

Crown Pastoral Land Tenure Review

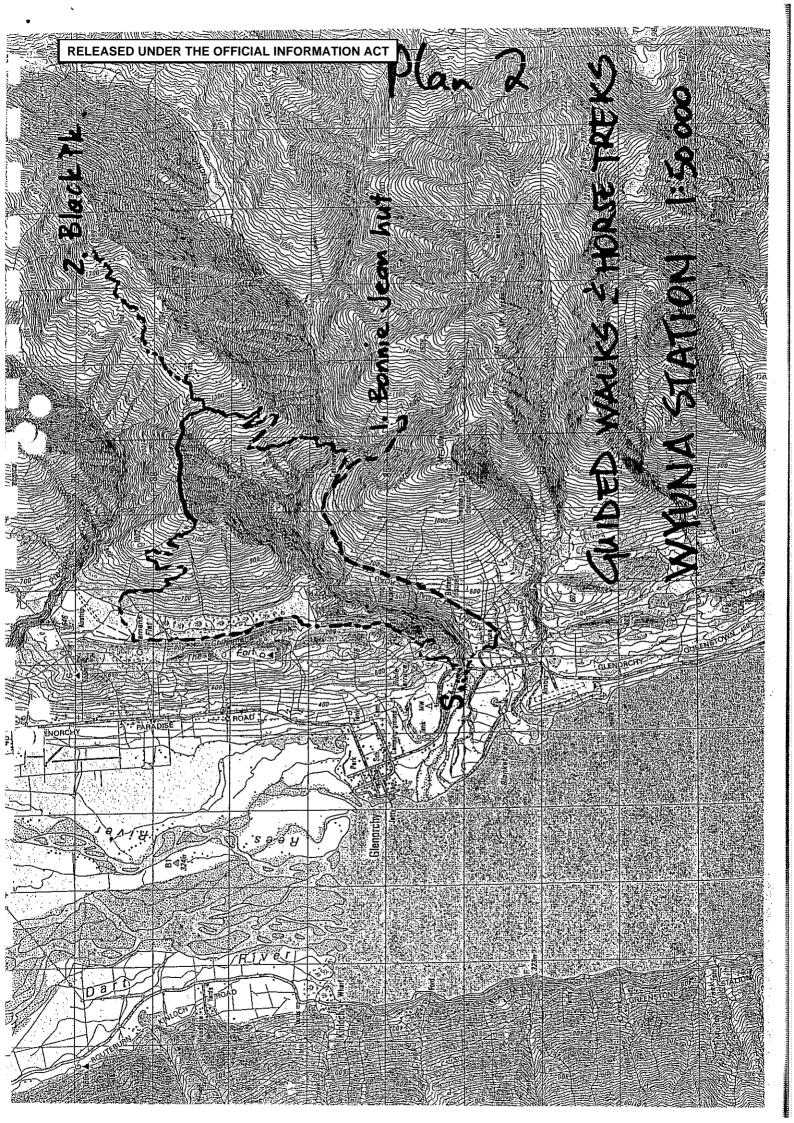
Lease name: WYUNA

Lease number: PO 299

Substantive Proposal

- Part 3

The report attached is released under the Official Information Act 1982.





File:

ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT FOR RECREATION/TOURISM CONCESSIONS

Name of Concessionaire:						···
Type of Activity:						
Period Covered by Report: /	1	to	1	1		
Total Number of Clients Conducted:		•				
Approximate % of Overseas Clients:				. <u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total Number of Trips:		<i></i>		1 <u>.5</u>		
Period/s of Greatest Activity:				· .		
Location/s Most Frequently Visited (if ap	plicable):					· j
				•	•	
					•	
	-					
General Comments (eg, on Departmental 1 Plans, SAR Incidents, Client Injuries, etc	Facilities,			ew Advertis	ing Mate	rial, Future
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Signed:			Date:			-

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION

Vew Zealana's seas, coast,

Each of us must take can keep them that way

effort to keep these natural places responsibility for the effect ave on the environment and make

and safe for all to enjoy



NEW ZEALAND'S WATER CARE CODE

Zealand's lakes, rivers, wetlands, and s are places of enjoyment for most of us. ever, growing use of these areas has led increase in unsightly and dangerous al pests and disease. As our use of these is has increased, the life within them has sh, erosion, and the spread of plant and diminished. These problems severely aten water quality and with it our health safety, the survival of plants and animals our enjoyment of this heritage

ches and the ocean by following these se help us protect lakes, rivers, elines on your visit

u te marae a tangaroa te marae a tane

to acknowledge and thank the many organisations who were instrumental in the development of this Water Care Code and The Department of Conservation would like who contributed in the form of submissions



Department of Conservation Te Papa Atawbai



CARECODE

FIND OUT FIRST

and out and follow the regulations governing recreational use of They are designed to minimise conflict it everyone's health and safety

by using existing facilities, where these are provided, you run less hance of disturbing wildlife and damaging riverbanks and fore-

EXISTING FACILITII

BE GAREFUL WITH CHEMICALS

Use Chemicals sparingly, and refuel with care. Dispose of cooking and washing water well away from the source.

STAY ON ESTABLISHED TRACKS AND USE

RESPECT OUR CULTURAL HERITAGE

Many New Zealand waterways have special cultural, spiritual or historical values. Treat these places with consideration and

TAKE ONLY THE FOOD YOU NEED

Sustain life in our waterways by taking only what you need and no When taking food from the sea or freshwater don't overdo more than the legal limit,

itter is unattractive, harmful to wildlife and pollutes water. Plan

your visit to reduce rubbish, and carry out what you carry m

CONSIDER PLANTS AND ANIMALS

Remember we are only visitors to water environments. Other an mal and plant species live there all the time.

inproper disposal of tollet waste can contaminate water, damage

DISPOSE OF TOILET WASTE PROPERLY

where provided or bury waste in a shallow hole at least 50 metres he environment, and is culturally offensive. Use disposal facilities

espect other visitors ... everyone has the right to enjoy the en CONSIDER OTHER PEOPLE

Toitu te marae a tangaroa Toitu te marae a tane

connent in safety

ENVIRONMENTAL CARE CODE

TO POINT CHECKLIST

PROTECT PLANTS AND ANIMALS,

Treat New Zealand's forests and birds with care and respect. They are unique and often rare.

REMOVE RUBBISH.

Litter is unattractive, harmful to wildlife and can increase vermin and disease. Plan your visits to reduce rubbish, and carry out what you carry in.

BURY TOILET WASTE.

In areas without toilet facilities, bury your toilet waste in a shallow hole well away from waterways, tracks, campsites, and huts.

KEEP STREAMS AND LAKES CLEAN.

When cleaning and washing, take the water and wash well away from the water source. Because soaps and detergents are harmful to water-life, drain used water into the soil to allow it to be filtered. If you suspect the water may be contaminated, either boil it for at least 3 minutes, or filter it, or chemically treat it.

TAKE CARE WITH FIRES.

Portable fuel stoves are less harmful to the environment and are more efficient than fires. If you do use a fire, keep it small, use only dead wood and make sure it is out by dousing it with water and checking the ashes before leaving.

CAMP CAREFULLY.

When camping, leave no trace of your visit.

KEEP TO THE TRACK.

By keeping to the track, where one exists, you lessen the chance of damaging fragile plants.

CONSIDER OTHERS.

People visit the back country and rural areas for many reasons. Be considerate of other visitors who also have a right to enjoy the natural environment.

RESPECT OUR CULTURAL HERITAGE

Many places in New Zealand have a spiritual and historical significance. Treat these places with consideration and respect.

ENJOY YOUR VISIT.

Enjoy your outdoor experience. Take a last look before leaving an area; will the next visitor know that you have been there?

Protect the environment for your own sake, for the sake of those who come after you, and for the environment itself.

Toitu te whenua (Leave the land undisturbed)



