

Crown Pastoral Land Tenure Review

Lease name : HAPPY VALLEY

Lease number : PO 361

Conservation Resources Report - Part 5

As part of the process of Tenure Review, advice on significant inherent values within the pastoral lease is provided by Department of Conservation officials in the form of a Conservation Resources Report. This report is the result of outdoor survey and inspection. It is a key piece of information for the development of a preliminary consultation document.

Note: Plans which form part of the Conservation Resources Report are published separately.

These documents are all released under the Official information Act 1982.

August 06

APPENDIX 3

Soil Sites of Significance

(333) Sutton Salt Lake

REGIONAL/CITY COUNCIL(S): Otago **ECOLOGICAL DISTRICTS(S):** 67-04 Maniototo
LOCALITY and GRID REFERENCE: Sutton, 8 km SSW of Middlemarch H43 826106
AREA(ha): 140 **ALTITUDE(m):** 240 **RAINFALL(mm):** 600
TOPOGRAPHY: rolling peneplain with schist tors and ridges; flat lake bed (seasonal) **PARENT MATERIAL:** schist and loess **VEGETATION:** short tussock grassland; halophytic vegetation
SOILS: yellow-grey earths (Pukerangi Matarae), gley soils (Ardlui)
IMPORTANCE: 1 **SIGNIFICANCE:** (i) represents soils of the dry inland schist country, including saline soils. Similar sites are uncommon internationally.
VULNERABILITY: 3 **MODIFICATIONS/THREATS:** lake edge has been grazed; walkway and information panels
TENURE: scenic reserve **OWNER/MANAGER:** Department of Conservation
CONTACT PERSON: Peter McIntosh **DATE OF INFORMATION:** February 1990
NOTES: The lake is seasonally dry. Saltiness is the combined result of weathering of the surrounding schist and the fact that the basin has no outlet. The reserve contains the only inland salt lake in New Zealand. Soil samples are from sites adjacent to the reserve.
REFERENCES: Department of Conservation (1990) Peat (1991) McIntosh (1990) Ragg and Miller (1978)

(334) Wilsons Rd

REGIONAL/CITY COUNCIL(S): Otago **ECOLOGICAL DISTRICTS(S):** 67-04 Maniototo
LOCALITY and GRID REFERENCE: 15 km SW of Ranfurly H42 735487 **ALTITUDE(m):** 395 **RAINFALL(mm):** 400
TOPOGRAPHY: flat to undulating floodplain **PARENT MATERIAL:** Holocene alluvium **VEGETATION:** halophytic vegetation
SOILS: brown-grey earths (Linnburn)
IMPORTANCE: 3 **SIGNIFICANCE:** (i) important site because no obvious Tertiary influence on parent material or groundwater is apparent locally.
VULNERABILITY: 3 **MODIFICATIONS/THREATS:** has been drained, grazed and top-dressed
TENURE: private land, covered by a conservation covenant
CONTACT PERSON: Peter McIntosh **DATE OF INFORMATION:** October 1989
NOTES: Type site for *Lepidium kirkii*.
REFERENCES: McIntosh et al. (1990a)

(335) Bannock Burn - Old Woman Range

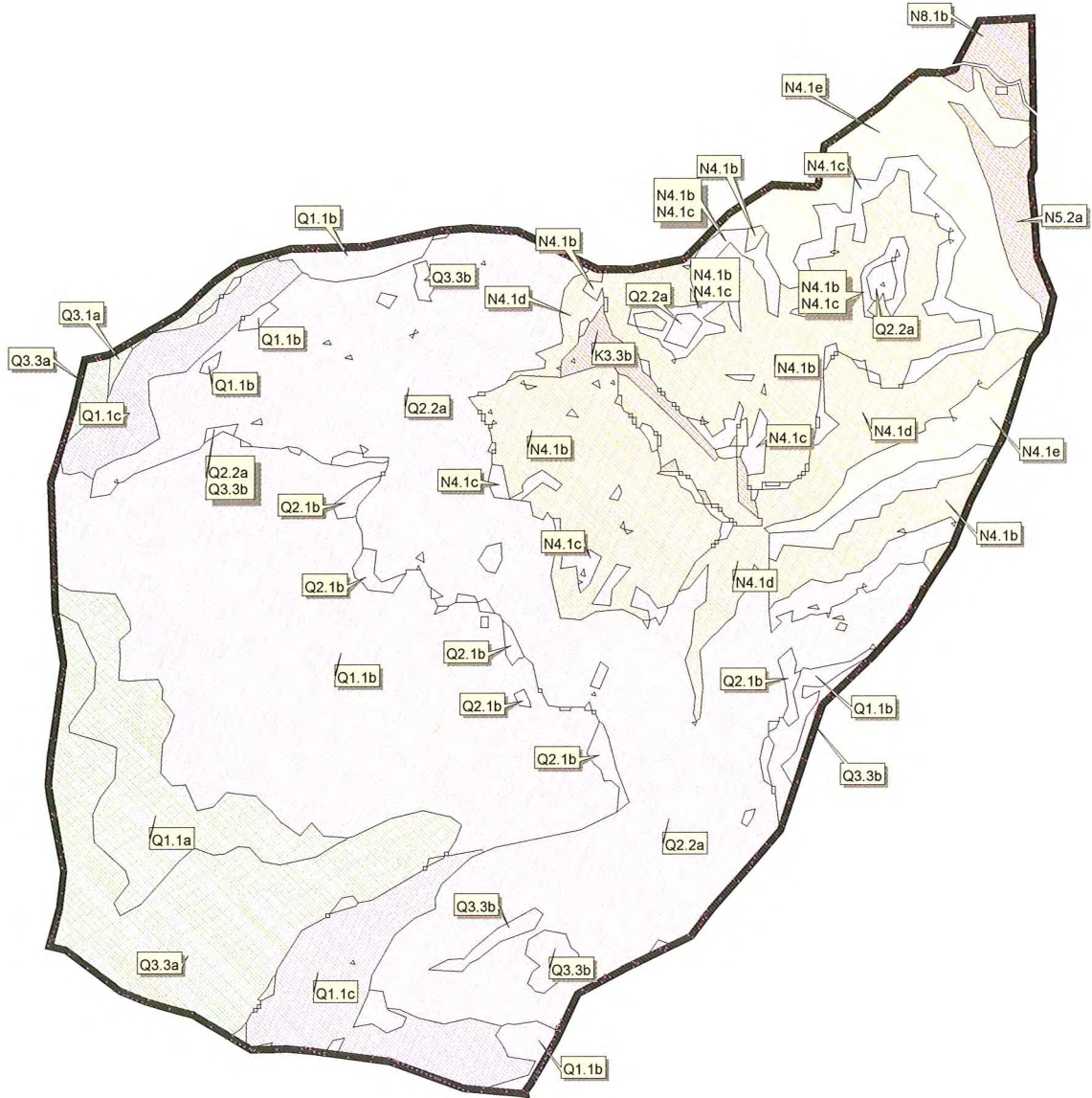
REGIONAL/CITY COUNCIL(S): Otago and Southland **ECOLOGICAL DISTRICTS(S):** 67-05 Old Man
LOCALITY and GRID REFERENCE: 20 km W of Alexandra F42 014456
AREA(ha): 2700 **ALTITUDE(m):** 600-1740 **RAINFALL(mm):** 1600-2000
TOPOGRAPHY: high summit plateaux, outlier cirque basins and a deep gully **PARENT MATERIAL:** schist and derived colluvium **VEGETATION:** cushionfield; herbfield; snow tussock grassland; short tussock grassland; matagouri-broadleaved shrubland
SOILS: upland yellow-brown earths (Carrick Dunstan), yellow-grey earths (Arrow Blackstone), brown-grey earths (Alexandra)
IMPORTANCE: 2 **SIGNIFICANCE:** (i) excellent altitudinal sequence of soils under some of the least modified vegetation in Central Otago.(ii) pedologically interesting soils formed on periglacial landforms.
VULNERABILITY: 2 **MODIFICATIONS/THREATS:** lower parts have been burned and oversown - still are threats
TENURE: pastoral lease, recommended area for protection **OWNER/MANAGER:** Cairnmuir Station, Carrick Station, Happy Valley Station, Hawksburn Station
CONTACT PERSON: Peter McIntosh **DATE OF INFORMATION:** December 1987
REFERENCES: Brumley et al. (1986)

(336) Chapman Road I

REGIONAL/CITY COUNCIL(S): Otago **ECOLOGICAL DISTRICTS(S):** 67-05 Old Man
LOCALITY and GRID REFERENCE: 2 km SW of Alexandra G42 252435 **ALTITUDE(m):** 150 **RAINFALL(mm):** 350
TOPOGRAPHY: rolling to undulating peneplain **PARENT MATERIAL:** schist **VEGETATION:** halophytic vegetation
SOILS: brown-grey earths (Chapman)
IMPORTANCE: 2 **SIGNIFICANCE:** (i) one of the few sites in McIntosh et al. (1990) classified as saline rather than alkaline.(ii) close to type site for Manorburn soil.(iii) excellent vegetation zonation.
VULNERABILITY: 1 **MODIFICATIONS/THREATS:** holding paddock next to homestead
TENURE: private land **OWNER/MANAGER:** Mr McGregor

APPENDIX 4

LENZ Level IV Map and Characteristics of LENZ Table



- Level IV LENZ data
-  Acutely Threatened
 -  Critically Underprotected
 -  Chronically Threatened
 -  At Risk
 -  Underprotected
 -  No Threat Category

4.2.4 LENZ level 4 Happy Valley

0.5 0 0.5 1 1.5 Kilometers



Happy Valley

Shape	Lvl-4	Count	First_Ind_Cover	First_Threat	Ind Cover	% remain	Ha
Polygon	K3.3b	13	Acutely Threatened	Critical	7	5	23.24
Polygon	N4.1B	30	Chronically Threatened	Critical	17	1	424.791
Polygon	N4.1c	52	Critically Underprotected	Critical	49	1	150.716
Polygon	N4.1d	8	Chronically Threatened	Critical	19	3	121.55
Polygon	N4.1e	10	At Risk	Critical	24	3	188.04
Polygon	N5.2a	1	Acutely Threatened	Critical	1	0	36.44
Polygon	N6.2a	4	Chronically Threatened	Critical	18	6	26.67
Polygon	N8.1b	1	Acutely Threatened	Critical	5	2	30.338
Polygon	Q1.1a	2	No Threat Category	>20% protected	98	25	125.823
Polygon	Q1.1b	10	Critically Underprotected	Critical	77	8	708.58
Polygon	Q1.1c	3	Underprotected	Underproted	91	18	179.914
Polygon	Q1.2a	4	No Threat Category	>20% protected	99	37	2.101
Polygon	Q2.1b	15	Critically Underprotected	Critical	66	4	25.233
Polygon	Q2.2a	12	Critically Underprotected	Critical	40	4	891.885
Polygon	Q3.1a	9	No Threat Category	>20% protected	67	36	5.957
Polygon	Q3.3a	2	No Threat Category	>20% protected	97	26	274.564
Polygon	Q3.3b	30	Critically underprotected	Critical	81	1	46.082

Characteristics of Land Environments of New Zealand (LENZ) Units on Happy Valley PL.

From: Leathwick, J., F. Morgan, G. Wilson, D. Rutledge, M. McLeod and K. Johnstone. 2002: Land Environments of New Zealand . Technical Guide. Ministry for the Environment.

LENZ Level IV Environments	Characteristics
K3.3b	Central Otago, gently undulating floodplains. Soils imperfectly drained of moderate fertility from schist alluvium and colluvium. Mild temperatures and moderate annual water deficits. 365m
N4.1b	Central Otago, Alexandra locations on rolling lower hill slopes and valley floors. Soils well drained on Schist and greywacke. Colder temps and undulating plains. 495m
N4.1c	Central Otago, Alexandra locations on rolling lower hill slopes and valley floors. Soils well drained on Schist and greywacke. Lower annual moisture deficits and steep hills. 495m
N4.1d	Central Otago, Alexandra locations on rolling lower hill slopes and valley floors. Soils well drained on Schist and greywacke. Warmer winter temperatures and steep hills. 495m
N4.1e	Central Otago, Alexandra locations on rolling lower hill slopes and valley floors. Soils well drained on Schist and greywacke. Warmer temperatures and much higher annual water deficits. 495m
N5.2a	Central Otago, Alexandra locations on gently undulating plains. Imperfectly drained saline soils of high fertility from calcareous mudstone. Cool temperatures, high annual water deficits. 415m
N6.2a	Central Otago, gently undulating plains. Cool temperatures and high annual water deficits. Recent, imperfectly drained soils of high fertility from fine schist and greywacke alluvium. 445m
N8.1b	Plains surrounding Clutha from Alexandra to Luggate. Older well drained soils from schist alluvium and colluvium, saline alluvium and greywacke gravels with some loess. 245m
Q1.1a	Mountains of inland Otago; of strongly rolling mountainous terrain. Well drained soils of moderate fertility from greywacke, schist; 1095. Much colder temperatures, lower vapour pressure deficits, low monthly water balance ratios and slight annual water deficits.
Q1.1b	As for Q1.1a but cold temperatures
Q1.1c	As for Q1.1a, but of very steep mountainous terrain but very steep mountainous terrain.
Q1.2a	South-eastern Hill Country and Mountains including Harris Mountains; of very steep mountains. Well drained soils of moderate fertility from greywacke rock, colluvium and basalt. 1305
Q2.1b	As for Q1.2a

Q2.2a	Steep mountain ranges of inland Otago. Well drained soils of moderate fertility from greywacke. 640m
Q3.1a	Eyre, Thompson Mountains and the southern end of the Garvie Mountains. Imperfectly drained soils from greywacke. Steep mountains and cool temperatures, low monthly water balance ratios, slight annual water deficits. 690m
Q3.3a	Undulating mountains of South Otago with imperfectly drained soils of moderate natural fertility from schist 990m
Q3.3b	Same as Q3.3a but slightly warmer temperatures, cooler winter temps, higher vapour pressure deficits, lower monthly water balance ratios and much higher annual water deficits.

APPENDIX 5

List of Plant Species

Higher Plant Species List											
List number		OTA 21									
Location		Happy Valley Pastoral Lease - Old Woman Range									
Grid reference		F42 040500									
Date of visit(s)		5 - 7 December 2005									
Author(s)		John Barkla									
Description of site		Eastern slopes of Old Woman Range immediately to south of Nevis Road encompassing several tributaries of the Bannock Burn.									
Size of site (ha)		c. 3254									
Elevation of site		420 - 1473 m									
Fragmentation of site (low, moderate, high)		moderate									
Fenced/protected?											
Number of indigenous species		190									
Number of exotic species		26									
Total number of species		216									
Percentage exotic species		12.0									
% abundance exotic		#DIV/0!									
Number of threatened species		Critical	Endangered	Vulnerable	Serious Decline	Gradual Decline	Sparse	Range Restricted	Data Deficient	Regionally Significant	Locally Notable
14		0	1	0	1	3	3	1	1	0	4
Threatened species rank x abundance		0.0									
Printed:		10/03/2006									

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Gymnosperms	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Gymnosperms Family
<i>Podocarpus nivalis</i>	Rare	Three patches on rock talus at E2202765 N5552759	Locally Notable	snow totara	Podocarpaceae

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Dicotyledonous trees, shrubs and vines	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Dicotyledonous trees, shrubs and vines Family
<i>Acrothamnus colensoi</i> (ex. <i>Leucopogon colensoi</i> /L. <i>suaveolens</i>)	Rare		Not threatened		Ericaceae
<i>Aristolelia fruticosa</i>	Occasional	riparian shrublands	Not threatened	small-leaved wineberry	Elaeocarpaceae
<i>Buddleja davidii</i>	Rare	Duffers Gully @ E2204027 N5552319 short tussocklands @ 1100 m	Exotic	buddleia	Buddlejaceae
<i>Carmichaelia crassicaule</i>	Local		Gradual Decline	coral broom	Fabaceae
<i>Carmichaelia crassicaule</i> X <i>Carmichaelia vexillata</i>	Rare	Only second recorded occurrence	Unknown		Fabaceae
<i>Carmichaelia petriei</i>	Occasional		Not threatened		Fabaceae
<i>Carmichaelia vexillata</i>	Local	short tussocklands @ 1100 m	Serious Decline		Fabaceae
<i>Chionohebe densiflora</i>	Local		Not Threatened		Plantaginaceae (ex.
<i>Clematis marata</i>	Local	montane shrublands	Not threatened		Ranunculaceae
<i>Coprosma atropurpurea</i>	Local	alpine seeps	Not threatened		Rubiaceae
<i>Coprosma cheesemaniai</i>	Local	around rock talus	Not threatened		Rubiaceae
<i>Coprosma dumosa</i> (ex. <i>Coprosma</i> "taylorae" (<i>C. parviflora</i> var. <i>dumosa</i> , <i>C. sp.</i> (t), <i>C. sp.</i> 27) in part)	Local	montane rock tors	Not threatened		Rubiaceae
<i>Coprosma propinqua</i> subsp. "propinqua"	Common		Not threatened		Rubiaceae
<i>Coriaria sarmentosa</i>	Rare		Not threatened	tutu	Coriariaceae
<i>Corokia cotoneaster</i> agg.	Local		Not threatened	corokia	Cornaceae
<i>Discaria toumatou</i>	Abundant		Not threatened	matagouri	Rhamnaceae
<i>Dracophyllum muscoides</i>	Local	fellfield	Not threatened	prostrate inaka	Epacridaceae
<i>Dracophyllum prunum</i>	Rare		Not threatened		Epacridaceae
<i>Dracophyllum uniflorum</i> var. <i>uniflorum</i>	Rare		Not threatened	turpentine scrub	Epacridaceae
<i>Gaultheria depressa</i> var. <i>depressa</i>	Common		Not threatened	snowberry	Ericaceae
<i>Gaultheria parvula</i>	Local		Not threatened		Ericaceae
<i>Hebe rakaiensis</i>	Rare	Associated with snow totara patch	Not threatened		Plantaginaceae (ex. Scrophulariaceae)
<i>Hebe salicifolia</i>	Local		Not threatened	koromiko	Plantaginaceae (ex. Scrophulariaceae)
<i>Leucopogon fraseri</i> complex (mountain ecotype)	Abundant		Not threatened		Ericaceae
<i>Melicytus</i> aff. <i>alpinus</i> (erect)	Occasional		Not threatened	porcupine shrub	Violaceae
<i>Muehlenbeckia axillaris</i>	Local		Not threatened		Polygonaceae
<i>Muehlenbeckia complexa</i> agg.	Common		Not threatened	small-leaved pohuehue	Polygonaceae
<i>Myrsine nummularia</i>	Rare		Not threatened		Myrsinaceae
<i>Olearia bullata</i>	Rare	Few plants in main stem Bannock Burn	Not threatened		Asteraceae

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Dicotyledonous trees, shrubs and vines	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Family
<i>Olearia cymbifolia</i>	Rare	A couple of large shrubs around rock outcrop in main stem Bannock Burn	Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Olearia lineata</i>	Rare	A few trees on valley floor below Duffers Gully	Sparse		Asteraceae
<i>Olearia odorata</i>	Occasional		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Ozothamnus leptophyllus</i> (<i>Cassinia vauvilliersii</i>)	Rare		Not threatened	tauhinu	Asteraceae
<i>Pentachondra pumila</i>	Local		Not threatened		Epacridaceae
<i>Pimelea aridula</i> s.s.	Rare	Arid slopes in Round Hill block	Locally Notable		Thymeleaceae
<i>Pimelea oreophila</i> agg.	Occasional		Not threatened	alpine daphne	Thymeleaceae
<i>Prunus cerasifera</i>	Rare	Around stone building	Exotic	cherry plum	Rosaceae
<i>Ribes uva-crispa</i>	Local		Exotic	gooseberry	Grossulariaceae
<i>Rubus schmidelioides</i> var. <i>schmidelioides</i>	Occasional	montane shrublands	Not threatened	bush lawyer	Rosaceae
<i>Salix fragilis</i>	Local	riparian forest in lower Bannock Burn	Exotic	crack willow	Salicaceae
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Occasional	montane shrublands	Exotic	elder	Caprifoliaceae

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Dicotyledonous herbs (including composites)	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Dicotyledonous herbs (including composites) Family
<i>Abrotanella caespitosa</i>	local	upland seeps	Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Abrotanella inconspicua</i>	local	fellfield	Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Acaena anserinifolia</i>	Rare		Not threatened	bidibid	Rosaceae
<i>Acaena buchananii</i>	local	At several sites some of which are very degraded	Gradual Decline	Buchanan's bidibid	Rosaceae
<i>Acaena caesioglauca</i> var.	Occasional		Not threatened	bidibid	Rosaceae
<i>Acaena saccaticupula</i>	Occasional		Not threatened	bidibid	Rosaceae
<i>Aciphylla aurea</i>	Abundant		Not threatened	spaniard	Umbelliferae
<i>Aciphylla scott-thomsonii</i>	Rare	Main stem Bannock Burn	Not threatened	spaniard	Umbelliferae
<i>Anaphalioides bellidioides</i> (ex. <i>Helichrysum bellidioides</i> in part)	Common		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Anisotome aromatica</i> var.	local		Not threatened		Umbelliferae
<i>Anisotome brevistylis</i>	local	Bluffs in main stem Bannock Burn	Not threatened		Umbelliferae
<i>Anisotome cauticola</i>	local	Bluffs in main stem Bannock Burn	Not threatened		Umbelliferae
<i>Anisotome flexuosus</i>	Rare		Not Threatened		Umbelliferae
<i>Anisotome imbricata</i> var. <i>imbricata</i>	local		Not threatened		Umbelliferae
<i>Argyrotegium mackayi</i> (ex. <i>Gnaphalium mackayi</i>)	local	alpine seeps	Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Brachyscome sinclairii</i> var. <i>sinclairii</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Cardamine debilis</i> agg.	local		Not threatened		Brassicaceae
<i>Celmisia brevifolia</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Celmisia gracilentia</i> agg.	Occasional		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Celmisia larcifolia</i>	Occasional		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Celmisia lyallii</i>	local		Not threatened	false spaniard	Asteraceae
<i>Celmisia sessiliflorum</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i> subsp. <i>vulgare</i>	Common		Exotic	mouse-ear chickweed	Caryophyllaceae
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Common		Exotic	Scotch thistle	Asteraceae
<i>Colobanthus apetalus</i> var. <i>apetalus</i>	local		Not Threatened		Caryophyllaceae
<i>Colobanthus strictus</i>	local		Not threatened		Caryophyllaceae
<i>Conium maculatum</i>	local		Exotic	hemlock	Apiaceae
<i>Craspedia incana</i>	Rare		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Crassula colligata</i> comp. (ex <i>C. tetramera</i>)	Rare	rock outcrops	Not threatened		Crassulaceae
<i>Digitalis purpurea</i>	Occasional		Exotic	foxglove	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Dolichoglottis lyallii</i>	local		Not threatened	groundsel	Asteraceae
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	local		Exotic	viper's bugloss	Boraginaceae
<i>Epilobium komarovianum</i>	local		Not Threatened		Onagraceae
<i>Epilobium macropus</i>	local	channels in alpine seeps	Not Threatened		Onagraceae

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Dicotyledonous herbs (including composites)	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Family
<i>Epilobium pubens</i>	Rare	dry rock sites	Not threatened		Onagraceae
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	local		Exotic	storksbill	Geraniaceae
<i>Euchiton paludosus</i>	Rare	streamside herbfield	Sparse		Asteraceae
<i>Euchiton ruahinacus</i> (ex. <i>Gnaphalium ruahinacum</i>)	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Euchiton traversii</i>	Occasional		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Galium perpusillum</i>	local		Not threatened		Rubiaceae
<i>Gentianella bellidifolia</i>	Occasional	fellfield	Not threatened		Gentianaceae
<i>Geranium microphyllum</i>	local		Not threatened		Geraniaceae
<i>Geranium sessiliflorum</i> subsp. <i>novaezealandiae</i> var. <i>novaezealandiae</i>	local		Not threatened		Geraniaceae
<i>Geum leiospermum</i>	local		Not threatened		Rosaceae
<i>Hectorella caespitosa</i>	local		Not threatened		Portulacaceae
<i>Helichrysum filicaule</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Hieracium lepidulum</i>	Occasional		Exotic	tussock hawkweed	Asteraceae
<i>Hieracium pilosella</i> subsp. <i>pilosella</i>	Abundant		Exotic	mouse-eared hawkweed	Asteraceae
<i>Hydrocotyle "montana"</i>	local		Not Threatened		Apiaceae
<i>Hypochoeris radicata</i>	Occasional		Exotic	catsear	Asteraceae
<i>Kelleria paludosa</i>	local		Not threatened		Thymeleaceae
<i>Kelleria villosa</i> var. <i>villosa</i>	local		Not threatened		Thymeleaceae
<i>Lagenifera barkeri</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Leptinella goyenii</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Leptinella pectinata</i> subsp. <i>villosa</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Leptinella pectinata</i> subsp. <i>willcoxii</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Leptinella pusilla</i> (<i>Cotula perpusilla</i>)	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Mazus radicans</i>	Rare	Montane seep	Locally Notable	swamp musk	
<i>Mimulus moschatus</i>	Rare		Exotic	musk	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Montia fontana</i> subsp. <i>fontana</i>	local		Exotic	blinks	Portulacaceae
<i>Myosotis lyallii</i> var. <i>lyallii</i>	local	fellfield	Not Threatened		Boraginaceae
<i>Neopaxia sessiliflora</i> s.s.	local		Not threatened		Portulacaceae
<i>Nertera balfouriana</i>	local	Montane seep	Not threatened		Rubiaceae
<i>Oreomyrrhis ramosa</i> s.l.	Occasional		Not threatened		Umbelliferae
<i>Ourisia caespitosa</i>	Occasional		Not threatened		Scrophulariaceae
<i>Ourisia glandulosa</i>	Occasional		Not threatened		Scrophulariaceae
<i>Oxalis exilis</i>	local		Not threatened	native yellow-flowered oxalis	Oxalidaceae
<i>Pachycladon cheesemanii</i>	Rare	Eight plants in flower under rock overhang @ E2204266 N5548377	Gradual Decline		Brassicaceae
<i>Pachycladon novae-zealandiae</i>	local		Not Threatened		Brassicaceae
<i>Phyllachne colensoi</i>	Occasional		Not threatened		Stylidiaceae
<i>Plantago lanigera</i>	local		Not threatened	hairy swamp plantain	Plantaginaceae

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Dicotyledonous herbs (including composites)	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Family
<i>Plantago raoulii</i>	Rare		Not threatened		Plantaginaceae
<i>Plantago triandra</i> subsp. <i>triandra</i>	local		Not threatened		Plantaginaceae
<i>Pratia angulata</i>	Rare	Montane seep	Not threatened		Campanulaceae
<i>Pseudognaphalium</i> "inland" (ex. <i>P. luteo-album</i> in part)	Rare		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Psychrophila obtusa</i> (<i>Caltha obtusifolia</i>)	Occasional		Not Threatened	White caltha	Ranunculaceae
<i>Ranunculus ensyii</i>	local		Not threatened		Ranunculaceae
<i>Ranunculus gracilipes</i>	local		Not threatened		Ranunculaceae
<i>Ranunculus maculatus</i>	Rare	low alpine seeps	Sparse		Ranunculaceae
<i>Ranunculus multiscapus</i> (ex. <i>R. lappaceus</i>)	Occasional		Not threatened		Ranunculaceae
<i>Ranunculus royi</i>	Rare		Not threatened		Ranunculaceae
<i>Raoulia apice-nigra</i>	Rare		Not threatened	scabweed	Asteraceae
<i>Raoulia australis</i> s.s.	Occasional		Not threatened	scabweed	Asteraceae
<i>Raoulia glabra</i>	Rare		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Raoulia grandiflora</i>	local		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Raoulia hectorii</i> var. <i>hectorii</i>	local		Not threatened	scabweed	Asteraceae
<i>Raoulia parkii</i>	local		Not Threatened	Celadon mat daisy	Asteraceae
<i>Raoulia subsericea</i>	Abundant		Not threatened		Asteraceae
<i>Rumex acetosella</i>	Common		Exotic	sheep's sorrel	Polygonaceae
<i>Rumex flexuosus</i>	Rare		Locally Notable	native dock	Polygonaceae
<i>Sagina procumbens</i>	local		Exotic	procumbent pearlwort	Caryophyllaceae
<i>Schizaelema cockaynei</i>	Rare		Not threatened		Umbelliferae
<i>Scleranthus brockiei</i>	local		Not threatened		Caryophyllaceae
<i>Scleranthus uniflorus</i>	Occasional		Not threatened		Caryophyllaceae
<i>Senecio quadridentatus</i>	local	dry rock face amongst open shrubland	Not threatened	cotton fireweed	Asteraceae
<i>Stellaria gracilentia</i>	local		Not threatened		Caryophyllaceae
<i>Trifolium repens</i>	Occasional		Exotic	white clover	Fabaceae
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	Occasional		Exotic	woolly mullein	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Vicia sativa</i>	local		Exotic	vetch	Fabaceae
<i>Viola cunninghamii</i>	local		Not threatened		Violaceae
<i>Vittadinia australis</i> agg.	local	dry rock face and amongst open dry short tussockland	Data Deficient	white fuzzweed	Asteraceae
<i>Wahlenbergia albomarginata</i> subsp. <i>albomarginata</i>	Occasional		Not threatened	harebell	Campanulaceae

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Grasses	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Grasses Family
<i>Agrostis capillaris</i>	common		Exotic	browntop	Agrostidinae
<i>Agrostis muscosa</i>	local		Not threatened	pin cushion grass	Agrostidinae
<i>Anthoxanthum odoratum</i>	common		Exotic	sweet vernal	Phalaridinae
<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	occasional		Not threatened	ripgut brome	Bromeae
<i>Chionochloa macra</i>	local		Not threatened	slim snow tussock	Danthoniinae
<i>Chionochloa rigida</i> subsp. <i>rigida</i>	common	Best represented in main stem of Bannock Burn	Not threatened	narrow-leaved snow-tussock	Danthoniinae
<i>Cortaderia richardii</i>	local		Not threatened	South Island toetoe	Cortaderiinae
<i>Critesion murinum</i> subsp. <i>murinum</i>	local		Exotic	barley grass	Hordeae
<i>Elymus solandri</i>	local		Not threatened		Hordeae
<i>Festuca matthewsii</i> subsp. <i>latifundii</i>	common		Not threatened		Poeae
<i>Festuca matthewsii</i> subsp. <i>pisamontis</i>	local	at highest altitudes	Range Restricted		Poeae
<i>Festuca novae-zelandiae</i>	abundant		Not threatened	hard tussock	Poeae
<i>Festuca rubra</i> subsp. <i>commutata</i>	occasional	montane grasslands	Exotic	Chewings fescue	Poeae
<i>Holcus lanatus</i>	local		Exotic	Yorkshire fog	Aveninae
<i>Poa cita</i> agg.	occasional		Not threatened	silver tussock	Poeae
<i>Poa colensoi</i> s.l.	common		Not threatened	blue tussock	Poeae
<i>Poa lindsayi</i>	local		Not threatened		Poeae
<i>Poa maniatoto</i>	local		Not threatened	desert poa	Poeae
<i>Rytidosperma pumilum</i>	local		Not threatened		Danthoniinae
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	occasional		Exotic	cocksfoot	Poeae

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Rushes and Sedges	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Rushes and Sedges Family
<i>Carex breviculmis</i>	local		Not threatened		Cyperaceae
<i>Carex buechananii</i>	local	riparian in Duffers Gully	Not threatened		Cyperaceae
<i>Carex comans</i>	local		Not Threatened		Cyperaceae
<i>Carex coriacea</i>	occasional		Not threatened		Cyperaceae
<i>Carex guadichaudiana</i>	local		Not threatened		Cyperaceae
<i>Carex inopinata</i>	rare	Under rock overhang @ E2203302 N5552178	Endangered		Cyperaceae
<i>Carex virgata</i>	rare		Not threatened		Cyperaceae
<i>Carex wakatipu</i> agg.	local		Not threatened		Cyperaceae
<i>Luzula pumila</i>	local		Not threatened	woodrush	Juncaceae
<i>Luzula rufa</i> var. <i>rufa</i>	local		Not threatened	woodrush	Juncaceae
<i>Oreobolus pectinatus</i>	occasional		Not threatened	comb sedge	Cyperaceae
<i>Schoenus pauciflorus</i> "short"	occasional		Not threatened	bog-rush	Cyperaceae

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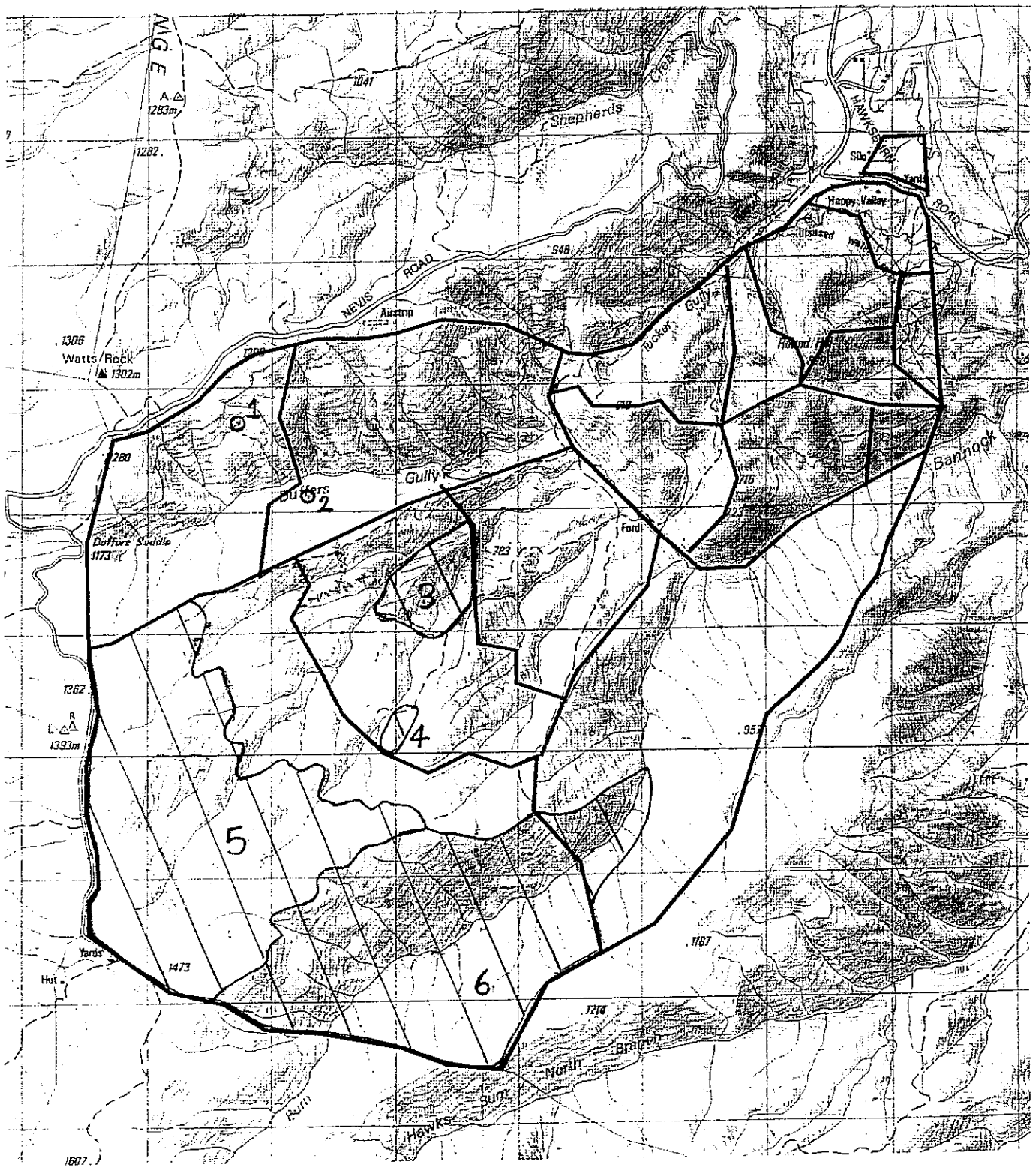
Monocotyledons (other)	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Monocotyledons (other) Family
<i>Bulbinella angustifolia</i>	Abundant		Not threatened	maori onion	Liliaceae
<i>Microtis unifolia</i> s.s.	occasional		Not threatened	onion orchid	Orchidaceae

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Ferns and Allies	Abundance at site	Notes	Threat ranking	Common name	Ferns and Allies Family
<i>Asplenium flabellifolium</i> agg.	local		Not threatened	necklace fern	Aspleniaceae
<i>Asplenium richardii</i>	local		Not threatened		Aspleniaceae
<i>Blechnum penna-marina</i>	occasional		Not threatened		Blechnaceae
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> (ex. <i>C. humilis</i>)	rare	Dry rocky slopes	Not threatened	rock fern	Pteridaceae
<i>Cystopteris tasmanica</i>	local		Not threatened	bladder fern	Dryopteridaceae
<i>Grammitis poepiggiana</i>	local	montane and alpine tors	Not threatened		Grammitidaceae
<i>Huperzia australiana</i> (ex. <i>Lycopodium australianum</i>)	rare		Not Threatened		Lycopodiaceae
<i>Hypolepis millefolium</i>	local		Not threatened	thousand-leaved fern	Dennstaedtiaceae
<i>Lycopodium fastigiatum</i>	occasional		Not threatened	mountain clubmoss	Lycopodiaceae
<i>Ophioglossum coriaceum</i> agg.	rare		Not threatened	adder's tongue	Ophioglossaceae
<i>Pellaea calidrupium</i>	rare		Not threatened		Pteridaceae
<i>Polystichum cytotegia</i>	local		Not threatened	alpine shield fern	Dryopteridaceae
<i>Polystichum vestitum</i>	occasional		Not threatened	prickly shield fern	Dryopteridaceae

APPENDIX 6

Map 1 – Area of Significant Inherent Botanical Values



MAP 1

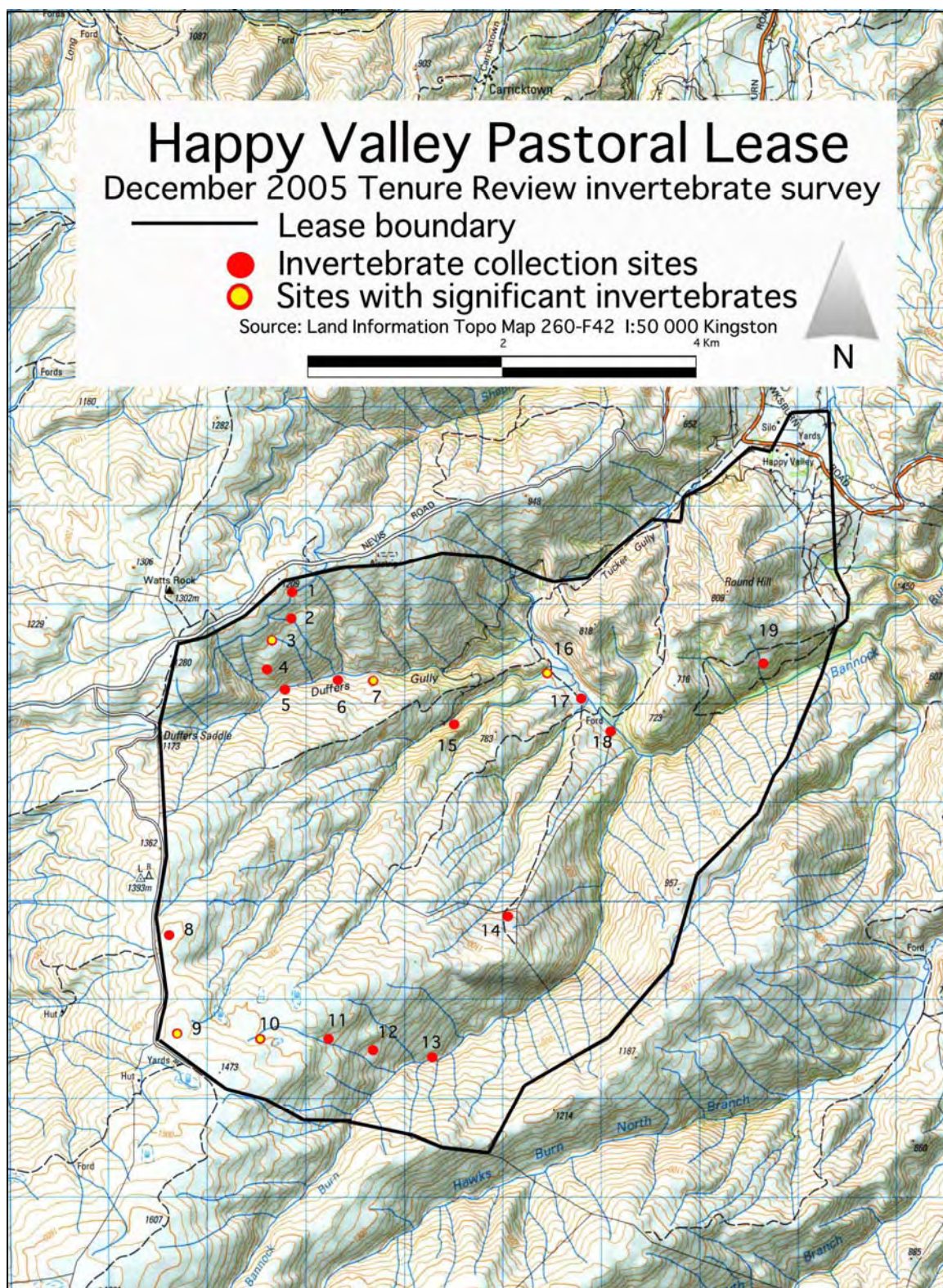
Happy Valley



Area of significant inherent botanical values

APPENDIX 7

Map 2 – Location of Significant Invertebrate Species



Map 2: Location of significant invertebrate species and collection sites of all taxa found on Happy Valley PL

APPENDIX 8

List of Invertebrate Species found on PL

Class	Order	Family	Genus and Species	Collection Site	Taxonomic and conservation status
Arachnida	Araneae	Agelenidae	<i>Neorepukia</i> sp.	11	Limited information. Endemic genus of hunting spiders. Conservation status unknown however two species (<i>N. setosa</i> Bryant and <i>N. hama</i> Forster & Wilton) are threatened (data-deficient)
Arachnida	Araneae	Agelenidae	Indet sp.	16	Small Agelenid spiders, beaten from <i>Coprosma propinqua</i> .
Arachnida	Araneae	Agelenidae	<i>Neoramia alta</i> Forster	3,4,11	Endemic Otago spider. Holotype ex. Remarkables Range.
Arachnida	Araneae	Araneidae	<i>Eriophora pustulosa</i> Walck.	6	Introduced orbweb spider. Beaten from <i>Coprosma propinqua</i> .
Arachnida	Araneae	Clubionidae	<i>Clubiona</i> sp.	5	Probably native. Immature specimen.
Arachnida	Araneae	Miturgidae	<i>Miturga</i> sp.	2,12	Nocturnal prowling spiders. Probably endemic. Closely related to Australian Clubionid spiders.
Arachnida	Araneae	Pisuridae	<i>Dolomedes aquaticus</i> Goyen	7	Large water spider. Threatened: Data-deficient. Found under stones in lower Bannockburn Creek.
Arachnida	Araneae	Salticidae	Indet.sp.	12	Unknown species of jumping spider. Probably native. An under-studied group. Ex. <i>Aciphylla aurea</i> .
Arachnida	Araneae	Thomisidae	<i>Diaea ambara</i> Urquhart	6	Native crab spider. Common on flowering plants. Beaten from <i>Coprosma propinqua</i>

Class	Order	Family	Genus and Species	Collection Site	Taxonomic and conservation status
Arachnida	Araneae	Toxopidae=Cycloctenidae	<i>Cycloctenus sp.?</i> <i>C. westlandicus</i>	2	Fast moving native hunting spiders. Cycloctenids are common in sub-alpine habitats throughout NZ.
Chilopoda	Polydesmoidea (Millipedes)	Julidae	<i>Ophiulus pilosus</i> Newport	17	Common introduced millipede.
Diplopoda	Polydesmoidea	Sphaerotrachopidae	<i>Icosidesmus olivaceus</i> Carl	5,12,13	Common endemic scree, shrubland and forest millipede. Known from Mackenzie basin to north Otago.
	Polydesmoidea	Sphaerotheridae	<i>Procyliosoma sp.</i>	3	Endemic pill millipede. Fungus feeders. Ex. Micro-habitat beneath <i>Podocarpus nivalis</i>
Insecta	Blattodea	Blattidae	<i>Celatoblatta anisoptera</i> Johns	2,3	Endemic cockroach, found from Mackenzie basin to south Otago
	Blattodea	Blattidae	<i>Celatoblatta quinque maculata</i> Johns	2,4,10,12,15	Common and widespread Otago endemic cockroach
	Coleoptera	Byrrhidae	<i>Liochoria sp.</i>	10	Native moss beetle. Under stones, sub-alpine zone. Poorly described group.
	Coleoptera	Carabidae	<i>Mecodema chiltoni</i> Broun	7	Threatened endemic species. Classified "Sparse". Western Otago and Southland.. Large (40mm) beetle.
	Coleoptera	Carabidae	<i>Mecodema lucidum</i> Castelnau	5	Endemic. Of general conservation interest.
	Coleoptera	Carabidae	<i>Megadromus sp.</i> <i>?M. sandageri</i> complex	9,10	A large (25mm) carabid. <i>M. sandageri</i> is known from Southland to Otago and is part of a species complex.
	Coleoptera	Carabidae	<i>Metaglymma sp. cf. M. aberrans</i>	3	Member of a species complex. Not known as threatened.

Class	Order	Family	Genus and Species	Collection Site	Taxonomic and conservation status
Insecta	Coleoptera	Carabidae	<i>Neoferonia procerula</i> Broun	11	Carabid of conservation interest (Johns 2005). South Island endemic genus.
	Coleoptera	Carabidae	<i>Taenarthrus capito</i> Jeannel	11,5	Widespread in Otago. Not threatened. Otago endemic. Damp (stream bank) sub alpine habitats.
	Coleoptera	Cerambycidae	<i>Zorion</i> sp.	7	Native longhorn flower feeders, often colourful. Not threatened.
	Coleoptera	Chrysomelidae	Eumolpinae: ? <i>Eucolaspis</i> sp.	12	Native Eumolpinines have been collected from manuka. This specimen ex.
	Coleoptera	Curculionidae:Brachycerinae: Entimini	<i>Inophloeus sulcifer</i> Broun	1,5,12	<i>Carmichaelia petriei</i> Endemic speargrass weevil. Common in eastern sub-alpine habitats.
	Coleoptera	Curculionidae:Eugonini	Species A	2,10,6	Beaten from <i>Coprosma propinqua</i> and <i>Aciphylla aurea</i>
	Coleoptera	Elatridae:Pyrophorinae	Species A	11	Small click beetle. Pollen and nectar feeders. (nocturnal). Over 130 species in NZ of which four are threatened.
	Coleoptera	Melyridae	<i>Dasytes</i> sp.	5,6	Native flower beetles. Beaten from <i>Coprosma propinqua</i> , Duffers Gully.
	Coleoptera	Scarabaeidae	<i>Costelytra zealandica</i> White	15	Common native grass grub beetle.
	Coleoptera	Scarabaeidae	<i>Odontria</i> sp.	15	Endemic chafer beetle.
	Coleoptera	Scarabaeidae	<i>Pyronota festiva</i> F.	1,7,15,16	Manuka beetle. Widespread and common.

Class	Order	Family	Genus and Species	Collection Site	Taxonomic and conservation status
Insecta	Coleoptera	Tenebrionidae	<i>Artystona vicina</i> Sharp	9,7	Darkling beetle. Otago endemic.
	Coleoptera	Tenebrionidae	<i>Mimopeus opaculus</i> cf. <i>M. opaculus otagensis</i> Hudson	6	Endemic Otago darkling beetle.
	Diptera	Bibionidae	<i>Dilophus</i> sp.	13	Native blossom fly. Common throughout NZ. Flower feeders/pollinators. Eight species endemic to NZ.
	Diptera	Muscidae	Species A	9	Ex. Yellow pan trap
	Diptera	Muscidae	Species B	9	Ex Yellow pan trap
	Diptera	Sciridae	Indet.sp.	9	Root gnat fly. Ex. Yellow pan trap, summit ridge, Old Woman Range.
	Diptera	Stratiomyidae	<i>Odontomyia chloris</i> Walker	1,6,13	Native soldier fly. Adults feed on nectar and pollen. Not known as threatened
	Diptera	Syrphidae	<i>Melanostoma fasciatum</i> Macquart	12	Native hover fly. Sweep netting tussock,
	Diptera	Tachinidae	<i>Huttonbressaria</i> sp.	7	Native. Tachinids visit flowers and parasitise spiders, caterpillars, beetles, bugs and grasshoppers.
	Ephemeroptera	Leptophlebiidae	<i>Deleatidium</i> sp.? <i>D. lillii</i>	17,18	Collected from stream. Common Mayfly larvae. Native.

Class	Order	Family	Genus and Species	Collection Site	Taxonomic and conservation status
Insecta	Hymenoptera	Formicidae	<i>Monomorium antarcticum</i> Smith	All sites	Endemic Southern ant. Not threatened.
	Hemiptera:Heteroptera	Lygaeidae	<i>Nysius huttoni</i> White	6,13	Native wheat bugs. Sap suckers.
	Hemiptera:Heteroptera	Lygaeidae	<i>Rhyodes anceps</i> White	6,10	Ex. Roulia cushions in wet flush. Endemic.
	Homoptera	Tibinidae	<i>Maoricicada campbelli</i> Myers	All	Common South Island mountain cicada
	Lepidoptera	Crambidae	<i>Orocrambus</i> so.	All high elevations (>1000m)	Tussock moths. Native.
	Lepidoptera	Geometridae	<i>Dasyuris callicrena</i> Meyrick	13	The Rusty <i>Hebe</i> looper moth. A day flying native.
	Lepidoptera	Geometridae	<i>Dasyuris transaurea</i> Howes	11,15	Golden spotted looper. Day flying mountain moth. Native.
	Lepidoptera	Geometridae	<i>Dichromodes gypsotis</i> Meyrick	11	Endemic lichen moth. Collection records include Wakatipu mountains.
	Lepidoptera	Geometridae	<i>Orthoclydon</i> sp. cf. <i>O. chlorias</i> Meyrick	12	Likely to be the Snowberry yellow moth. Prefers beech forest although caterpillars feed on Gaultheria berries (present on Happy Valley).
	Lepidoptera	Lycaenidae	<i>Lycaena salustius</i> F.	All sites, below 800m	Native New Zealand Copper butterflies.
	Lepidoptera	Lycaenidae	<i>Zizina labrus oxleyi</i>	6,14,15,16,17,18,19	Common New Zealand blue butterfly. Caterpillars feed on <i>Carmichaelia</i>
	Lepidoptera	Noctuidae	<i>Graphania rubescens</i> Butler	1,13	Caterpillars probably feed on grasses and lowgrowing plants.

Class	Order	Family	Genus and Species	Collection Site	Taxonomic and conservation status
Insecta	Lepidoptera	Pyralidae	<i>Eudonia</i> sp.? <i>E. xysmatias</i> Meyrick	All lower elevations (>1200m)	Native grass moth. Not threatened.
	Megaloptera	Corydalidae	<i>Archichauliodes diversus</i> Walker	17,18	Endemic Dobson fly. Larvae, ex. Lower Bannock Burn
	Neuroptera	Hemerobiidae	<i>Micromus</i> sp.	13	Native lacewing. Beaten from <i>Coprosma propinqua</i> . Not known as threatened.
	Odonata	Petaluridae	<i>Uropetala chiltoni</i> Tillyard	15	Giant mountain dragonfly.
	Orthoptera	Anostomatidae	<i>Zealandosandrus maculifrons</i> Walker	1,3,8,9	Not threatened. Robust weta that can grow up to 35mm. Occurs throughout much of the South Island, not commonly seen. Strong tunnelling ability. Meads 1997.
	Orthoptera	Acrididae	<i>Alpinacris tumidicauda</i> Bigelow	8	Endemic species. Known only from Otago and Southland.
	Orthoptera	Acrididae	<i>Sigauss australis</i> Hutton	Common throughout	Common South Island alpine grasshopper. Known from Arthur's Pass to Queenstown. Not threatened.
	Orthoptera	Acrididae	<i>Sigauss minutus</i> Bigelow	16	Endemic Otago/ Mackenzie grasshopper. Threat category 5: Gradual decline.
	Plecoptera	Gripopterygidae:Zelandoperlinae	<i>Zelandoperla</i> sp.	17,18	Native stonefly larvae. Difficult to identify as larvae.

List of invertebrate taxa on Happy Valley PL, December 2005.

*Conservation status derived from Hitchmough 2002 and McGuinness 2001.

APPENDIX 9

List of Lizard Sightings on PL

“Site locations of rare and endangered herpetofauna are recorded in the original report. Herpetofauna of this nature is at risk of illegal activities including damage and removal through unlawful interference and disturbance. Accordingly, information regarding the locations of any such herpetofauna has been deleted from this version of the report. The Department of Conservation has put in place mechanisms to ensure that such information can be released for genuine scientific and research purposes. Please contact the Department of Conservation directly to determine whether the information can be released.”

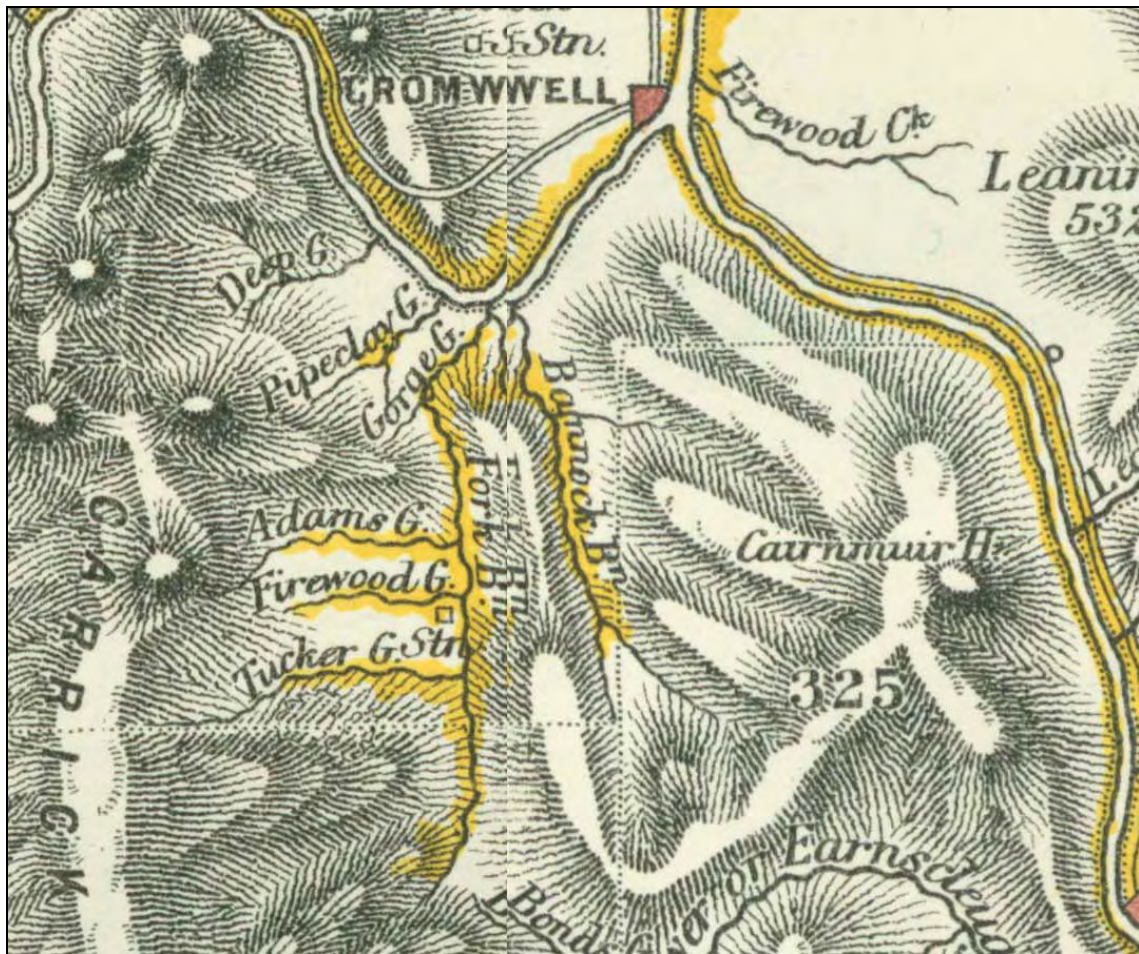
APPENDIX 10

Locations of Aquatic Fauna on Happy Valley PL

Location	Easting	Northing	Species Observation
Tucker Gully, Shepherds Creek	2205913	5553319	No fish
Tucker Gully, Shepherds Creek	2206353	5553728	No fish
Bannock Burn	2205301	5548947	No fish
Bannock Burn	2205993	5551932	<i>Salmo trutta</i>
Unnamed tributary, Bannock Burn	2205477	5551236	<i>Galaxias species D</i>
Unnamed tributary, Bannock Burn	2205665	5552173	<i>Salmo trutta</i>
Unnamed tributary, Bannock Burn	2205813	5551954	<i>Salmo trutta</i>
Unnamed tributary, Bannock Burn	2204476	5551933	<i>Galaxias species D</i>
Unnamed tributary, Bannock Burn	2205596	5551968	<i>Salmo trutta</i>
Unnamed tributary, Bannock Burn	2205627	5551564	<i>Salmo trutta</i>
Unnamed tributary, Bannock Burn	2205495	5552385	<i>Salmo trutta</i>
Duffers Gully	2205310	5552661	<i>Salmo trutta</i>
Duffers Gully	2204359	5552371	<i>Galaxias species D</i>
Unnamed tributary, Duffers Gully	2205301	5552959	No fish

APPENDIX 11

Gold mining recorded in Tucker Fully (bottom left of map) recorded by Thomsen and Spreat in 1867



APPENDIX 12

Happy Valley PL showing property boundaries and archaeological sites recorded prior to (red dots) and during (green dots) the Tenure Review field survey

