

# NEW ZEALAND NOTICES TO MARINERS

## Notices NZ 44 - 45

Published fortnightly by the New Zealand Hydrographic Authority

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New Zealand Notices to Mariners are the authority for correcting New Zealand nautical publications and those charts within New Zealand's area of charting responsibility as shown in [Annual Notice No. 1](#).

Mariners are requested to immediately inform the New Zealand Hydrographic Authority, Land Information New Zealand, 155 The Terrace, PO Box 5501, Wellington 6145, New Zealand, Phone: 0800 665 463 or +64 (0)4 460 0110, Fax: +64 (0)4 460 0161, email: [ntm@linz.govt.nz](mailto:ntm@linz.govt.nz), of the discovery of new or suspected dangers to navigation, or shortcomings in charts and publications. A copy of a Hydrographic Note, a convenient form on which to send such information, is included at the end of Section VII of the Fortnightly Notices to Mariners.

Changes or defects in aids to navigation should be reported to the Rescue Coordination Centre New Zealand (RCCNZ) via the nearest New Zealand Coastal Maritime Radio Station Phone: +64 (0)4 577 8030, Fax: +64 (0)4 577 8038 or +64 (0)4 577 8041, email: [rccnz@maritimenz.govt.nz](mailto:rccnz@maritimenz.govt.nz).

Copies of these Notices can be obtained from Land Information New Zealand, Maritime New Zealand, Principal Chart Agents at the major ports of New Zealand and the internet: [www.linz.govt.nz](http://www.linz.govt.nz).

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

This edition of Notices to Mariners includes all significant information affecting New Zealand nautical charts and publications which the New Zealand Hydrographic Authority (NZHA) has become aware of since the last edition. All reasonable efforts have been made to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information, including third party information, on which these updates are based. The NZHA regards third parties from which it receives information as reliable, however the NZHA cannot verify all such information and errors may therefore exist. The NZHA does not accept liability for errors in third party information.

**Correction of Charts and Publications by the User.** New Zealand Notices to Mariners contain important information and should be used to keep the specified charts and publications up to date.

**Charts.** The notices in Section IV give instructions for the correction of charts.

Geographical positions refer to the largest scale chart unless otherwise stated. They are normally given in degrees, minutes and decimals of a minute, but may occasionally quote seconds for convenience when plotting from the graduation of some older-style charts.

Bearings are true, reckoned clockwise from 000° to 359°; those relating to lights are given as seen by an observer from seaward.

Alterations to depth contours, deletion of depths to make way for new detail, etc. are not mentioned unless they have some navigational significance.

Blocks, notes or tracings accompanying notices in Section IV are placed at the end of this publication.

**Permanent Notices.** A [Cumulative List](#) of permanent corrections affecting charts is published on the LINZ website.

**Temporary and Preliminary Notices.** These are indicated by (T) or (P) respectively after the notice number. Charts are not corrected for them before issue; they should be corrected in pencil on receipt.

An asterisk (\*) in a re-issued temporary or preliminary notice indicates a new or revised entry.

A list of [\(T\) and \(P\) Notices in force](#) is published on the LINZ website.

**New Zealand Publications.** Corrections to New Zealand Publications are given in Section V.

**Light Lists.** The detailed correction to the Light List is given in Section V and may not be published in the same edition as the chart correcting notice. The entire entry for each light is printed, and an asterisk (\*) is shown under the column which contains an amendment. In the case of a new light, an asterisk (\*) appears under all the columns. New and extensively altered entries are intended to be pasted in. It is recommended that a manuscript entry be made for all shorter corrections.

It is emphasised that the [List of Lights](#) is the authority for lights and that many alterations, especially those of a temporary but operational nature, may be promulgated only as corrections to the List of Lights.

## THE USE OF CHARTS AND ASSOCIATED PUBLICATIONS

**Reliance on Charts and Associated Publications.** While every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of the information on New Zealand charts and other publications, it should be appreciated that it may not always be complete and up to date. The mariner must be the final judge of the reliance to be placed on the information given, bearing in mind their particular circumstances, local pilotage guidance and the judicious use of available navigational aids.

**Charts.** Charts should be used with prudence: there are areas where the source data are old, incomplete or of poor quality. The mariner should use the largest scale appropriate for his particular purpose; apart from being the most detailed, the larger scales are usually corrected first. When extensive new information (such as a new hydrographic survey) is received, some months may elapse before it can be fully incorporated in published charts. On small scale charts of ocean areas where hydrographic information is, in many cases, still sparse, charted shoals may be in error as regards position, least depth and extent. Undiscovered dangers may exist, particularly away from well-established routes.

**Symbols.** Details on symbols and abbreviations used on charts are those shown in publication NP5011 (INT 1) Symbols and Abbreviations Used on ADMIRALTY Paper Charts, published by the United Kingdom Hydrographic Office.

**Further guidance.** The Mariner's Handbook (NP100) gives a fuller explanation of the limitations of charts. All users should study it in their own interest.

**MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES**

**Index of Product Announcements**

Chart No.
NZ 822 (T 822)
NZ 6153
NZ 6212
Publication
NZ <i>Mariner</i> March update

**NEW ZEALAND CHARTS. New Editions, Withdrawn Charts**

**New Editions Published**

<i>Number</i>	<i>Title and other remarks</i>	<i>Scale 1:</i>	<i>Published</i>	<i>Notices to Mariners in Force</i>	<i>NZ 202 Page</i>
<b>NZ 822 (T 822)</b>	<b>Vava'u Group</b>  <i>New Edition incorporating updates from new survey data, changes to Aids to Navigation, and general updating throughout.</i>	50 000	April 2019		29
<b>NZ 6153</b>	<b>Queen Charlotte Sound / Tōtaranui</b>  <i>New Edition incorporating updates from new survey data, changes to Aids to Navigation, and general updating throughout.</i>	36 000	April 2019		23
<b>NZ 6212</b>	<b>Plans on the North East Coast of South Island</b>  <i>New Edition incorporating updates from new survey data, changes to Aids to Navigation, and general updating throughout.</i>		April 2019		23
	<b>Te Whanganui / Port Underwood</b>	35 000			
	<b>Kaikoura Peninsula</b>	30 000			
	<b>Ingles Bay</b>	10 000			
	<b>South Bay</b>	10 000			

(continued)

**NEW ZEALAND CHARTS. New Editions, Withdrawn Charts continued**

**Charts Permanently Withdrawn**

<i>Number</i>	<i>Published</i>
NZ 822 (T 822)	April 2011
NZ 6153	June 2018
NZ 6212	March 2018

Charts listed above as withdrawn no longer meet carriage requirements and should be marked as “superseded” and replaced with the new chart/ new edition listed prior to passage through the area covered by the new chart.

**NEW ZEALAND CHARTS. Raster Navigational Charts (RNCs) BSB Update File**

From 5 April 2019, the NZMariner BSB cumulative update file for March 2019 will be available from the LINZ website: <https://www.linz.govt.nz/sea/charts/nzmariner-official-raster-navigational-charts-rncs>.

NZMariner Raster Navigational Charts (RNCs) can be used only in conjunction with compatible viewing software called Electronic Charting Systems (ECS).

For compliance with New Zealand legal requirements for nautical charts and publications please refer to Maritime Rules Part 25, available from the Maritime New Zealand website: <https://www.maritimenz.govt.nz/rules/part-25/>.

Further details are included in the Annual New Zealand Notices to Mariners, No.1 which can be found in the New Zealand Nautical Almanac (NZ 204) and on the LINZ website: <https://www.linz.govt.nz/sea/nautical-information/new-zealand-nautical-almanac-nz-204>.

New Zealand Hydrographic Authority  
HITS -/85

## GENERAL NOTICES

### ENC/ECDIS DATA PRESENTATION AND PERFORMANCE CHECK IN SHIPS

The International Maritime Organization (IMO) has recently indicated its concerns about operating anomalies identified in some ECDIS that fail to display important new chart features.

The International Hydrographic Organization (IHO) has produced an ENC Data Presentation and Performance Check dataset that allows mariners to check their ECDIS. The check dataset is available through ENC service providers and from the IHO website ([www.iho.int](http://www.iho.int)) which includes instructions.

Mariners are strongly recommended to use the dataset and report the results of their checks to help the IHO identify how the different brands of ECDIS display and handle chart information. Mariners are asked to also inform the IMO, national Hydrographic Offices, ECDIS manufacturers and others, so that they can take any corrective action that may be necessary.

In order to present the most comprehensive report possible to the IMO and to further assist in resolving the issues so far identified, the IHO is keen that as many ships as possible forward their results. Reports on the results can be sent via a form provided with the data or the results can be submitted on-line through a web-form.

All relevant documentation can be downloaded free from the IHO website at: [www.iho.int](http://www.iho.int).

### SOUTH PACIFIC OCEAN. MARITIME SAFETY BROADCASTS – OPTIMUM R/T FREQUENCIES WITHIN NAVAREA XIV

Diagrams showing the optimum R/T calling and working frequency bands and times for navigational warnings broadcast within 1000 nautical miles of Taupo Maritime Radio (ZLM) (38° 50'S., 176° 00'E. approx.) are available as follows:

Hourly Area Predictions (HAP): [ftp://ftp.ips.gov.au/data/HF%20Systems/Monthly%20Predictions/9038/HAP9038Taupo\\_page\\_1.pdf](ftp://ftp.ips.gov.au/data/HF%20Systems/Monthly%20Predictions/9038/HAP9038Taupo_page_1.pdf)

Local Area Mobile Predictions (LAMP):

<ftp://ftp.ips.gov.au/data/HF%20Systems/Monthly%20Predictions/9038/LAMP9038NAVAREAXIV1.pdf>

Australian Government IPS Radio and Space Services  
HITS -/1

### POTENTIAL PROBLEMS FOR USERS OF GPS RECEIVERS

1. Users of GPS receivers are advised of potential problems due to GPS week counter roll over at 1200 NZST (0000UTC) 7 April 2019.
2. The GPS system transmits time to GPS receivers using a format of time and weeks after the start date of 6 January 1980.
3. Some GPS receivers are known to be unable to make the transition from week 1023 to 1024. If the GPS receiver is outdated or lacks proper updates, the receiver will revert to reading the week zero as August 1999. During this time the internal clocks of these GPS receivers will experience a lack of absolute reference and may give the wrong time and position or may lock up permanently.
4. Some of these GPS receivers are repairable with upgrades and others will become unusable. Users are advised to check with their GPS manufacturer regarding the status of their receiver.

*(continued)*

**POTENTIAL PROBLEMS FOR USERS OF GPS RECEIVERS continued**

5. For further information see:

5.1 GPS week roll over issue: [www.GPS.gov/cgsic/meetings/2017/powers.pdf](http://www.GPS.gov/cgsic/meetings/2017/powers.pdf)

5.2 Timing criticality & GPS 1024 week rollover: [www.gps.gov/governance/advisory/meetings/2017-11/powers.pdf](http://www.gps.gov/governance/advisory/meetings/2017-11/powers.pdf)

5.3 Global Positioning Systems Directorate, Systems Engineering & Integration Interface Specification IS-GPS-200: [www.gps.gov/technical/icwg/IS-GPS-200J.pdf](http://www.gps.gov/technical/icwg/IS-GPS-200J.pdf)

6. Failure to verify your GPS receiver could lead to serious navigational problems placing lives and property at risk.

**NEW ZEALAND - NORTH ISLAND - WEST COAST - TARANAKI WESTWARDS. SEISMIC SURVEY**

1. RV *Tangaroa* (call sign ZMFR) is undertaking 2D seismic survey activities in the areas bounded by the coordinates below:

**Site 1**

- a. 38°36'.09S., 173°34'.75E.
- b. 38°37'.18S., 173°41'.62E.
- c. 38°45'.63S., 173°46'.31E.
- d. 38°50'.99S., 173°46'.03E.
- e. 38°52'.55S., 173°29'.96E.
- f. 38°45'.28S., 173°26'.30E.

**Site 2**

- a. 39°03'.79S., 173°03'.12E.
- b. 39°03'.78S., 173°13'.90E.
- c. 39°16'.78S., 173°13'.94E.
- d. 39°16'.81S., 173°03'.03E.

**Site 3**

- a. 39°36'.46S., 173°31'.66E.
- b. 39°41'.92S., 173°23'.14E.
- c. 39°36'.00S., 173°16'.62E.
- d. 39°30'.77S., 173°25'.59E.

2. RV *Tangaroa* is restricted in its ability to manoeuvre and will be towing a seismic streamer 0.5NM long, at a depth of 2m, marked by a yellow tail buoy, lit with a white flashing light.

3. All vessels are requested to maintain a minimum closest point of approach of 1 NM if passing ahead, or a minimum closest point of approach of 2 NM from the vessel if passing astern.

4. RV *Tangaroa* will maintain a listening watch on VHF channel 16. Working VHF Channel 6.

5. This notice has effect from 30 March 2019 to 12 April 2019 inclusive.

6. Mariners are advised to exercise caution when navigating in the area.

National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research

HITS 25/416

**NORTH TARANAKI BIGHT – POHOKURA B OFFSHORE PLATFORM – MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES*****COSL Boss Rig***

1. A maintenance programme on the Pohokura B offshore platform using the *COSL Boss* rig (call sign C6WK8) is in progress.
2. All vessels are requested to pass 2NM clear of the locality specified in paragraph 3.2 below.

## Non-interference Zone

3. Pursuant to section 101B of the Crown Minerals Act 1991, the Chief Executive of the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment hereby gives notice of a non-interference zone in relation to the Pohokura B Platform in Petroleum Mining Permit 38154.

- 3.1 The non-interference zone relates to the following activities: mining operations under the permit, including:
  - a) well intervention,
  - b) platform maintenance.
- 3.2 The locality of the activities is at the following position:  
38° 54'.69S., 174°16'.29E.
- 3.3 The area of the non-interference zone is 500 metres from any point on the outer edge of (or the outer edge of any equipment attached to) the Pohokura B platform.
- 3.4 This notice has effect from 1 February to 30 April 2019 (both days inclusive). Refer to Annual New Zealand Notices to Mariners, No.16A, which can be found in the New Zealand Nautical Almanac (NZ204) and on the LINZ website [www.linz.govt.nz](http://www.linz.govt.nz)

***MV Skandi Emerald***

1. The offshore supply vessel *MV Skandi Emerald* (call sign C6ZC7) is supporting operations for a maintenance programme on the Pohokura B offshore platform using the *COSL Boss* rig.
2. All vessels are requested to pass 2NM clear of the locality specified in paragraph 3.2 below.

## Non-interference Zone

3. Pursuant to section 101B of the Crown Minerals Act 1991, the Chief Executive of the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment hereby gives notice of a non-interference zone in relation to the *MV Skandi Emerald* in Petroleum Mining Permit 38154.
  - 3.1 The non-interference zone relates to the following activities: mining operations under the permit, including:
    - a) anchor handling,
    - b) rig placement,
    - c) refuelling,
    - d) provisioning,
    - e) replenishment of other supplies, including equipment and tools for maintenance and repair,
    - f) rig removal.

(continued)

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**NORTH TARANAKI BIGHT – POHOKURA B OFFSHORE PLATFORM – MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES continued**

3.2 The locality of the activities is at the following position:

At and between Port of Taranaki and 38° 54'.69S., 174° 16'.29E. The locality is bounded by the following coordinates:

1. 38° 54'.99S., 174° 19'.21E. then south-west to;
2. 38° 59'.31S., 174° 12'.21E. then south-west along the coast to;
3. 39° 03'.36S., 174° 01'.63E. then north-west to;
4. 39° 02'.32S., 174° 00'.58E. then north-east to;
5. 38° 52'.44S., 174° 16'.64E. then south-east to the point of commencement.

3.3 The area of the non-interference zone is 500 metres from any point on the outer edge of (or the outer edge of any equipment attached to) the MV *Skandi Emerald*.

3.4 This notice has effect from 1 February to 30 April 2019 (both days inclusive). Refer to Annual New Zealand Notices to Mariners, No.16A, which can be found in the New Zealand Nautical Almanac (NZ204) and on the LINZ website [www.linz.govt.nz](http://www.linz.govt.nz)

**MV *Pacific Runner***

1. The offshore supply vessel MV *Pacific Runner* (call sign C6GS5) is due to commence support operations for a maintenance programme on the Pohokura B offshore platform using the *COSL Boss* rig.

2. All vessels are requested to pass 2NM clear of the locality specified in paragraph 3.2 below.

**Non-interference Zone**

3. Pursuant to section 101B of the Crown Minerals Act 1991, the Chief Executive of the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment hereby gives notice of a non-interference zone in relation to the MV *Pacific Runner* in Petroleum Mining Permit 38154.

3.1 The non-interference zone relates to the following activities: mining operations under the permit, including  
a) refuelling,  
b) provisioning,  
c) replenishment of other supplies, including equipment and tools for maintenance and repair.

3.2 The locality of the activities is at the following position:

At and between Port of Taranaki and 38° 54'.69S., 174° 16'.29E. The locality is bounded by the following coordinates:

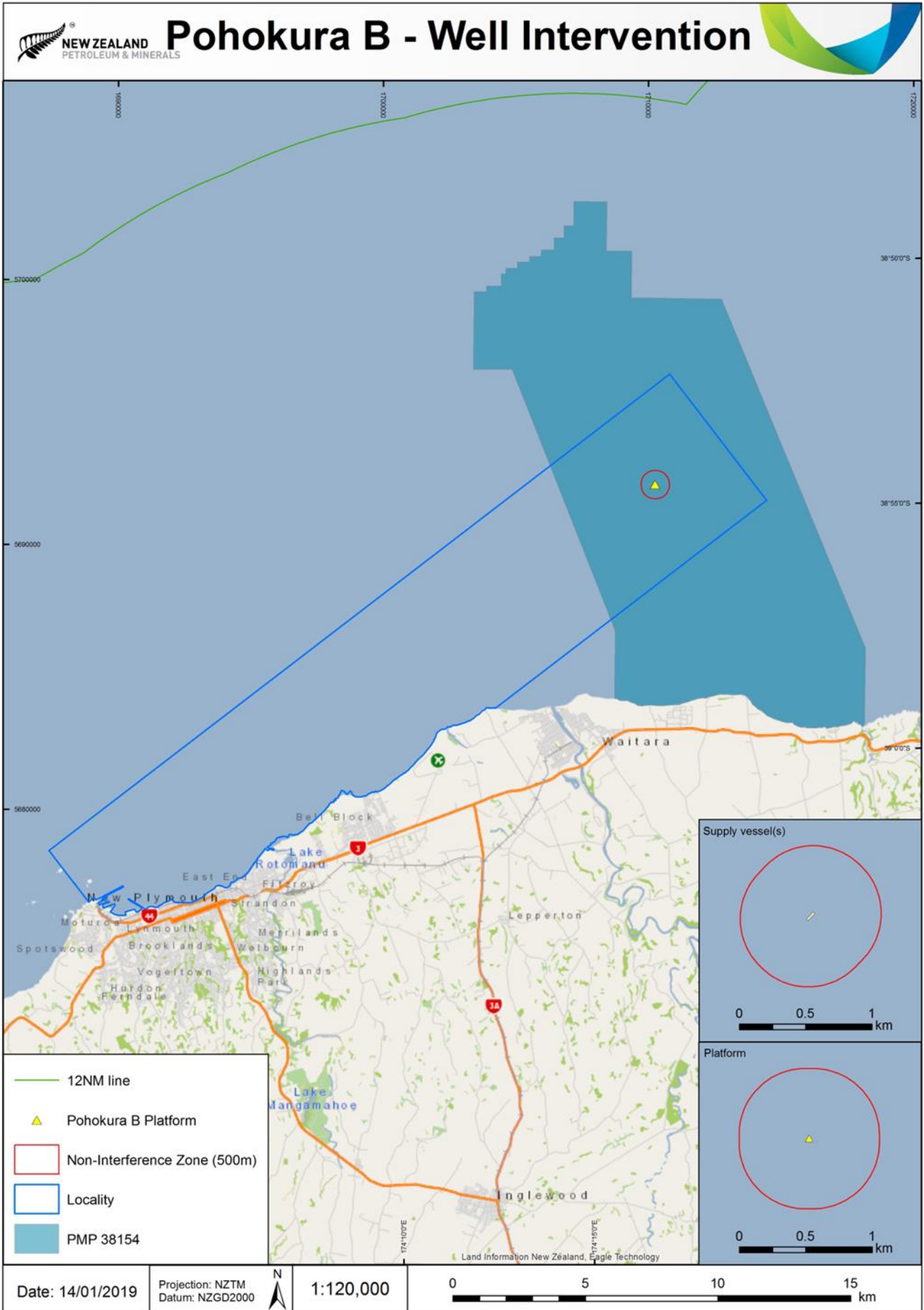
1. 38° 54'.99S., 174° 19'.21E. then south-west to;
2. 38° 59'.31S., 174° 12'.21E. then south-west along the coast to;
3. 39° 03'.36S., 174° 01'.63E. then north-west to;
4. 39° 02'.32S., 174° 00'.58E. then north-east to;
5. 38° 52'.44S., 174° 16'.64E. then south-east to the point of commencement.

3.3 The area of the non-interference zone is 500 metres from any point on the outer edge of (or the outer edge of any equipment attached to) the MV *Pacific Runner*.

3.4 This notice has effect from 1 February to 30 April 2019 (both days inclusive). Refer to Annual New Zealand Notices to Mariners, No.16A, which can be found in the New Zealand Nautical Almanac (NZ204) and on the LINZ website [www.linz.govt.nz](http://www.linz.govt.nz)

Chief Executive of the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment  
HITS -/80





## NOTICES TO MARINERS

## Index of Charts Affected

Chart No.	Notices to Mariners
NZ 46	44
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NZ 463	44
NZ 4633	44
NZ 7142	45(T)

## NZ 44/19 NEW ZEALAND - North Island and South Island. Lights

## 1. Chart NZ 46 [ 113/18 ]

Amend light to Oc.15s87m14M 41°24'.50S., 174°52'.27E.

## 2. Chart NZ 57 [ NE April 17 ]

Amend light to Fl(3)30s52m19M 40°54'.02S., 176°13'.88E.

## 3. Chart NZ 57 (plan, Castlepoint Anchorage) [ NE April 17 ]

Amend light to Fl(3)30s52m19M 40°54'.02S., 176°13'.88E.

## 4. Chart NZ 58 [ NE Mar 17 ]

Amend light to Fl(3)30s52m19M 40°54'.02S., 176°13'.88E.

## 5. Chart NZ 66 [ NE Nov 16 ]

Amend light to Iso.12s56m14M 45°23'.70S., 170°52'.05E.

light to LFl(2)12s75m14M 46°26'.90S., 169°49'.08E.

## 6. Chart NZ 68 [ NE Jun 16 ]

Amend light to LFl(2)12s75m14M 46°26'.90S., 169°49'.08E.

## 7. Chart NZ 463 [ 022/19 ]

Amend light to Oc.15s87m14M 41°24'.50S., 174°52'.27E.

(continued)

**NZ 44/19 NEW ZEALAND - North Island and South Island. Lights continued****8. Chart NZ 4633 [ 155/17 ]**

Amend light to Oc.15s87m14M

41°24'.50S., 174°52'.27E.

NZ Light List: 3994, 4004, 4360, 4380

Maritime New Zealand  
HITS 64/35**NZ 45(T)/19 NEW ZEALAND - South Island - West Coast - Greymouth Harbour. Depths**

1. Former notice - NZ 38(T)/19 is cancelled.
2. A recent survey (19 February 2019) indicates the following least depths below CD on the bar at the Grey River/Māwheranui entrance:

<i>Position</i>	<i>Lead</i>	<i>Depth</i>
42° 26'.300S., 171° 11'.352E.	North Lead	3.1m
42° 26'.298S., 171° 11'.320E.	Main Lead	2.9m
42° 26'.316S., 171° 11'.323E.	South Lead	3.2m

3. \*Mariners should be aware that depths in Greymouth Harbour entrance are constantly changing and should contact the Port of Greymouth for the latest conditions on (03) 768 5666 or Greymouth Harbour Radio Ch14.

**Chart temporarily affected: NZ 7142**Port of Greymouth  
HITS 7142/84

## CORRECTIONS TO NEW ZEALAND PUBLICATIONS

New Zealand Chart Catalogue 15<sup>th</sup> Edition, NZ 202Page 23 **COOK STRAIT ZONE**

Amend	NZ 6153	Queen Charlotte Sound / Tōtaranui	36 000	1/1987	4/2019
	NZ 6212	Plans on the North East Coast of South Island Te Whanganui / Port Underwood Kaikoura Peninsula Ingles Bay South Bay	35 000 30 000 10 000 10 000	5/1999	4/2019

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Amend	T 822 NZ 822	Vava'u Group	50 000	5/2010	4/2019
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## New Zealand Nautical Almanac 2018/19, NZ 204 Light List Information

<b>3994</b>	<b>Castlepoint (M)</b>	40 54.02 176 13.88	FI(3)W 30s	52	<b>19</b>	White metal tower 23	<i>fl 0.2, ec 2, fl 0.3, ec 2, fl 0.2, ec 25.3. Vis 209°-029° (180°)</i>
	- Reserve light				10 *		
<b>4004</b>	<b>Baring Head / Ōrua-pouani (M)</b>	41 24.50 174 52.27	Oc W 15s	87	<b>14</b>	White concrete tower 12	<i>ec 6. Vis 301°-169° (228°)</i>
					*		
<b>4249.5</b>	<b>- Farnham Point</b>	41 10.35 174 12.03	LFI.WRG10s	6	<b>10</b>	White metal tower	<i>fl 2, ec 8. G 218.4°-220.5° (2.1°), W 220.5°-223.7° (3.2°), R 223.7°-225.8° (2.1°) *</i>
<b>4252</b>	<b>- Dieffenbach Point</b>	41 13.90 174 08.78	FI W 3s	15	<b>6</b>	White tower 3	<i>fl 0.3</i>
				*			
<b>4254.5</b>	<b>-- Waikawa Bay Marina. S Breakwater</b>	41 15.89 174 02.36	Oc WRG 3s	5	<b>8</b>	White metal post 4	<i>ec 0.5. G 213.2°-218° (4.8°), W 218°-228.2° (10.2°), R 228.2°-233.2° (5°) *</i>
				*			
<b>4254.6</b>	<b>-- N breakwater</b>	41 15.85 174 02.38	FI G 3s	3	<b>2</b>	White metal post 3	<i>fl 0.5</i>
				*			
<b>4261</b>	<b>- Houhou Light</b>	41 15.23 173 58.44	FI G 5s	2	<b>2</b>	Green △ on pillar	
				*			*
<b>4267.4</b>	<b>- Arrowsmith Point</b>	41 14.61 174 12.05	FI(4)W 15s	4	<b>5</b>	White post	<i>(fl 0.5, ec 1) x 3, fl 0.5, ec 10. Vis 081.1°-270.4° (189.3°) *</i>
				*			
<b>4268.2</b>	<b>-- W</b>	41 14.51 174 09.66	Q W	8	<b>5</b>	White post 2	
				*			
<b>4276</b>	<b>- N Wharf. Ldg Lts 221° 35'. Front</b>	42 24.77 173 42.16	F G	6		Orange steel post 4	
				*			*
<b>4276.1</b>	<b>- - - Rear. 91 m from front</b>	42 24.81 173 42.12	F G	8		Orange steel post 7	
				*			*
<b>4277</b>	<b>- Kaikoura S Breakwater Head</b>	42 25.56 173 40.85	Iso G 2s	6	<b>6</b>	Steel post, black and white bands 3	
				*			

(continued)

**V**

**New Zealand Nautical Almanac 2018/19, NZ 204 Light List Information continued**

<b>4360</b>	- Katiki Point (M)	45 23.68 170 52.09	Iso W 12s	56	14	White wooden tower 8	Vis 181°-018° (197°)
<b>4380</b>	Nugget Point. E end (M)	46 26.91 169 49.11	LFI(2)W 12s	75	14	White stone tower 9	<i>fl 2, ec 2, fl 2, ec 6</i>
					*		
					*		

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(HITS 822/18)

**VI**

**CORRECTIONS TO ADMIRALTY PUBLICATIONS**

The New Zealand Hydrographic Authority no longer publishes corrections to Admiralty Publications as part of the fortnightly New Zealand Notice to Mariners Edition. For information regarding these publications please refer to:  
<https://www.admiralty.co.uk/publications>.

**VII**

**NAVIGATIONAL WARNINGS**

The New Zealand Hydrographic Authority no longer publishes navigational warnings for NAVAREA XIV and NZ Coastal Area Z as part of the fortnightly New Zealand Notice to Mariners Edition.

New Zealand navigational warnings are available at: <https://www.maritimenz.govt.nz/commercial/safety/maritime-radio/navigational-warnings.asp>.

Australian navigational warnings are available at: <https://www.amsa.gov.au/safety-navigation/navigation-systems/maritime-safety-information-database>.

As these lists may not be up to date it is not an authoritative source of navigational warnings so Masters/Captains are still required to receive navigational warnings from the appropriate International Maritime Organization (IMO) or World Meteorological Organization (WMO) approved Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) broadcast service i.e. the International SafetyNET system.

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## HYDROGRAPHIC NOTE

(For instructions, see next page)

New Zealand Hydrographic Authority  
Land Information New Zealand  
Radio New Zealand House  
155 The Terrace  
PO Box 5501  
Wellington 6145  
New Zealand

Tel: 0800 665 463 or +64 (0)4 460 0110  
Email: [ntm@linz.govt.nz](mailto:ntm@linz.govt.nz)

Date ..... Ref. No. ....

Name and address of ship or sender  
.....  
.....

Tel/Fax/Telex/Email of sender .....

General locality .....

Subject .....

Position. Lat. .... Long. ....

Position fixing system used .....

Datum .....

Paper Chart/ENC affected ..... Edition .....

Dated .....

Latest Notice to Mariners held .....

Publications affected (Edition No. and date of latest supplement, page no., ID no. etc).....

Details:

A replacement copy of Chart No. ....  
is required (see Instruction 4).

Signature of observer/reporter .....

# HYDROGRAPHIC NOTE

## Forwarding Information for Charts and Hydrographic Publications

**Note:** An acknowledgement of receipt will be sent and the information then used to the best advantage, which may mean immediate action or inclusion in a revision in due course. When a Notices to Mariners is issued, the sender's ship or name is quoted as authority unless (as sometimes happens) the information is also received in a foreign Notices to Mariners. An explanation of the use of contributions from all parts of the world would be too greater task and a further communication should only be expected when the information is of outstanding value or has unusual features.

### INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Mariners are requested to notify New Zealand Hydrographic Authority, Land Information New Zealand, 155 The Terrace, PO Box 5501, Wellington 6145, New Zealand, when new or suspected dangers to navigation are discovered, changes observed in aids to navigation, or corrections to publications seem to be necessary. The *Admiralty* publication, *The Mariner's Handbook* (NP100), Chapter 4, gives general instructions.
2. This form and its instructions have been designed to help both the sender and the recipient. It should be used, or followed, closely, whenever appropriate. Copies of this form may be obtained gratis from the New Zealand Hydrographic Authority at the address above, or in PDF format directly from the LINZ website, [www.linz.govt.nz/sea](http://www.linz.govt.nz/sea).
3. When a position is defined by sextant angles or bearings (true or magnetic being specified) more than two should be used in order to provide a check. Distances observed by radar should be quoted. However, when there is a series of fixes along a ship's course, only the method of fixing and the objects used need to be indicated. Latitude and longitude should only be used specifically to position the details when they have been fixed by astronomical observations or GPS and a full description of the method, equipment and datum used should be given.
4. Paper Charts: A cutting from the largest scale paper chart is the best medium for forwarding details, the alterations and additions being shown thereon in red. When requested, a new copy will be sent in replacement of a chart that has been used to forward information, or when extensive observations have involved defacement of the observer's chart. If it is preferred to show the amendments on a tracing of the largest scale chart (rather than the chart itself) these should be in red as above, but adequate detail from the chart must be traced in black ink to enable the amendments to be fitted correctly.  
Electronic Navigational Charts (ENCs): A screen dump of the largest scale usage band ENC with the alterations and additions being shown thereon in red.
5. When soundings are obtained, *The Mariners Handbook* (NP100) should be consulted. The echo sounding trace should be marked with times, depths, etc., and forwarded with the report. It is important to state whether the echo sounder is set to register depths below the surface, or below the keel; in the latter case the vessel's draught should be given. Time and date should be given in order that corrections for the height of the tide may be made where necessary. The make, name, and type of echo sounder set should also be given.
6. Modern echo sounders frequently record greater depths than the set's nominal range, e.g. with a set whose maximum is 500m a trace appearing at 50m may in fact be 550m or even 1,050m. Erroneous deep soundings beyond the sets nominal range can usually be recognised by the following:
  - (a) The trace being weaker than normal for the depth registered
  - (b) The trace appearing to pass through the transmission line
  - (c) The "feathery" nature of the trace.
7. Reports which cannot be confirmed or are lacking in certain details should not be withheld. Shortcomings should be stressed and any firm expectation of being able to check the information on a succeeding voyage should be mentioned.
8. Reports of shoal soundings, uncharted dangers and navigational aids out of order should, at the mariner's discretion, also be made by radio to the nearest coast radio station. The draught of modern tankers is such that any uncharted depth under 30 metres or 15 fathoms may be of sufficient importance to justify a radio message.