest price

- 21.1 The Holder's Consideration does not include any capitalised interest and the parties agree that the "lowest price" for the purposes of valuing the Freehold Land under section EW 32(3) of the Income Tax Act 2007 is equal to the Holder's Consideration.
- 21.2 The Commissioner's Consideration does not include any capitalised interest and the parties agree that the "lowest price" for the purposes of valuing the Crown Land under section EW 32(3) of the Income Tax Act 2007 is equal to the Commissioner's Consideration.

22 Costs

- 22.1 The Commissioner will meet the costs of the survey (if any) of the Land, including all designation areas, the Final Plan and for a certificate of title to issue for the Freehold Land.
- 22.2 The Holder is responsible for all costs the Holder incurs in respect of and incidental to the Tenure Review. In particular, but without limitation, the Holder shall bear all its costs in relation to the review of all documentation forming part of the Tenure Review (including this Proposal), and all professional advice provided to or sought by the Holder.

23 No nomination or assignment

- 23.1 The Holder is not entitled to, and is expressly prohibited from, nominating another person to perform the Holder's obligations under this Proposal or assigning to another person the Holder's interest (or any part) under this Proposal.

24 Recreation Permit

- 24.1 Immediately on the registration of the Final Plan and a copy of the proposal to which it relates over the Land and pursuant to s64 of the Act, any recreation permit granted over the Land shall be determined.

25 Consents for Activities

- 25.1 If the Holder has been granted a consent by the Commissioner to do an activity on the land under sections 15 or 16 of the Act, and the area over which the consent is exercised is designated in the proposal as Crown Land then the Holder agrees to act in good faith whilst exercising the terms of consent and not damage or destroy the Crown Land or anything thereon.

26 General

- 26.1 This Proposal and the Notice:
- (a) constitute the entire understanding and agreement between the Commissioner, the Crown and the Holder in relation to the Tenure Review; and
 - (b) supersede and extinguish all prior agreements and understandings between the Crown, the Commissioner and the Holder relating to the Tenure Review.
- 26.2 Each provision of this Proposal will continue in full force and effect to the extent that it is not fully performed at the Settlement Date.
- 26.3 The Holder must comply with the Commissioner's requirements for the implementation and settlement of the Tenure Review contemplated by this Proposal.
- 26.4 The Commissioner and the Holder will sign and execute all deeds, agreements, schedules and other documents and do all acts and things as may be reasonably required by the other to effectively carry out and give effect to the terms and intentions of this Proposal.
- 26.5 This Proposal is governed by, and must be construed under, the laws of New Zealand and the Commissioner and the Holder irrevocably submit to the jurisdiction of the New Zealand courts or other New Zealand system of dispute resolution.
- 26.6 The illegality, invalidity or unenforceability of any provision in this Proposal will not affect the legality, validity or enforceability of any other provision.
- 26.7 In relation to notices and other communications under this Proposal:
- (a) each notice or other communication is to be in writing, and sent by facsimile, personal delivery or by post to the addressee at the facsimile number or address, and marked for the attention of the person or office holder (if any), from time to time designated for that purpose by the addressee to the other party. Other than the address to which the Holder is to send its acceptance of this Proposal (which the Commissioner will specifically notify the Holder of) the address, person or office holder (if any) for each party is shown on the front page of this Proposal;
 - (b) no communication is to be effective until received. A communication will be deemed to be received by the addressee:
 - (i) in the case of a facsimile, on the working day on which it is despatched or, if despatched after 5.00 p.m. on a working day or, if despatched on a non-working day, on the next working day after the date of dispatch;
 - (ii) in the case of personal delivery (including, but not limited to, courier by a duly authorised agent of the person sending the communication), on the working day on which it is delivered, or if delivery is not made on a working day, on the next working day after the date of delivery; and
 - (iii) in the case of a letter, on the fifth working day after mailing (postage paid).

27 Interpretation

27.1 Definitions

In this Proposal unless the context otherwise requires:

Act means the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998;

Commissioner means the Commissioner of Crown Lands appointed under section 24AA of the Land Act 1948;

Commissioner's Consideration means the amount payable by the Commissioner to the Holder by equality of exchange for the surrender of the leasehold interest in the Lease in relation to the Crown Land, as specified in the Notice;

Commissioner's GST Date means the earlier of Settlement Date or the fifth working day before the day on which the Commissioner is due to pay to the Inland Revenue Department all GST payable by the Commissioner in respect of the supply made under this Proposal;

Commissioner's Payment means the balance of the Commissioner's Consideration payable by the Commissioner to the Holder by equality of exchange for the Crown Land, as specified in the Notice (if any);

Crown Land means the land (including any improvements) set out in Schedule One and the land (including any improvements) set out in Schedule Two (if any);

Default GST means any additional GST, penalty or other sum levied against either the Commissioner or the Holder under the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985 or the Tax Administration Act 1994 by reason of either the Commissioner or the Holder failing to pay GST as required by this Proposal. It does not include any sum levied against the Commissioner or the Holder by reason of a default by the Commissioner after payment of GST to the Commissioner by the Holder or by reason of a default by the Holder after payment of GST to the Holder by the Commissioner;

Default Rate means the rate of 11 per cent per annum;

Fencing means any stock proof farm fence.

Fencing Consent means any and all consents required for fencing under the Resource Management Act 1991.

Final Plan means the final plan for the Land prepared and submitted by the Commissioner to the Surveyor-General under sections 62(4)(c) and (d) of the Act;

Freehold Land means the land set out in Schedule Three;

GST means all goods and services tax payable by the Commissioner or the Holder under the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985 in respect of their respective supplies evidenced by this Proposal;

Holder means holder shown on the front page of this Proposal (being the lessee under the Lease);

Holder's Consideration means the amount payable by the Holder to the Commissioner by equality of exchange for the freehold of the Freehold Land, as specified in the Notice;

Holder's Payment means the balance of the Holder's Consideration payable by the Holder to the Commissioner by equality of exchange for the freehold of the Freehold Land, as specified in the Notice (if any);

Land means the land subject to the Tenure Review identified on the front page of this Proposal;

Lease means the lease described on the front page of this Proposal;

Mortgage means any mortgage (registered or unregistered) over the Land;

Mortgagee means the holder of any Mortgage;

Notice means the notice to the Holder setting out:

- (a) the Holder's Consideration;
- (b) the Commissioner's Consideration; and
- (c) the Holder's Payment or the Commissioner's Payment (as the case may be);

which includes amounts proposed to be paid by way of equality of exchange and accompanies this Proposal, but is not part of this Proposal;

Plan means the plan of the Land showing all designations on page 2 of this Proposal;

Registrar means the Registrar-General of Lands appointed pursuant to section 4 of the Land Transfer Act 1952;

Rent Review means the process for determination of the rent payable under the Lease as set out in sections 6 - 8 of the Act;

Settlement Date means the settlement date defined in clause 3.1;

Surveyor-General means the Surveyor-General appointed under section 5 of the Cadastral Survey Act 2002;

Tenure Review means the tenure review of the Land being undertaken by the Commissioner under the Act;

Unconditional Date means the date that the Commissioner receives from the Holder an executed copy of this Proposal signed by the Holder containing the signed consents of all persons having an interest in the Land to the Holder's acceptance of this Proposal which results in the acceptance taking effect under the Act;

Vesting Date means the date on which the Crown Land vests in the Crown pursuant to the Act;

Working day means a day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday, Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, the Sovereign's birthday, Labour Day, or a day during the period commencing on any Christmas Day and ending with the 15th day of the following January or a day which is a provincial holiday in the place where the obligation is to be performed.

Works Consent means any and all consents required under the Resource Management Act 1991 and the Resource Management Amendment Act 2005; and/or the Building Act 2004.

27.2 Construction of certain references

In this Proposal, unless inconsistent with the context:

- (a) a reference to a certificate of title includes a reference to a computer register;
- (b) words importing a gender include all genders;
- (c) reference to a statute includes reference to all enactments that amend or are passed in substitution for the relevant statute and to all regulations relating to that statute;
- (d) words in the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (e) reference to a month means a calendar month;
- (f) reference to a person means an individual, a body corporate, an association of persons (whether corporate or not), a trust or a state or agency of a state (in each case, whether or not having separate legal personality);
- (g) references to sections, clauses, sub-clauses, parts, annexures, attachments, appendices, schedules, paragraphs and sub-paragraphs are references to such as they appear in this Proposal and form part of this Proposal;
- (h) headings are included for ease of reference only and will not affect the construction or interpretation of this Proposal;
- (i) all monetary amounts are expressed in New Zealand currency;
- (j) references to obligations includes reference to covenants, undertakings, warranties and, generally, obligations or liabilities of any nature properly arising whether directly or indirectly, under or in respect of the relevant contract, agreement or arrangement;
- (k) all references to times are references to times in New Zealand;
- (l) if the Holder comprises more than one person, each of those persons' obligations, as Holder, will be both joint and several.

Schedule One: Provisions relating to the Schedule One Land

1 Details of Designation

- 1.1 Under this Proposal the land shown marked in pink and labelled R1 (Scientific) on the Plan, being **10** hectares (approximately) is designated as land to be restored to or retained in full Crown ownership and control as Scientific Reserve.

2 Schedule One Improvements

N/A

Schedule Two: Provisions relating to the Schedule Two Land

1 Details of designation

N/A

[2 Information Concerning Proposed Concession]

N/A

Schedule Three: Provisions relating to the Schedule Three Land

1 Details of designation

- 1.1 Under this Proposal the land shown marked in green on the Plan, being **2,201** hectares (approximately) is designated as land to be disposed of by freehold disposal to the Holder subject to:
- (a) Part IVA of the Conservation Act 1987;
 - (b) Section 11 of the Crown Minerals Act 1991;
 - (c) the easement marked as a-b and c-d on the Plan and substantially as set out in Appendix 4; and
 - (d) the covenant (shown as CC1 and CC1i to CC1v on the Plan in yellow wash and yellow hatch)substantially as set out in Appendix 5.

Schedule Four: Conditions

- 1 The Commissioner is under no obligation, and may decide, in its sole discretion, not to proceed further with the Tenure Review unless and until:
- (a) the Commissioner considers that sufficient funds will be obtained in order to complete the Tenure Review;
 - (b) the Director General of Conservation has completed all actions required under Part IVA of the Conservation Act 1987;
 - (c) the Commissioner has reviewed, and is satisfied, in its sole discretion that the easement referred to in Appendix 4 is in an acceptable form, has been executed, consented by the necessary parties and has been registered against the Lease.
 - (d) the Commissioner has reviewed, and is satisfied, in its sole discretion that the covenant referred to in Appendix 5 is in an acceptable form, has been executed, consented by the necessary parties and has been registered against the Lease

Appendix 1: Consents – Example of Mortgagee Consent

[] as Mortgagee under Mortgage [] (“the Mortgage”), hereby:

- (a) consents to acceptance of the Proposal dated [] (“the Proposal”) by [the Holder] (“the Holder”) pursuant to the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 and agrees and consents to the registration of the documents affecting the Freehold Land referenced in the Proposal prior to the registration of any new mortgage to be granted in its favour over the Freehold Land ; and
- (b) agrees to sign and execute all deeds, agreements, schedules and other documents and do all acts and things as may be reasonably required by the Holder or the Commissioner to register a discharge of the Mortgage and any new mortgage over the Freehold Land.

Dated:

SIGNED by []) _____
in the presence of: []) _____

Witness Signature: _____

Witness Name:
Occupation:
Address:

Appendix 1: Consents (continued) - Example of "Other" Consent

[], being the party entitled to the benefit of [] registered against Lease [], hereby consents to the acceptance of the Proposal dated [] by [the Holder] pursuant to the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998.

Dated:

SIGNED for and on behalf of)
[])
in the presence of:)

Witness Signature:

Witness Name:
Occupation:
Address:

Appendix 2: Example of Solicitors Certificate

Certifications

I [] hereby certify as follows:

1. [[insert name of Holder] ("the Holder") is a duly incorporated company under the Companies Act 1993. The Holder's entry into and performance of its obligations under the Proposal dated [] ("the Proposal") have been duly authorised by the directors and, if required, by the shareholders of the Holder. The Holder has executed the Proposal in accordance with its constitution.] **OR**

The entry into the Proposal dated [] ("the Proposal") by [insert name of Holder] ("the Holder") and performance of the Holder's obligations under the Proposal have been duly authorised by the trustees of the [insert name of trust] in accordance with its trust deed **OR**

[[insert name of Holder] ("the Holder") has delegated responsibility for signing the Proposal on its behalf to an attorney in accordance with its constitution. The attorney of the Holder has properly executed the Proposal in accordance with this power of attorney and in accordance with the Holder's constitution and a certificate of non-revocation is enclosed.]

2. The consent of each person that has an interest (registered or unregistered) in the Land (as that term is defined in the Proposal), to the Holder's acceptance of the Proposal has been obtained and included in the copy of the Proposal, signed by the Holder, that has been provided to the Commissioner.
3. [No consent, licence, approval or authorisation by any court, regulatory authority or governmental agency is required to enable the Holder to accept the Proposal, perform the Holder's obligations under the Proposal and to acquire the freehold interest in the Land (as defined in the Proposal).] **OR**

[All necessary consents, licences, approvals and authorisations required to enable the Holder to accept the Proposal, perform its obligations under it and to acquire the freehold interest in the Land (as defined in the Proposal) have been obtained. Evidence of the consents, licences, approvals and authorisations are attached to this letter.]

Yours faithfully

[signed by principal of law firm]

Appendix 3: Indicative Fencing and Construction Requirements

Fenceline

Indicative Fencing Requirements:

Specifications:

The fencing specification calls for the erection of a wooden post and seven wire fence with steel Y stakes between posts, to the indicative requirements set out in 1(a)

1.0 New Fence Lines

(a) Scientific Reserve Fence-A-B C-D

- 1.1 Six x 2.5 mm galvanized high tensile wires and the bottom wire being 4 mm galvanized mild steel. Total of 7 wires.
- 1.2 2.1 metre x 200 mm treated timber strainer posts with 2.4 metre x 125 mm stay posts to be used for gateways and end of strains.
- 1.3 1.8 metre x 125 mm treated wooden intermediate posts or T irons to be used at 20 metre gaps or at lesser intervals on appropriate high and low points as required. 117 cm (46") to remain out of the ground. Steel Y stakes, back to back, may be used on high spots and on corners instead of wooden posts or T irons, with tie backs on tussock country.
- 1.4 Six steel Y stakes per 20 metres to be used. Y stakes will be 1.65 metres in length.

Vegetation and Ground Clearance Requirements

- 1.5 The fence line runs through open tussock and scattered matagouri shrubland. The line may require hand clearing, where applicable.

2.0 Length and location:

- 2.1 New fence is to be erected along the lines marked as follows on the plan.

(a) Scientific Reserve fence shown marked A-B C-D (R1) approximately 1,000 metres.

3.0 Preliminary and General Matters

3.1 New Materials

All materials forming a permanent part of the fence shall be new and shall conform to any relevant New Zealand or international standard.

3.2 Standards

Materials forming a permanent part of the specified fence shall conform to the applicable standard. Such materials shall either identify the applicable standard on the label or certificate from the supplier or manufacturer shall be supplied stating the materials have been manufactured in a process that has been tested and which conforms to that standard.

Current standards that apply to fencing materials include but may not be limited to:

- 3471:1974 (NZS) Specifications for galvanized steel fencing wire plain and barbed.
- 3607:1989 (NZS) Specifications for round and part round timber fence posts.
- 3640:1992 (NZMP) Specifications of the minimum requirements of the NZ Timber Preservation Council Inc.
- D360:1986 (NZS/ASTM) Creosote Treatment
- 4534:1998 (AS/NZS) Zinc and zinc/aluminum alloy coating on steel wire.
- 4680:1999 (AS/NZS) Hot dip galvanized (zinc) coating on fabricated ferrous articles.

Where no applicable standard exists then materials shall be of best quality as generally accepted in the New Zealand farming and fencing industries.

Documentation would be required of:

- Manufacturers (or suppliers) warranties and test certificates where applicable.
- Guarantee certificates that transfer to the owners of the completed fences.
- Remedies available under the guarantee.
- Installation instructions for hardware where applicable to the warrantee and guarantee.

3.3 Blasting

Any blasting required to loosen or remove rock shall be undertaken using electric detonators to reduce the risk of fire.

3.4 Drilling

Any rock drilling will be undertaken with a rock drill no larger than 40mm diameter.

3.5 Spiking

Where placement of posts requires spiking, the spike shall be 90mm or more diameter.

3.6 Lacing

The top wire is to be laced to the top of the steel Y stake with 3.15 mm (9 gauge) wire.

4.0 **Materials General** – to be used except where these have been specifically modified by the provisions of Clause 5 which shall take precedence.

4.1 Wire

Fence wire will be 2.5mm galvanized high tensile steel wires and 4 mm galvanized mild steel wire all of which are to be of good quality. Tie-downs and tie-backs will be 4mm galvanized mild steel kept clear of any ground contact.

4.2 Infill Posts

Infill posts will be steel Y stakes or galvanized T irons for use on high spots.

4.3 Strainer, Intermediate and Angle Posts

All timber posts used will be round and ground treated.

- 4.4 Stay Block
12 x 2 x 24 ground treated.
- 4.5 Staples
Staples will be 50mm x 4mm barbed galvanized steel.
- 4.6 Permanent Wire Strainers
Permanent wire strainers are to be of the yoke and reel type with a sprung loaded locking bar.
- 4.7 Crossing Netting
Netting on creek and river crossings will be 7 wire galvanized sheep netting.
- 4.8 Swung Gate
The swung gate shall be manufactured of 32 mm 2.6wt galvanized steel pipe frame, suitable braced to withstand normal pressure by beef cattle and fully covered with 50mm chain mesh manufactured from 3.15 mm gauge wire and attached with 2.24 mm galvanized lacing wire.
- 4.9 Gate Chains
Gate chains will be galvanized steel chain and staple type.
- 4.10 Gate gudgeons
Gudgeons are to be of galvanized steel. Top gudgeon is to be lock through type and the bottom gudgeon a bolt through type.

5.0 **Best Practice**

- 5.1 Best fencing practice must be adhered to on all occasions.
- 5.2 Strains
Length of strains to be determined by the territory but to not exceed 300 metres for HT and 250 metres for No 8 wire. To conform to best practice and if applicable the wire manufacturing recommendations. Strain to account for weather conditions at time of strain.
- 5.3 Placement of timber strainers, posts and stays
Under no circumstances are any strainers, stays or posts to be shortened either prior to or subsequent to their placement in the ground.

All strainers are to be dug in or driven and rammed and footed. No.8 (4 mm) galvanised steel wire is to be used on foots. Strainer, angle and intermediate posts are to have a minimum of 117 cm (46") out of the ground. Stays are to be 1/3 of the way up posts.
- 5.4 Placement of wires
Wires are to be located on the grazing side of the boundary, except where there is a high risk of snow damage where they shall be placed on leeward side away from the prevailing snow. The bottom wire to be 100 -150 mm above the ground.

Post staples are to be driven well in but allow the wire to run through.

All wires are to be securely and neatly tied off and strained evenly. Figure 8 knots are to be used in all joins.

5.5 Gate

Swung gate must close against a post and be able to fully open back against the fence.

5.6 Netting at creek crossing

Netting to be hung at creek and river crossings and left to swing.

5.7 Tie Downs

Tie downs are to consist of half or full steel Y stakes according to conditions and the tie down is to be with 4mm mild steel galvanised wire (which is to remain above ground). If a post is a tie down, it is to be fixed to the Y stake by a 150mm x 6mm galvanized nail.

Anywhere that there is a 100 mm or more upward pull on the wires is to have a tie down placed.

5.8 Tie backs

Tie backs can be used on angle posts or T irons and are permitted on both sides of the fence.

6.0 Resource Management Consents

- 6.1 The construction of fencing is subject to the Commissioner obtaining any and all consents required pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991.

Appendix 4: Form of Easement to be Created

TRANSFER GRANT OF EASEMENT IN GROSS

1. Public Access
2. Access for Management Purposes

Land Transfer Act 1952

This page does not form part of the Transfer.

TRANSFER

Land Transfer Act 1952

If there is not enough space in any of the panels below, cross-reference to and use the approved Annexure Schedule: no other format will be received.

Land Registration District

[Empty box for Land Registration District]

Certificate of Title No. All or Part? Area and legal description – *Insert only when part or Stratum, CT*

[Empty box for Certificate of Title No.]	[Empty box for All or Part?]	[Empty box for Area and legal description]
--	------------------------------	--

Transferor Surnames must be underlined

COMMISSIONER OF CROWN LANDS, acting pursuant to section 80 of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998

Transferee Surnames must be underlined

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN, acting by and through the Minister of Conservation

Estate or Interest or Easement to be created: *Insert e.g. Fee simple; Leasehold in Lease No.; Right of way etc.*

Public Access and Management Purposes Easement in Gross under section 7(2) of the Conservation Act 1987 (continued on pages 2, 3 and 4 of Annexure Schedule). Easement to park motor vehicles under section 7(2) Conservation Act 1987(continued on pages 2, 3 and 4 of Annexure Schedule).

Consideration

The various considerations set out in a substantive proposal accepted under the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 on the day of

Operative Clause

For the above consideration (receipt of which is acknowledged) the TRANSFEROR TRANSFERS to the TRANSFEEE all the transferor's estate and interest in the land in the above Certificate(s) of Title and if an easement is described above such is granted or created.

Dated this day of

Attestation

Signed by acting under written delegation from the Commissioner of Crown Lands	Signed in my presence by the Transferor Signature of Witness	(continued on page 4 of Annexure Schedule)
	Witness to complete in BLOCK letters (unless typewritten or legibly stamped)	
Signature, or common seal of Transferor	Witness name	
	Occupation	
	Address	

Certified correct for the purposes of the Land Transfer Act 1952

Certified that no conveyance duty is payable by virtue of Section 24(1) of the Stamp and cheque Duties Act 1971.
(DELETE INAPPLICABLE CERTIFICATE)

[Empty box for signature]

Approved by Register-General of Land under No. 1995/5003
Annexure Schedule

Insert below
"Mortgage", "Transfer", "Lease", etc

Dated Page of Pages

Definitions

1. In this transfer unless the context otherwise requires:
 - 1.1 "Easement Area" means that part of the Servient Land being 20 metres wide which is marked [c-d for public access purposes and management purposes, and marked a-b for management purposes only as shown on the proposed designations plan] "[]" on Deposited Plan/S.O. Plan No [].
 - 1.2 "Management Purposes" means:
 - the protection of a significant inherent value of the land managed by the Transferee (not being a member of the public), in the vicinity of the easement area.
 - The management of the land administered by the Transferee (not being a member of the public) in a way that is-ecologically sustainable.
 - 1.4 "Servient Land" means the land owned by the Transferor and described on page 1.
 - 1.5 "Transferee" means Her Majesty the Queen acting by and through the Minister of Conservation and, for purposes of clause 2.1, includes the Transferee's tenants, agents, contractors, and licensees; and any employee or contractor of the Director-General of Conservation; and any member of the public; but for the purposes of clause 2.2 means the Transferee's tenants, agents, contractors, and invitees; and any employee or contractor of the Director-General of Conservation only.
 - 1.6 "Transferor" means the owner of the Servient Land described on page 1 and includes the Transferor's tenants and invitees.

Standard Easement Terms

Access

2. The Transferee has the right:
 - 2.1 In common with the Transferor to pass and re-pass at any time over and along the Easement Area on foot, on or accompanied by horses, or by non-motorised vehicle powered by a person or persons.
 - 2.2 To pass and re-pass at any time over and along the Easement on foot, or on or accompanied by horses, or by motor vehicle, with or without machinery and implements of any kind, or with or without guns and dogs, for Management Purposes.

If this Annexure Schedule is used as an expansion of an instrument, all signing parties and either their witnesses or their solicitors must put their signatures or initials here.

OTACO-37091 - Easement in Gross: Public Access and Management Purposes to Conservation Area 28 July 2004
docDM-267782 - Caithness Easement Document, public/management

9/2/11

3. The Transferor must keep the Easement Area clear at all times of obstructions whether caused by parked vehicles, deposit of materials or unreasonable impediment to the use and enjoyment of the Easement Area, where such event or outcome is caused by or under the control of the Transferor.
4. The Transferee must take all reasonable care to avoid damage to the soil and vegetation of the Easement Area and, in particular, avoid using the Easement Area when conditions such as softening during frost thaw render the Easement Area vulnerable to damage.

Exclusion of Schedules

5. The rights and powers contained in Schedule 4 of the Land Transfer Regulations 2002 and the Fifth Schedule of the Property Law Act 2007 are expressly negated.

Term

6. The easement created by this transfer is to be in perpetuity.

Temporary Suspension

7. The Transferee (not being a member of the Public) may, at any time in exercise of her/his powers, temporarily close all or part of the Easement Area for such period as she/he considers necessary.

Dispute Resolution

- 8.1 If a dispute arises between the Transferor and Transferee (not being a member of the Public) concerning the rights, management and operation created by this transfer the parties are to enter into negotiations in good faith to resolve it.
- 8.2 If the dispute is not resolved within 14 days of written notice by one party to the other it is to be referred to mediation.
- 8.3 If the dispute is not resolved within 21 days or such other period as agreed to in writing between the parties after the appointment of the mediator, the parties must submit to the arbitration of an independent arbitrator appointed jointly by the parties or, if one cannot be agreed within 14 days, to an independent arbitrator appointed by the President of the local branch of the New Zealand Law Society in which the Servient Land is situated.
- 8.4 The arbitration is to be determined in accordance with the Arbitration Act 1996 and its amendments or any enactment passed in substitution.

Notice

- 9.1 A notice to be given under this transfer by one party to the other is to be in writing and must:
 - (a) be hand delivered to the receiving party; or
 - (b) be sent by ordinary post to the receiving party;
 - (c) be sent by facsimile to the receiving party.
- 9.2 If clause 8.1(b) applies the notice will be deemed to be received by the receiving party on such date on which the ordinary post would be delivered.
- 9.3 If clause 8.1(c) applies the notice will be deemed to have been received on the day on which it is dispatched or, if dispatched after 5.00pm, on the next day after the date of dispatch.

Special Easement Terms

- 10 The standard easement terms contained above must be read subject to any special easement terms set out below.
- 10.1 The Transferor must install gates no less than 3.6 metres in width on any fenceline crossing the easement area.
- 10.2 The Transferor is under no obligation to maintain the Easement Area to any standard other than that which is necessary for his own purposes
- 10.3 For the purposes of this condition 10.3 and following, the Transferee is defined as the Director-General of Conservation's tenants, agents, contractors, and invitees; and any employee or contractor, only.
 - 10.3.1 The Transferee has the right:
 - (a) To mark the Easement Area as appropriate.
 - (b) To erect and maintain stiles.
 - (c) To erect and maintain signs informing the public
 - (i) of the location of land managed by the Crown and available for public access and recreation; and
 - (ii) of their rights and responsibilities in relation to the Easement Area.
- 10.4 Persons with guns or accompanied by dogs may use the Easement Area provided they have a hunting permit issued by the Director-General for adjoining Conservation Area(s).
- 10.5 If requested by the Transferor, the Transferee will close the easement area for lambing purposes only, for no longer than 6 weeks in each year. Dates are to be advised to the Transferee at least 2 weeks before the closure period is to start.

Continuation of "Attestation"

Signed for and on behalf of _____)
 Her Majesty the Queen by _____)
 under a written delegation in the _____)
 presence of: _____)

 Witness (Signature)

Name _____

Address _____

Occupation _____

Footnote: In substitution of the SO Plan (which has yet to be prepared), the proposed easement described in clause 1 is marked on the Plan.

OTACO-37091 - Easement in Gross: Public Access and Management Purposes to Conservation Area 28 July 2004

docDM-267782 - Caithness Easement Document, public/management

9/2/11

If this Annexure Schedule is used as an expansion of an instrument, all signing parties and either their witnesses or their solicitors must put their signatures or initials here.

Approved by Registrar-General
of Land under No. 1995/1004

TRANSFER GRANT OF EASEMENT IN GROSS

1. Public Access
2. Vehicles for Management Purposes

Land Transfer Act 1952

Law Firm Acting

Conservancy Solicitor
Department of Conservation
Dunedin

Auckland District Law Society
REF:4135

This page is for Land Registry Office use only.
(except for "Law Firm Acting")

Appendix 5: Form of Covenant to be Created

DATED _____

Between

COMMISSIONER OF CROWN LANDS
Pursuant to Section 80 of the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998

and

MINISTER OF CONSERVATION
("the Minister")

COVENANT UNDER RESERVES ACT 1977
FOR CROWN PASTORAL LAND ACT 1998 PURPOSES



Department of Conservation
Te Papa Atawhai

- “Party” or “Parties”** means either the Minister or the Owner or both.
- “Values”** means any or all of the Land’s natural environment, landscape amenity, wildlife, freshwater life, marine life habitat or historic values as specified in Schedule 1.
- “Working Day”** means the period between any one midnight and the next excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and statutory holidays in the place where the Land is located.

1.2 For avoidance of doubt:

- 1.2.1 the reference to any statute in this Covenant extends to and includes any amendment to or substitution of that statute;
- 1.2.2 clause and other headings are for ease of reference only and are not to be treated as forming any part of the context or to affect the interpretation of this Covenant;
- 1.2.3 words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa;
- 1.2.4 expressions defined in clause 1.1 bear the defined meaning in the whole of this Covenant including the Background. Where the parties disagree over the interpretation of anything contained in this Covenant and in determining the issue, the parties must have regard to the matters contained in the Background;
- 1.2.5 any obligation not to do anything must be treated to include an obligation not to suffer, permit or cause the thing to be done;
- 1.2.6 words importing one gender include the other gender;
- 1.2.7 the agreements contained in this Covenant bind and benefit the parties and their administrators and executors, successors and assigns in perpetuity;
- 1.2.8 where clauses in this Covenant require further agreement between the parties such agreement must not be unreasonably withheld.

2. OBJECTIVE OF THE COVENANT

- 2.1 The Land must be managed so as to preserve the Values.

3. THE OWNER’S OBLIGATIONS

- 3.1 Unless agreed in writing by the parties, the Owner must not carry out or allow to be carried out on or in relation to the Land:
- 3.1.1 grazing of the Land by livestock;
- 3.1.2 subject to clauses 3.2.1 and 3.2.3, felling, removal or damage of any tree, shrub or other plant;
- 3.1.3 the planting of any species of tree, shrub or other plant;
- 3.1.4 the erection of any Fence, building, structure or other improvement for any purpose;
- 3.1.5 any burning, chemical spraying, top dressing or sowing of seed;
- 3.1.6 any cultivation, earth works or other soil disturbances;
- 3.1.7 any archaeological or other scientific research involving disturbance of the soil;
- 3.1.8 the damming, diverting or taking of Natural Water;

- 3.1.9 any action which will cause deterioration in the natural flow, supply, quantity, or quality of water of any stream, river, lake, pond, marsh, or any other water resource affecting the Land;
- 3.1.10 any other activity which might have an adverse effect on the Values.
- 3.1.11 any prospecting or mining for Minerals, coal or other deposit or moving or removal of rock of any kind on or under the Land;
- 3.1.12 the erection of utility transmission lines across the Land.
- 3.2 The Owner must:
 - 3.2.1 eradicate or control all weeds and pests on the Land to the extent required by any statute; and in particular comply with the provisions of, and any notices given under, the Biosecurity Act 1993;
 - 3.2.2 if it is safe to do so, assist the Fire Authority to extinguish any wildfire upon or threatening the Land;
 - 3.2.3 keep the Land free from exotic tree species;
 - 3.2.4 keep the Land free from rubbish or other unsightly or offensive material arising from the Owner's use of the Land;
 - 3.2.5 subject to consultation between the Owner and the Minister and observance of any reasonable conditions imposed by the Owner, grant to the Minister or authorised agent of the Minister or any employee of the Director-General, a right of access on and to the Land, with or without motor vehicles, machinery, and implements of any kind, to examine and record the condition of the Land, or to carry out protection or maintenance work on the Land or to ascertain whether the provisions of this Covenant are being observed;
 - 3.2.6 keep all Fences on the boundary of the Land in good order and condition and, notwithstanding clause 3.1.4, rebuild or replace all such Fences when reasonably required except as provided in clause 4.2.

4. THE MINISTER'S OBLIGATIONS

- 4.1 The Minister must have regard to the objective specified in clause 2.1 when considering any requests for approval under this Covenant.
- 4.2 The Minister must repair and replace to its former condition any Fence or other improvement on the Land or on its boundary which may have been damaged in the course of the Minister or any person referred to in clause 3.2.5 exercising any of the rights conferred by this Covenant.

5. IMPLEMENTATION OF OBJECTIVES

- 5.1 The Minister may;
 - 5.1.1 provide to the Owner technical advice or assistance as may be necessary or desirable to assist in meeting the objectives specified in clause 2.1;
 - 5.1.2 prepare, in consultation with the Owner, a joint plan for the management of the Land to implement the objective specified in clause 2.1.

6. DURATION OF COVENANT

- 6.1 This Covenant binds the Minister and Owner in perpetuity to the rights and obligations contained in it.

7. OBLIGATIONS ON SALE OF LAND

- 7.1 If the Owner sells, leases, or parts with possession of the Land, the Owner must ensure that the Owner obtains the agreement of the purchaser, lessee, or assignee to comply with the terms of this Covenant, including any agreement by the purchaser, lessee, or assignee to ensure that on any subsequent sale, lease, or assignment, any subsequent purchaser, lessee, or assignee must also comply with the terms of this Covenant including this clause.
- 7.2 A Transferee of the Land will at law be bound by the registered Covenant. Such transfer is deemed to provide the agreement to comply with the terms of this Covenant required by clause 7.1.

8. MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS

8.1 Rights

- 8.1.1 The rights granted by this Covenant are expressly declared to be in the nature of a covenant.

8.2 Trespass Act:

- 8.2.1 Except as provided in this Covenant, the Covenant does not diminish or affect the rights of the Owner to exercise the Owner's rights under the Trespass Act 1980 or any other statute or generally at law or otherwise;
- 8.2.2 For avoidance of doubt these rights may be exercised by the Owner if the Owner reasonably considers that any person has breached the rights and/or restrictions of access conferred by this Covenant.

8.3 Reserves Act

- 8.3.1 Subject to the terms and conditions set out in this Covenant, sections 93 to 105 of the Reserves Act 1977, as far as they are applicable and with the necessary modifications, apply to the Land as if the Land were a reserve.

8.4 Titles

- 8.4.1 This Covenant must be signed by the Commissioner of Crown Lands and the Minister and registered against the Certificate of Title to the Land.

8.5 Acceptance of Covenant

- 8.5.1 The parties agree to be bound by the provisions of this Covenant including during the period prior to the Covenant's registration.

8.6 Fire

- 8.6.1 The Owner must notify, as soon as practicable, the appropriate Fire Authority and the Minister in the event of wild fire threatening the Land;
- 8.6.2 If the Minister is not the appropriate Fire Authority for the Land, the Minister will render assistance to the Fire Authority in suppressing the fire if:
- 8.6.2.1 requested to do so; or
- 8.6.2.2 if there is in place between the Minister and the Fire Authority a formalised fire agreement under section 14 of the Forest and Rural Fires Act 1977.

9. NOTICES

- 9.1 A notice to be given under this Covenant by one party to the other is to be in writing and made by personal delivery, by pre-paid post, or by facsimile addressed to the receiving party at the address or facsimile number set out in Schedule 1.
- 9.2 A notice given in accordance with clause 9.1 will be deemed to have been received:
- (a) in the case of personal delivery, on the date of delivery;
 - (b) in the case of pre-paid post, on the third Working Day after posting;
 - (c) in the case of facsimile, on the day on which it is dispatched or, if dispatched after 5.00pm, on the next day after the date of dispatch.
- 9.3 The Owner must notify the Minister of any change of ownership or control of all or part of the Land and must supply the Minister with the name and address of the new owner or person in control.

10. DEFAULT

- 10.1 Where either the Minister or the Owner breaches any of the terms and conditions contained in this Covenant the other party:
- 10.1.1 may take such action as may be necessary to remedy the breach or prevent any further damage occurring as a result of the breach; and
 - 10.1.2 will also be entitled to recover from the party responsible for the breach as a debt due all reasonable costs (including solicitor/client costs) incurred by the other party as a result of remedying the breach or preventing the damage.
- 10.2 Should either the Minister or the Owner become of the reasonable view that the other party (the defaulting party) has defaulted in performance of or observance of its obligations under this Covenant then that party (notifying party) may, by written notice:
- 10.2.1 advise the defaulting party of the default.
 - 10.2.2 state the action reasonably required of the defaulting party to perform or observe in accordance with this Covenant; and
 - 10.2.3 state a reasonable period within which the defaulting party must take action to remedy the default.

11. DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESSES

- 11.1 If any dispute arises between the Minister and the Owner in connection with this Covenant, the parties must, without prejudice to any other rights they may have under this Covenant, attempt to resolve the dispute by negotiation or other informal dispute resolution technique agreed between the parties.
- 11.2 **Mediation**
- 11.2.1 if the dispute is not capable of resolution by agreement within 14 days of written notice by one party to the other (or such further period as the parties may agree to in writing) either party may refer the dispute to mediation with a mediator agreed between the parties;
 - 11.2.2 if the parties do not agree on a mediator, the President of the local branch of the New Zealand Law Society in the region in which the Land is situated is to appoint the mediator.
- 11.3 **Failure of Mediation**
- 11.3.1 in the event that the dispute is not resolved by mediation within 2 months of the date of referral to mediation the parties agree that the provisions in the Arbitration Act 1996 will apply;

11.3.2 notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Arbitration Act 1996, if the parties do not agree on the person to be appointed as arbitrator, the appointment is to be made by the President of the local branch of the New Zealand Law Society in the region in which the Land is situated;

11.3.3 the parties further agree that the results of arbitration are to be binding upon the parties.

12. JOINT OBLIGATIONS

12.1 The Owner or the Minister may, by mutual agreement, carry out any work or activity or improvements or take any action either jointly or individually to better preserve the Values.

13. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

13.1 Special conditions relating to this Covenant are set out in Schedule 2.

13.2 The standard conditions contained in this Document must be read subject to any special conditions.

Executed as a Deed

Signed by _____ acting under a)
delegation from the Commissioner of Crown Lands)
deemed pursuant to section 80(5) of the Crown Pastoral)
Land Act 1998 to be the Owner of the Land for the)
purposes of section 77 of the Reserves Act 1977)
in the presence of :)

Witness: _____

Address : _____

Occupation: _____

Signed by _____ exercising his/her)
powers under section 117 of the Reserves Act 1977)
as designated Commissioner and acting for and on)
behalf of the Minister of Conservation)
in the presence of :)

Witness: _____

Address : _____

Occupation: _____

SCHEDULE 1

1. Description of Land

Labelled "CCI" on the Designations Plan. The 'Landscape Buffer Covenant' is shaded yellow wash. The "Biodiversity Covenant" areas are hatched yellow and marked i, ii, iii, iv & v.

2. Address for Service¹

The address for service (including facsimile number) of the Minister is:

C/- Box 5244
DUNEDIN

Fax (03) 477 8626

The address for service (including facsimile number) of the Owner is:

Andrew and Sarah Neilson,
2575 Dunback - Morrison Road
Green Valley
RD 3 Palmerston

Fax (03)

¹ State street address not Post Office Box number.

3. Values of Land to be Preserved

Landscape Values:

The inherent landscape values within Jimmy Creek are divided into two sections based primarily on landform and aspect.

The darker, steeper slopes, especially at the south end on the true left of Jimmys Creek, possess significant inherent landscape values due to the presence of substantial rock outcropping surrounded by intact tall tussock grasslands and mixed shrublands. In a wider context, these traits are a part of the recognizable characteristics that extend down Jimmys Creek into the North Branch Waianakarua River and beyond. The lower section of Jimmys Creek, in particular, is notable due to the creek being entrenched by a rock-cut channel and surrounded by rocky bluffs and over-steepened side slopes.

The corresponding planar slopes convey moderately high inherent landscape values. This is due to the overall sense of visual coherence gained from the continuous grasslands. Small variations in these grasslands are dictated by local topography with the shady side slopes being covered in narrow-leaved snow tussock and the sunnier slopes in more modified mixed grasslands. The tall tussock component in the grasslands' sward becomes more prevalent above high point 807 m. These planar slopes make a positive contribution to the natural character of the Horse Range, but do not contain any vivid or memorable qualities.

Visual values

Jimmys Creek has distinctive visual qualities. This is due to the striking contrast in colour and texture between the "fine-grained" planar slopes and the opposing steeper, hummocky slopes which feature diverse landscape elements.

Vegetation Values:

Upper Basin

The upper basin catchment of Jimmys Creek has good cover of narrow-leaved snow-tussock, the dominant vegetation. Blue tussock (*Poa colensoi*), speargrass (*Aciphylla aurea*), matagouri, *Pimelea pseudolyallii* and *P. traversii* are important components. The threatened *Celmisia hookeri* and *Pimelea pseudolyallii* are present at several sites in reasonable numbers. *Raoulia subsericea* and native herbs comprise approximately half the non tussock ground cover and the hawkweed *Hieracium pilosella* the other half. A scattered population of the threatened coral broom is present along the ridge. Plant diversity increases and the condition of the tussock grassland improves towards Jimmys Creek. Scattered shrubland exists along Jimmys Creek with occasional broadleaf and cabbage trees. Several small, seepage-based, wetlands are present.

Jimmys Creek

This area includes the flats and valley sides of the main Jimmys Creek and its tributaries. Shrublands of *Coprosma propinqua* and *Carmichaelia petriei* dominate with *Olearia bullata* common and patches of *C. rugosa*. *Clematis marata* and *Aristolelia fruitcosa* are also present. This shrubland becomes more scattered upstream. Two individuals of the tree daisy *Olearia lineata* are present in the lower reaches. Grassy river terraces are dominated by exotic species, particularly brown top (*Agrostis capillaries*) and sweet vernal (*Anthoxanthum odoratum*), with occasional silver tussock (*Poa cita*), hard tussock (*Festuca novae-zelandiae*) and matagouri. Small remnant groves of kowhai (*Sophora microphylla*) persist in two of the tributaries.

Bluffs in the area support good populations of tussock, speargrass (*Aciphylla aurea*), turpentine shrub (*Dracophyllum uniflorum* var. *frondosum*), present at two sites, *Gingidia grisea* and *Celmisia hookeri*. A large, unstable shingle scree on the true left of Jimmys Creek supports a *C. propinqua* dominated shrubland with frequent *C. rugosa* and large bare rocky areas, some of which are mossy. This is the only site where the lawyer *Rubus schmidelioides* var. *subpauperatus*, *Corokia cotoneaster*, *Scandia geniculata*, *Senecio wairauensis*, *S. glomeratus*, and *Coprosma crassifolia* are present on the property, indicative of the value of the site as a fire refuge.

SCHEDULE 2

Special Conditions

- 1) Clause 3.1.1 is deleted and replaced with: Sheep and cattle may graze the covenant areas at a stocking rate that does not, in the opinion of the Minister, adversely impact on the values within the "Landscape Buffer Covenant" and the "Biodiversity Covenant" areas.
- 2) Notwithstanding clause 3.2.1, the Owner must control wilding pines, exotic broom and gorse and must prevent them seeding. The Owner will bear the cost of this work. Should the Owner fail to undertake this work the Minister may arrange to have this work undertaken and the Owner will bear the cost which may include reasonable costs of the Minister. Where weed liabilities are significant, the Owner will submit to the Minister an agreed eradication plan for the control of weeds.
- 3) The covenant area will be monitored to ensure that the conditions of the covenant have been adhered to. The details of the monitoring including timing, methods, results and consequential actions are detailed in the monitoring description Schedule 3.
- 4) Notwithstanding clause 3.2.1, feral animals including rabbits, deer, goats and pigs will be controlled to low levels to avoid damage to the covenant areas. The monitoring programme described in Schedule 3 will be used to help determine whether damage is occurring.

"Landscape Buffer Covenant"

The "landscape buffer covenant" areas are designed to protect the natural landscape character, the tussock and riparian values, ensure the land is sustainably managed and to buffer the "Biodiversity Covenant" areas. In addition to special conditions 1) to 4) inclusive above, special conditions 5) to 7) inclusive apply only to these areas.

- 5) Clause 3.1.5 is amended to allow for oversowing and topdressing.
- 6) Clause 3.1.5 is amended to allow spraying vegetation for the purpose of keeping land open for pastoral use, subject to the following conditions:
 - a) The Owner will ensure that the spray used will not damage the tussock cover.
 - b) No spraying is to occur within 20m of any stream or water course and the Owner must undertake any spraying so as to avoid any spray mist damage to the "Biodiversity Covenant" areas.
- 7) Areas where seeding broom is present will not be grazed by sheep when there is a risk of further weed spread.

"Biodiversity Covenant"

The "biodiversity covenant" areas contain the highest values. These include shrublands, forest relics and rock face habitats. These areas contain numerous threatened species. In addition to special conditions 1) to 4) inclusive above, special condition 8) applies only to these areas.

- 8) The Owner must not intentionally stock the "biodiversity covenant" areas or in any way encourage stock into these areas.

SCHEDULE 3

DESCRIPTION OF THE MONITORING PROGRAMME TO BE ESTABLISHED.

(DRAFT ONLY)

1. Responsibilities:

A vegetation monitoring programme will be established at the commencement of the covenant term by the Minister. Subsequent re-monitoring will occur every 5 years and is to be organised by the Owner with the assistance of the Minister.

The Minister will be party to the re-monitoring by providing one staff member to assist with the physical monitoring. The Minister will be consulted as to the selection of a suitably qualified monitoring provider (which does not preclude the Owner undertaking this work to an acceptable standard). The Minister will be given a copy to the monitoring report in a format nominated by the Minister.

2. Costs:

The Minister is responsible for the cost of establishing the monitoring. The Owner will be responsible for the cost of repeat monitoring and the report write up. The Minister will cover his own staff cost for re-monitoring.

3. Monitoring Methods:

A series of general repeatable photo point sites will be established. The purpose of these photopoints is to detect deterioration of the tussock, shrublands and forest being recorded as a consequence of sheep, cattle and feral animal impacts and other management practices.

Photopoints will be at yet to be decided sites and yet to be decided number:

Within the "Landscape Buffer Covenant" areas photopoints will consist of a series of general landscape photos to ensure that conditions of the covenant are complied with.

Within the "Biodiversity Covenant" areas monitoring will identify detrimental impacts as follows:

- within shrublands will include:
 - obvious fragmentation, tracking, gaps and canopy breakdown.
- within forest areas will include:
 - Observations of stock damage to the understory and regeneration of the forest

The Minister will have the discretion to require additional methods of monitoring to be used if results from photopoints or observations are found to be unsuitable for measuring the values being protected.

3. Monitoring Results:

Following monitoring, results will be discussed between the Owner and the Minister.

Should it be noted as a result of monitoring that cattle and/or sheep or other pastoral practices are having a detrimental impact on the values then the Owner will take significant steps to prevent this continuing, which may include such measures as fencing, reducing stock numbers or changing stock types.

GRANT of

Correct for the purposes of the
Land Transfer Act 1952

Solicitor for the Minister

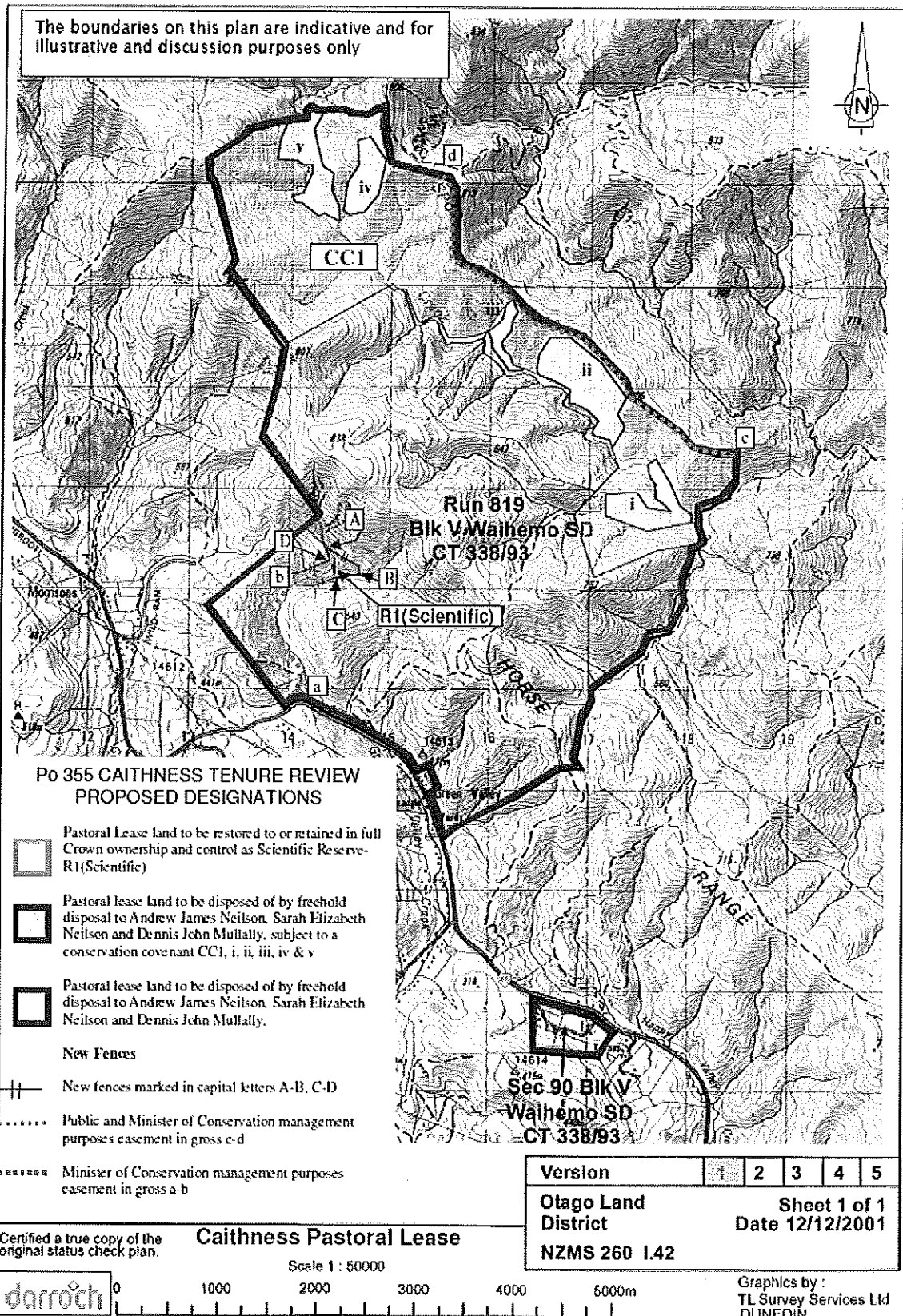
**CONSERVATION COVENANT UNDER
SECTION 77 OF THE
RESERVES ACT 1977 FOR
CROWN PASTORAL LAND ACT 1998 PURPOSES**

**COMMISSIONER OF CROWN
LANDS**

to

MINISTER OF CONSERVATION

**Solicitor
Department of Conservation
DUNEDIN/CHRISTCHURCH**



Execution Section

This Proposal (including the schedules and appendices) is signed by the Commissioner and the Holder as a binding agreement.

SIGNED by the **Commissioner of Crown Lands** pursuant to the Crown Pastoral Land Act 1998 in the presence of:

Witness

Occupation

Address

SIGNED by Andrew James Bruce Neilson, Sara Elizabeth Neilson and Dennis John Mullally in the presence of:

Witness

Occupation

Address